



## Consumer Scotland

Planning report to the Audit and Risk Committee for FY2024/25 audit –  
Issued by circulation on 31st March 2025

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# Introduction

## The key messages in this report

Audit quality is our number one priority. We plan our audit to focus on audit quality and have set the following audit quality objectives for this audit:

- A robust challenge of the key judgements taken in the preparation of the financial statements.
- A strong understanding of your internal control environment.
- A well planned and delivered audit that raises findings early with those charged with governance.

### Introduction

I have pleasure in presenting our planning report to the Audit and Risk Committee ("the Committee") of Consumer Scotland ("CS") for the 2024/25 audit. I would like to draw your attention to the key messages of this paper.

### Audit approach

#### Materiality

The concept of materiality is fundamental to the audit. It is applied throughout the audit to evaluate the effect of identified misstatements on the audit and of uncorrected misstatements, if any, on the financial statements.

We have determined preliminary materiality of £109,000 (2023/24: £64,000) for the 2024/25 audit. This represents 2% (2023/24: 2%) of budgeted expenditure of £5.5m. Based on the role of CS we selected this budgeted expenditure as the most appropriate benchmark.

Performance materiality has been set at £81,000 (2023/24: £48,000), representing 75% (2023/24: 75%). We will report misstatements found in excess of £5,400, or those below that threshold if we consider them qualitatively material.

#### Audit risks

We plan our audit of the financial statements to respond to the risks of material misstatement to transactions and balances and irregular transactions. Based on our initial risk assessment we have identified following significant risks (page 7):

- Operating within expenditure resource limits; and
- Management override of controls.

We will update the audit committee on any changes.

### Areas of audit focus

We have identified the 'Change in finance system to Oracle on October 1<sup>st</sup>, 2024' as an area of audit focus for current year audit as discussed further on page 10.

### Audit timetable

Our timetable is summarised on page 17, we understand the financial statements are to be approved on 23 September 2025.

### Controls

We do not plan to rely on any controls as part of our audit.

### Wider Scope and Best Value requirements

Our audit engagement includes procedures performed in line with the Code of Audit Practice. This phase of our engagement (referred to as "wider-scope") is performed to take account of the fact that CS is a recipient of public funds and as such there is a wider public interest in its activities. Our wider scope significant risks are presented on pages 12 and 13.

As part of this work, we will consider the arrangements in place to secure Best Value (BV) - ensuring that there is good governance and effective management of resources, with a focus on improvement, to deliver the best possible outcomes for the public.

### Team

Following the retirement of Pat Kenny, Simba Jana will be the audit engagement lead.

Noel Simbarashe Jana  
Director

# Our audit explained

## What we consider when we plan the audit

### Responsibilities of management

We expect management and those charged with governance to recognise the importance of a strong control environment and take proactive steps to deal with deficiencies identified on a timely basis.

Auditing standards require us to only accept or continue with an audit engagement when the preconditions for an audit are present. These preconditions include obtaining the agreement of management and those charged with governance that they acknowledge and understand their responsibilities for, amongst other things, internal control as is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Responsibilities of auditors

Our responsibilities are set out on page [22](#) and [23](#).

### Responsibilities of the Audit and Risk committee

As explained further in the Responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Committee slide on page [16](#), the Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for:

- Reviewing internal financial controls and internal control and risk management systems (unless expressly addressed by a separate risk committee or by the Board itself).
- Monitoring and reviewing the effectiveness of the internal audit function.
- Reporting in the annual report on the annual review of the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems.
- Explaining what actions have been or are being taken to remedy any significant failings or weaknesses.

# Scope of work and approach

We have the following key areas of responsibility under the Code of Audit Practice

## Opinion on Financial statements

We will conduct our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISA (UK)") and the Code of Audit Practice issued by Audit Scotland. CS will prepare its accounts in accordance with the Applicable law and UK adopted international accounting standards, as interpreted and adapted by the 2024/25 Government Financial Reporting Manual (FReM) and directions made thereunder by the Scottish Ministers.

## Reporting on other requirements

Our responsibilities also include:

- an opinion on the regularity of expenditure and income;
- an opinion on the audited parts of the Remuneration and Staff Report;
- under the Code of Audit Practice to read the information included in the Performance Report and the Governance Statement, and opine whether they are consistent with the financial statements; and
- In accordance with ISAs (UK) to read the other information accompanying the financial statements and report by exception any material misstatements we identify.

Our reporting will be addressed to Consumer Scotland, the Auditor General for Scotland, and the Scottish Parliament.

## Wider-scope requirements, including considering and reporting on Best Value arrangements

Reflecting the fact that public money is involved, public audit is planned and undertaken from a wider perspective than in the private sector. The wider-scope audit specified by the Code of Audit Practice broadens the audit of the accounts to include consideration of additional aspects or risks in respect of:

- financial management;
- financial sustainability;
- vision, leadership and governance; and
- use of resources to improve outcomes.

As part of this wider-scope audit work, we also are required to consider whether there are appropriate organisation arrangements in place to secure Best Value in public services. Our approach to our wider-scope audit work is detailed on page [11](#).

## Other reporting requirements

**Anti-money laundering** - We are required to ensure that arrangements are in place to be informed of any suspected instances of money laundering at audited bodies. Any such instances will be advised to Audit Scotland.

**Fraud returns** - We are required to prepare and submit fraud returns to Audit Scotland for all frauds at audited bodies:

- Involving the misappropriation or theft of assets or cash which are facilitated by weaknesses in internal control.
- Over £5,000.

# Scope of work and approach (continued)

## Our approach

### Liaison with internal audit and local counter fraud

The Auditing Standards Board's version of ISA (UK) 610 "Using the work of internal auditors" prohibits use of internal audit to provide "direct assistance" to the audit. Our approach to the use of the work of Internal Audit has been designed to be compatible with these requirements.

We will review their reports and where they have identified specific material deficiencies in the control environment, consider adjusting our testing so that the audit risk is covered by our work including wider scope assessment.

### Impact of your control environment on our audit

We expect management and those charged with governance to recognise the importance of a strong control environment and take proactive steps to deal with deficiencies identified on a timely basis.

**Reliance on controls:** Our risk assessment procedures will include obtaining an understanding of controls considered to be 'relevant to the audit'. This involves evaluating the design of the controls and determining whether they have been implemented ("D&I"), page [19](#) summarises the controls we plan to examine. We do not take a controls reliance approach to our audit.

**Performance materiality:** We set performance materiality as a percentage of materiality to reduce the probability that, in aggregate, uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceed materiality. We determine performance materiality with reference to factors such as the quality of the control environment and the historical error rate.

Given the positive findings from our previous audit, we have maintained the same performance materiality benchmark for the current year.

### IT environment

A quality IT environment underpins a good control environment, particularly as IT controls are configurable and often preventative in nature. In the prior year our IT specialists concluded that CS's IT environment applicable to financial processes is simple in nature and none of our significant audit risk areas are impacted by IT systems.

However, from October 2024 a new finance system (Oracle Fusion) has been implemented giving rise to unique challenges, which have the potential to impact the control environment and financial reporting processes. We are currently performing procedures to understand the impact and determine our audit procedures. For more details, please refer to [page 10](#).

### Promoting high quality reporting to stakeholders

We view the audit role as going beyond reactively checking compliance with requirements: we seek to provide advice on evolving good practice to promote high quality reporting.

We use and continually update International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") disclosure checklists in conjunction with the requirements of the FReM to support CS in preparing high quality drafts of the Annual Report and Accounts, which we would recommend CS complete during drafting.

# Significant risks

## Significant risk dashboard

| Risk                                         | Fraud risk                                                                        | Planned approach to controls | Level of management judgement                                                       | Management paper expected                                                           | Page no.          |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Management override of controls              |  | DI                           |  |  | <a href="#">8</a> |
| Operating within expenditure resource limits |  | DI                           |  |  | <a href="#">9</a> |

### Level of management judgement



Significant management judgement



A degree of management judgement



Limited management judgement

### Controls approach adopted



Assess design & implementation

# Significant risks (continued)

## Management override of controls

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### Risk identified

In accordance with ISA (UK) 240 management override is a significant risk. This risk area includes the potential for management to use their judgement to influence the Annual Report and Accounts as well as the potential to override CS's controls for specific transactions.

The key judgment in the Annual Report and Accounts is that which we have selected to be the significant audit risk – operating within expenditure resource limits. This is inherently the area in which management has the potential to use their judgment to influence the Annual Report and Accounts.

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### Our response

In considering the risk of management override, we plan to perform the following audit procedures that directly address this risk:

- We will gain an understanding of the overall control environment;
  - We will test the design and implementation of controls relating to journals and accounting estimates as mentioned on page [19](#) of this report;
  - We will make inquiries of individuals involved in the financial reporting process about inappropriate or unusual activity relating to the processing of journal entries and other adjustments;
  - We will test the appropriateness of journals and adjustments made in the preparation of the Annual Report and Accounts. We will use Spotlight data analytics tools to select journals for testing, based upon identification of items of potential audit interest;
  - We will review accounting estimates for biases that could result in material misstatements due to fraud and perform testing on key accounting estimates as discussed above;
  - We will obtain an understanding of the business rationale of significant transactions that we become aware of that are outside of the normal course of business for the entity, or that otherwise appear to be unusual, given our understanding of the entity and its environment.
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# Significant risks (continued)

## Operating within the expenditure resource limits

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|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Risk identified</b> | <p>In accordance with Practice Note 10 (Audit of Annual Accounts of public sector bodies in the United Kingdom), in addition to the presumed risk of fraud in revenue recognition set out in ISA (UK) 240, auditors of public sector bodies should also consider the risk of fraud and error on expenditure. This is on the basis that most public bodies are net spending bodies, therefore the risk of material misstatement due to fraud related expenditure may be greater than the risk of material misstatement due to fraud related to revenue recognition.</p> <p>We consider this fraud risk to be focused on how management operate within the expenditure resource limits set by the Scottish Government. The risk is that CS could materially misstate expenditure in relation to year-end transactions, in an attempt to align with its tolerance target or achieve a breakeven position.</p> <p>The significant risk is therefore pinpointed to the cut off and completeness of accruals and the existence of prepayments made by management at the year end and invoices processed around the year end as this is the area where there is scope to manipulate the final results. Given the financial pressures across the whole of the public sector, there is an inherent fraud risk associated with the recording of accruals and prepayments around year end.</p> |
| <b>Our response</b>    | <p>We will evaluate the results of our audit testing in the context of the achievement of the limits set by the Scottish Government. Our work in this area will include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Evaluating the design and implementation of controls around monthly monitoring of financial performance and the estimated accruals and prepayments made at the year-end;</li><li>• Obtain independent confirmation of the resource limits allocated to CS by the Scottish Government;</li><li>• Perform focused testing of accrual samples to supporting documentation to check whether they are valid liabilities, that the amount accrued is appropriately supported, and that the liability had been incurred as at 31 March 2025;</li><li>• Perform focused testing of prepayment sample to supporting documentation to check that the amount prepaid is appropriately supported, and that the amount prepaid relates to the 2025/26 financial year; and</li><li>• Performing focused cut-off testing of a sample of invoices received and paid around the year-end.</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

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## Other areas of audit focus

The matter set out below, while not identified as a significant risks, is identified as an area of audit focus

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|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Risk identified</b> | In October 2024, CS changed its Finance and Procurement systems from SEAS to Finance and Procurement Oracle Cloud as a result of a Scottish Government wide transformation programme. This has created an increased risk over completeness of data as data was migrated from SEAS to Oracle for the 2024/25 audit. Furthermore, because the transition occurred mid-year, CS operated on two separate systems during this financial year. |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Summary</b> | Audit procedures will need to be performed to ensure that the data was transferred successfully and that there is no increased risk of material misstatement as a result of the system change. |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

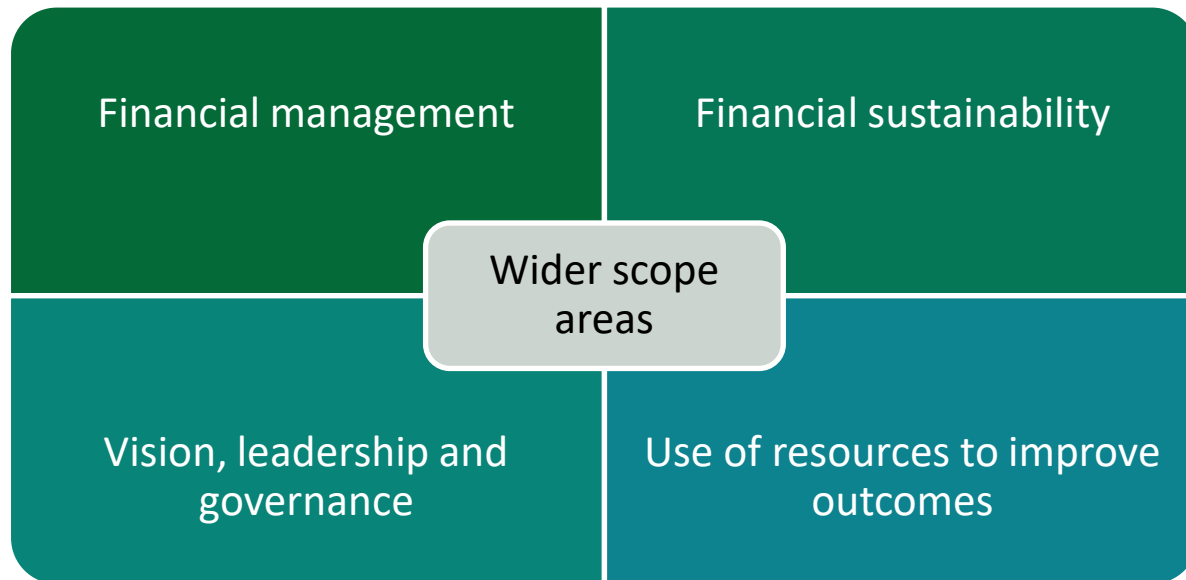
The procedures the audit team will undertake are as follows:

- As a result of this change in system, the audit team are required to perform walkthroughs of key controls and business processes over Oracle, to ensure in the period both were designed appropriately and implemented correctly;
  - We will engage our IT team and perform additional procedures over processes and controls, which will require input from the Scottish Government's IT department; and
  - We will perform additional procedures on the reconciliation of the data transferred, to ensure the transfer of data from SEAS to Oracle is accurate and complete.
-

# Wider scope requirements

## Overview

The wider-scope audit specified by the Code of Audit Practice broadens the audit of the accounts to include consideration of additional aspects or risks in the following areas.



The Scottish Public Finance Manual (SPFM) explains that Accountable Officers have a specific responsibility to ensure that arrangements have been made to secure Best Value. Ministerial guidance to Accountable Officers for public bodies sets out their duty to ensure that arrangements are in place to secure Best Value in public services. As part of our wider scope audit work, we will consider whether there are organisational arrangements in place in this regard.

As part of our risk assessment, we have considered the arrangements in place for the wider-scope areas and have summarised the significant risks and our planned response on the following pages.

# Wider scope requirements (continued)

## Risk Assessment

| Area                     | Risks identified                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Planned audit response                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Financial Management     | <p>In respect of financial management, we focus on assessing the financial control capacity, design of budgetary processes and whether the overall control environment is fit for purpose</p> <p>We have not identified any significant risks in relation to financial management during our planning work to date.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | We will continue to review and assess the adequacy and appropriateness of the financial management arrangements in place and the financial capacity within CS. |
| Financial Sustainability | <p>Financial sustainability is forward looking to the medium to long term with regards to CS planning of financial expenditure. This is relevant as it is the foundation for CS to continue delivering its services.</p> <p>In line with previous years and across the Central Government sector, there is significant pressures facing organisations due to limited flexibility in expenditure and a challenging operating environment resulting in cost increases. Budget gaps have historically been met via use of reserves or additional grant in aid.</p> <p>There is therefore a significant risk relating to financial sustainability in the medium to long term.</p> | We will continue to review and assess the development of the medium to longer-term plan covering a period of 10 years.                                         |

# Wider scope requirements (continued)

## Risk Assessment

| Area                                 | Risks identified                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Planned audit response                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Vision, leadership and governance    | <p>In this area we consider mainly the effectiveness of scrutiny and governance arrangements, leadership and decision making, and transparency of financial and performance reporting</p> <p>Through our planning procedures, we have not identified any significant risks relating to vision, leadership and governance.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | <p>We will continue to review the work of the organisation and assess whether governance arrangements are operating effectively, including whether there is effective scrutiny, challenge and informed decision making.</p> <p>We will also follow-up on our prior year recommendation that Board should re-consider publishing Board papers online alongside minutes to enhance openness and transparency.</p> |
| Use of resources to improve outcomes | <p>This area is focused on the need for audited bodies to make best use of their resources to meet stated outcomes and improvement objectives.</p> <p>CS's Performance Framework was published in the prior year. This Performance management framework has been developed with the aim to provide a robust framework for Consumer Scotland to evidence its outcomes whilst acknowledging that many of their policy outcomes may take several years to be fully realised.</p> <p>Therefore, there remains a risk that CS does not have sufficiently established performance management arrangements in place to demonstrate that resources are being directed to improving outcomes.</p> | <p>We will continue to review the development and implementation of CS's performance management framework and assess whether it is adequate to demonstrate use of resources to improve outcomes.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

# Purpose of our report and responsibility statement

Our report is designed to help you meet your governance duties

## What we report

Our report is designed to establish our respective responsibilities in relation to the Annual Report and Accounts audit, to agree our audit plan and to take the opportunity to ask you questions at the planning stage of our audit. Our report includes:

- Our audit plan, including key audit judgements and the planned scope; and
- Key regulatory and corporate governance updates, relevant to you.

## Use of this report

This report has been prepared for CS, as a body, and we therefore accept responsibility to you alone for its contents. We accept no duty, responsibility or liability to any other parties, since this report has not been prepared, and is not intended, for any other purpose. Except where required by law or regulation, it should not be made available to any other parties without our prior written consent.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss our report with you and receive your feedback.

## What we don't report

As you will be aware, our audit is not designed to identify all matters that may be relevant to CS.

Also, there will be further information you need to discharge your governance responsibilities, such as matters reported on by management or by other specialist advisers.

Finally, the views on internal controls and business risk assessment in our final report should not be taken as comprehensive or as an opinion on effectiveness since they will be based solely on the audit procedures performed in the audit of the financial statements and the other procedures performed in fulfilling our audit plan.

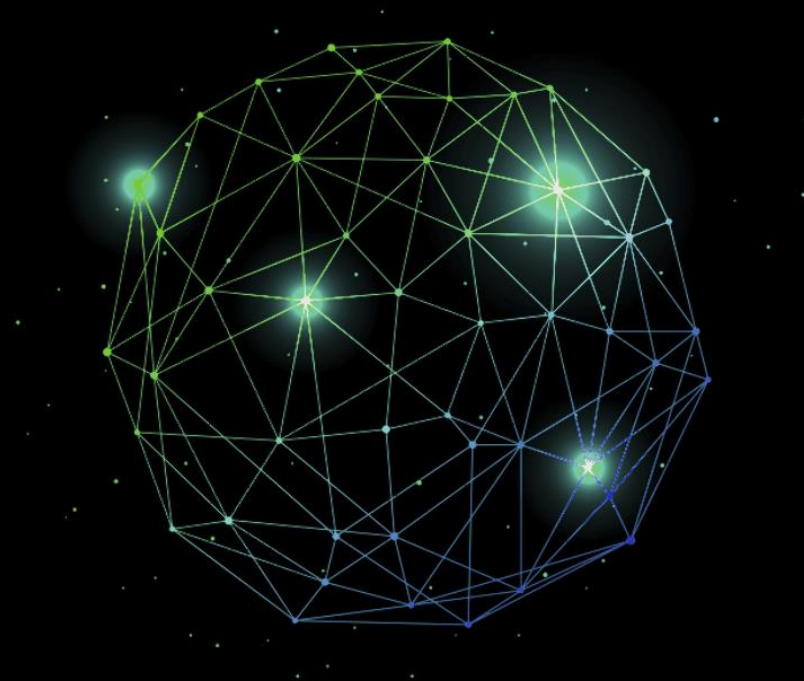
## Other relevant communications

We will update you if there are any significant changes to the audit plan.

**Deloitte LLP**

Aberdeen | 31 March 2025

# Appendices



# Responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Committee

## Helping you fulfil your responsibilities

Why do we interact with the Audit and Risk Committee?

To communicate audit scope

To provide timely and relevant observations

To provide additional information to help you fulfil your broader responsibilities

As a result of regulatory change in recent years, the role of the Audit and Risk Committee has significantly expanded. We set out here a summary of the core areas of Audit and Risk Committee responsibility to provide a reference in respect of these broader responsibilities and highlight throughout the document where there is key information which helps the Audit and Risk Committee in fulfilling its remit.

- At the start of each annual audit cycle, ensure that the scope of the external audit is appropriate.

- Monitor engagement of the external auditor to supply non-audit services.

Oversight of external audit

Integrity of reporting

Internal controls and risks

- Review the internal control and risk management systems (unless expressly addressed by separate risk committee).

- Explain what actions have been or are being taken to remedy any significant failings or weaknesses.

Oversight of internal audit

Whistle-blowing and fraud

- Ensure that appropriate arrangements are in place for the proportionate and independent investigation of any concerns raised by staff in connection with improprieties.

- Impact assessment of key judgements and level of management challenge.

- Review of external audit findings, key judgements, level of misstatements.

- Assess the quality of the internal team, their incentives and the need for supplementary skillsets.

- Assess the completeness of disclosures, including consistency with disclosures on business model and strategy.

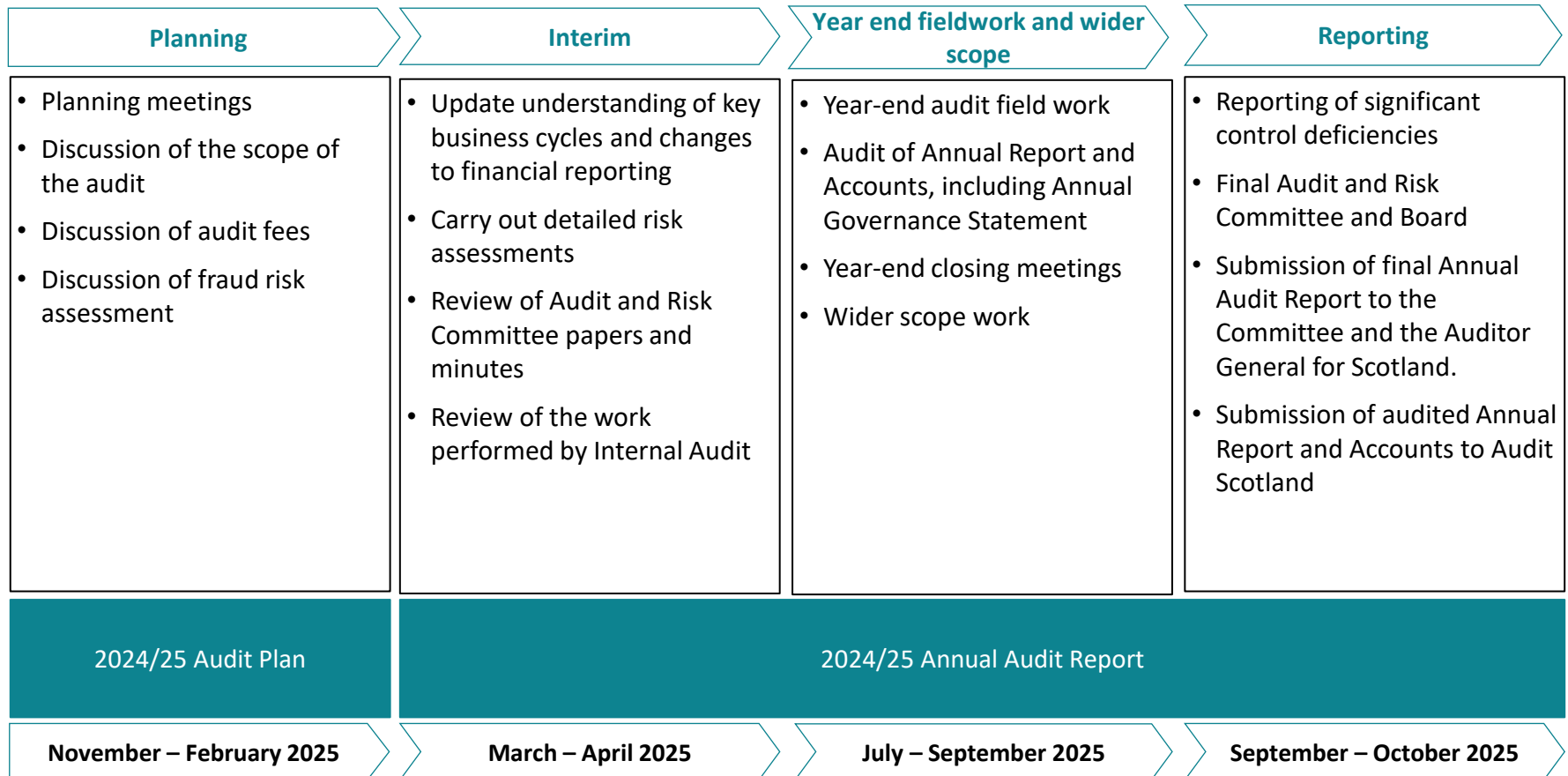
- Consider annually whether the scope of the internal audit programme is adequate.

- Monitor and review the effectiveness of the internal audit activities.

# Continuous communication and reporting

## Planned timing of the audit

As the audit plan is executed throughout the year, the results will be analysed continuously, and conclusions (preliminary and otherwise) will be drawn. The following sets out the expected timing of our reporting to and communication with you.



Ongoing communication and feedback

# Continuous communication and reporting (continued)

## Our key areas of responsibility under the Code of Audit Practice

| Auditors activity                   | Planned output               | Proposed reporting timeline to the Committee | Audit Scotland/ statutory deadline |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Audit of Annual Report and Accounts | Annual Audit Plan            | 31 March 2025                                | 31 March 2025                      |
|                                     | Independent Auditor's Report | 23 September 2025*                           | 31 October 2025                    |
|                                     | Annual Audit Report          | 23 September 2025*                           | 31 October 2025                    |
| Wider-scope areas                   | Annual Audit Plan            | 31 March 2025                                | 31 March 2025                      |
|                                     | Annual Audit Report          | 23 September 2025*                           | 31 October 2025                    |

*\*This is contingent upon the timely receipt of all necessary information/data including pension information.*

# Your control environment

## Design and Implementation of controls testing

The following have been identified as the key controls within CS which will be subject to D&I testing. We will assess the effectiveness of the design of controls and evaluate whether controls have been implemented as expected. Our testing will combine enquiry of key staff and walkthroughs to demonstrate the controls taking place.

| Control                                                       | Risk Addressed                                                                   | Expected Timing of Testing |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Approval of journal entries                                | Management override of controls                                                  | Interim                    |
| 2. Monthly monitoring of financial performance                | Management override of controls;<br>Operating within expenditure resource limits | Interim                    |
| 3. Reconciliation of Scottish Government Grant in Aid funding | Operating within expenditure resource limits                                     | Interim                    |
| 4. Balance sheet reconciliations                              | Operating within expenditure resource limits<br>Management override of controls  | Year-end                   |
| 5. Year-end accruals and prepayments                          | Operating within expenditure resource limits                                     | Year-end                   |

# Our approach to quality

## Our commitment to audit quality

Audit quality is at the heart of everything we do and our system of quality management (SQM) supports our execution of quality audits.

ISQM (UK) 1 sets out a firm's responsibilities to design, implement and operate a system of quality management for audits, reviews of financial statements, and other assurance or related services engagements.

The effective ongoing operation of ISQM (UK) 1 has been and remains a key element of Deloitte's global audit and assurance quality strategy and of the UK firm.

Deloitte UK performed its second annual evaluation of its system of quality management as of 31 May 2024. This evaluation was conducted in accordance with ISQM (UK) 1 and we concluded our SQM provides the firm with reasonable assurance that the objectives of the SQM are being achieved as of 31 May 2024.

For further details surrounding the conclusion on the operational effectiveness of the firm's SQM, including results of the monitoring activities performed, please refer to the disclosure within Appendix 5 of our publicly available [Transparency Report](#).



# Our approach to quality (continued)

## FRC 2023/24 Audit Quality Inspection and Supervision report

Audit quality shapes our vision of the business we want to be, driving our priorities and defining our successes.

In July 2024, the Financial Reporting Council ("FRC") issued individual reports on each of the six largest firms, including Deloitte on Audit Quality Inspection and Supervision, providing a summary of the findings of its Audit Quality Review ("AQR") team for the 2023/24 cycle of reviews. We value the observations raised by both the FRC Supervision teams and the ICAEW Quality Assurance Department ("QAD"), both in identifying areas for improvement and also the ongoing focus on sharing good practice to drive further and continuous improvement.

We are proud that the results of our FRC inspections show that 94% (2022/23: 82%) of our public interest audits were rated as 'good' or 'limited improvements' and that 100% (2023: 100%) of our audits reviewed by the ICAEW's QAD were assessed as good or generally acceptable.

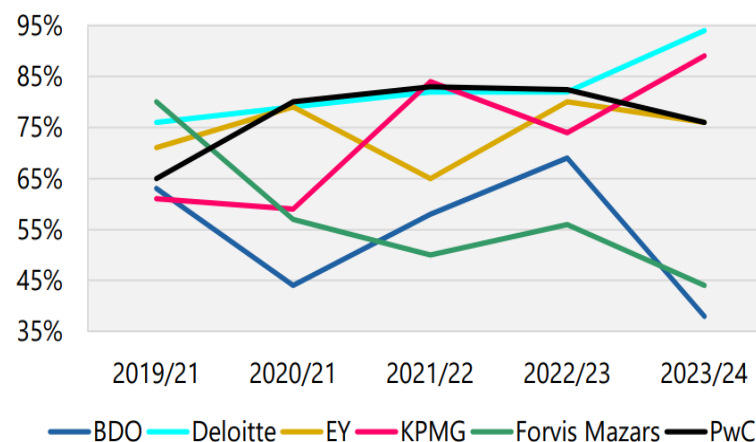
These sets of results reflect the continuous investment we are making and our commitment to acting in the public interest to deliver confidence and trust in business through our high quality audits. We recognise we still have more we want to do to ensure that we consistently meet the high standards we expect of ourselves. We take inspection, system of quality management ("SoQM") and supervision focus areas seriously and place a significant level of resource and effort into understanding how we continually improve going forward.

We are pleased to see the positive impact of actions taken over the last 12 months to address findings raised by the FRC. We have a reduction in the number of key findings and none of the AQR findings from the 22/23 inspection cycle have recurred as key findings in this year's cycle.

We welcome the breadth and depth of good practice points raised by the FRC and ICAEW, particularly in respect of effective group oversight, contract accounting and the challenge of management, where we have continued to take action to support the high-quality execution of audit work.

All the AQR public reports are available on the [FRC's website](#).

**Percentage of audits assessed as good or limited improvements by Tier 1 firm**



# Our other responsibilities explained

## Fraud responsibilities



### **Your Responsibilities:**

The primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with management and those charged with governance, including establishing and maintaining internal controls over the reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.



### **Our responsibilities:**

- We are required to obtain representations from your management regarding internal controls, assessment of risk and any known or suspected fraud or misstatement.
- As auditors, we obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error.
- As set out in the significant risks section of this document, we have identified risks of material misstatement due to fraud in operating within expenditure resource limits and management override of controls.
- We will explain in our audit report how we considered the audit capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud. In doing so, we will describe the procedures we performed in understanding the legal and regulatory framework and assessing compliance with relevant laws and regulations.
- We will communicate to you any other matters related to fraud that are, in our judgment, relevant to your responsibilities. In doing so, we shall consider the matters, if any, regarding management's process for identifying and responding to the risks of fraud and our assessment of the risks of material misstatement due to fraud.



### **Fraud Characteristics:**

- Misstatements in the financial statements can arise from either fraud or error. The distinguishing factor between fraud and error is whether the underlying action that results in the misstatement of the financial statements is intentional or unintentional.
- Two types of intentional misstatements are relevant to us as auditors – misstatements resulting from fraudulent financial reporting and misstatements resulting from misappropriation of assets.

# Our other responsibilities explained (continued)

## Fraud responsibilities

We will make the following inquiries regarding fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations:



### **Management and other personnel:**

- Management's assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated due to fraud, including the nature, extent and frequency of such assessments.
- Management's process for identifying and responding to risks of fraud.
- Management's communication, if any, to those charged with governance regarding its processes for identifying and responding to the risks of fraud.
- Management's communication, if any, to employees regarding its views on business practices and ethical behaviour.
- Whether management has knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity.
- We plan to involve management from outside the finance function in our inquiries, in particular the Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee.
- We will also make inquiries of personnel who are expected to deal with allegations of fraud raised by employees or other parties.



### **Internal audit**

- Whether internal audit has knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity, and to obtain its views about the risks of fraud.



### **Those charged with governance**

- How those charged with governance exercise oversight of management's processes for identifying and responding to the risks of fraud in the entity and the internal control that management has established to mitigate these risks.
- Whether those charged with governance have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity.
- The views of those charged with governance on the most significant fraud risk factors affecting the entity, including those specific to the sector.

# Independence and fees

As part of our obligations under International Standards on Auditing (UK), we are required to report to you on the matters listed below:

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## Independence confirmation

We confirm the audit engagement team, and others in the firm as appropriate, Deloitte LLP and, where applicable, all Deloitte network firms are independent of CS and will reconfirm our independence and objectivity to the Audit and Risk Committee for the year ending 31 March 2025 in our final report to the Audit and Risk Committee.

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## Fees

The expected fee for 2024/25, as communicated by Audit Scotland in January 2025 is analysed below:

|                               |               |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
|                               | £             |
| Auditor Remuneration          | 45,720        |
| Audit Scotland fixed charges: |               |
| • Pooled costs                | (3,770)       |
| <b>Total expected fee</b>     | <b>41,950</b> |

The base fee above does not take into consideration any additional work that the audit team will be required to perform as a result of the change in finance system and IFRS 16 lease recognised during the year. We expect that as a result of the additional work required, there will be a need to agree a fee variation in year. We will agree any fee variations as a result of this work with Audit Scotland/management.

There are no non-audit fees.

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## Non-audit services

In our opinion there are no inconsistencies between the FRC's Ethical Standard and CS's policy for the supply of non-audit services or any apparent breach of that policy. We continue to review our independence and ensure that appropriate safeguards are in place including, but not limited to, the rotation of senior partners and professional staff and the involvement of additional partners and professional staff to carry out reviews of the work performed and to otherwise advise as necessary.

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## Relationships

We have no other relationships with CS, its directors, senior managers and affiliates, and have not supplied any services to other known connected parties.

# Sector developments

## The State of the State

### Background and overview

Background: Deloitte and Reform have brought together a survey of 5,000 UK citizens and interviews with over 80 public sector leaders to provide a view of the state from the people who rely on it and the people who run it, together with a possible vision for the 10 years of government ahead of the spending review.

Insights: State of the State 2025 finds the UK public more positive about government and public services than in recent years, but with a shift in their concerns: more are worried about border security and defence and fewer about climate change or social inequalities. The public's top five priorities for improvement emerged as: the cost of living; the NHS; immigration and border security; crime and policing; and jobs and economic growth. UK public sector leaders report an upturn in optimism, but many are concerned whether the investment to deliver them will be available. They highlight the need to work together across organisations, prioritising and aligning on key projects and implementing these effectively.

Some key findings:

- Public wants deliberate choices based on affordability.
- Public sector leaders believe government should make Investment in further education and adult skills.
- Public understand the funding pressures on public services.
- Public becoming less worried about climate change hence less focus on public sector leaders on net zero targets.
- Public sector have rolled out some world leading use of technology and consideration to grow it.

### Next steps

Full report is available at: [State of the State | Deloitte UK](#)

# Sector developments (continued)

## Fiscal sustainability and reform in Scotland

### Key messages

- **Unsustainable Spending:** Current spending patterns are unaffordable, relying on short-term fixes that create long-term risks.
- **Widening Funding Gap:** A growing gap between spending and funding is projected, driven by rising demands in health, social care, and social justice.
- **Lack of Long-Term Vision:** The Scottish Government has not set out a clear vision for reform or a concrete plan to achieve fiscal sustainability.
- **Insufficient Leadership & Governance:** Weak governance arrangements and a lack of clear leadership are hindering the progress of public service reform.
- **Limited Transparency & Scrutiny:** Delays in publishing key financial strategies and insufficient public reporting are limiting transparency and scrutiny.
- **Unclear Impact of Reform:** The Scottish Government has not clearly articulated how reform will impact the affordability of public services or different groups in society.

### Recommendations

- **Publish Medium-Term Strategies:** Immediately release financial and infrastructure strategies, including a transparent Fiscal Sustainability Delivery Plan outlining risks and management options.
- **Strengthen Public Service Reform:**
  - By Summer 2025, present a clear vision for reform, including its contribution to fiscal sustainability, cost implications, timelines, and impact assessments.
  - By end of 2024/25, embed new governance arrangements to support this vision.
  - By 2026/27 budget, improve data collection on reform savings, costs, and progress.
  - By September 2025, review and update mandate letters to align with reform priorities.
  - Integrate equalities and human rights considerations into reform decisions and report on progress by end of 2025.

## Fiscal sustainability and reform in Scotland





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