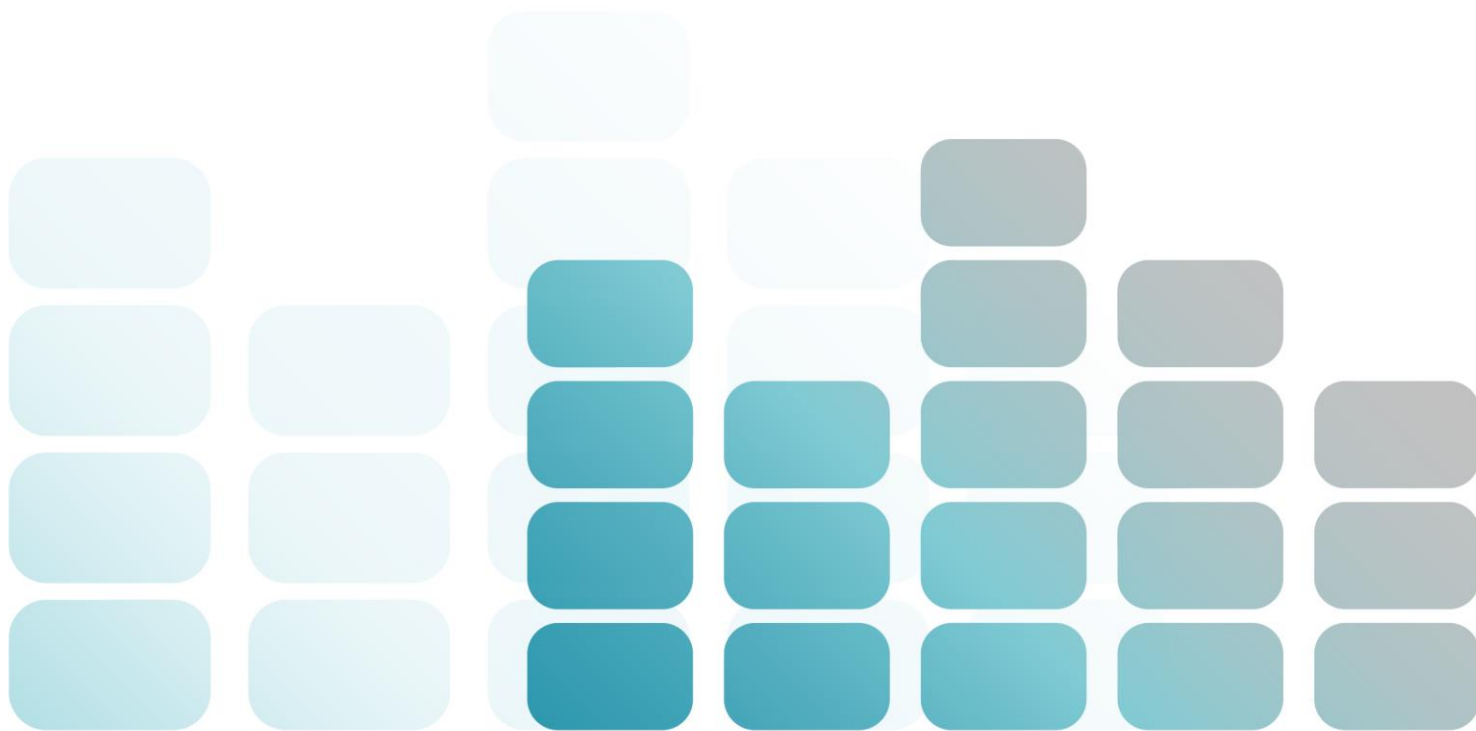


Scottish Commission on Social Security

Annual Audit Plan 2024/25



Prepared for Scottish Commission on Social Security
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Introduction

Purpose of the Annual Audit Plan

1. The purpose of this Annual Audit Plan is to provide an overview of the planned scope and timing of the 2024/25 audit of the Scottish Commission on Social Security's (the Commission) annual report and accounts. It outlines the audit work planned to meet the audit requirements set out in [auditing standards](#) and the [Code of Audit Practice](#), including supplementary guidance.

Appointed auditor and independence

2. Lisa Duthie, of Audit Scotland, has been appointed by the Auditor General for Scotland as external auditor of the Commission for the period from 2022/23 until 2026/27. The 2024/25 financial year is therefore the third of the five-year audit appointment.

3. Lisa Duthie and the audit team are independent of the Commission in accordance with relevant ethical requirements, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard. This standard imposes stringent rules to ensure the independence and objectivity of auditors. Audit Scotland has robust arrangements in place to ensure compliance with ethical standards. The arrangements are overseen by the Executive Director of Innovation and Quality, who serves as Audit Scotland's Ethics Partner.

4. The Ethical Standard requires auditors to communicate any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of the audit team. There are no such relationships pertaining to the audit of the Commission to communicate.

Audit scope and responsibilities

Scope of the audit

5. The audit is performed in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice, including supplementary guidance, International Standards on Auditing (UK), and relevant legislation. These set out the requirements for the scope of the audit which includes:

- an audit of the financial statements and an opinion on whether they give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, including the regularity of income and expenditure
- an opinion on statutory other information published with the financial statements in the annual report and accounts, the Performance Report, and the Governance Statement, and an opinion on the audited part of the Remuneration and Staff Report
- concluding on the financial sustainability of the Commission and a review of the Governance Statement
- reporting on the Commission's arrangements for securing Best Value
- provision of an Annual Audit Report setting out significant matters identified from the audit of the annual report and accounts and the wider scope areas specified in the Code of Audit Practice.

Responsibilities

6. The Code of Audit Practice sets out the respective responsibilities of the Scottish Commission on Social Security and the auditor. A summary of the key responsibilities is outlined below.

Auditor's responsibilities

7. The responsibilities of auditors in the public sector are established in the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000. These include providing an independent opinion on the financial statements and other information reported within the annual report and accounts, and concluding on the Commission's arrangements in place for the wider scope areas.

The Scottish Commission on Social Security's responsibilities

8. The Commission has primary responsibility for ensuring proper financial stewardship of public funds, compliance with relevant legislation and

establishing effective arrangements for governance, propriety and regularity that enables it to successfully deliver its objectives. The features of proper financial stewardship include:

- establishing arrangements to ensure the proper conduct of its affairs
- preparation of an annual report and accounts, comprising financial statements and other information that gives a true and fair view
- establishing arrangements for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and irregularities, and bribery and corruption
- implementing arrangements to ensure its financial position is soundly based
- making arrangements to secure Best Value
- establishing an internal audit function.

Audit of the annual report and accounts

Introduction

9. The audit of the annual report and accounts is driven by materiality and the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, with greater attention being given to the significant risks of material misstatement. This chapter outlines materiality, the significant risks of material misstatement that have been identified, and the impact these have on the planned audit procedures.

Materiality

10. The concept of materiality is applied by auditors in planning and performing an audit, and in evaluating the effect of any uncorrected misstatements on the financial statements or other information reported in the annual report and accounts.

11. Broadly, the concept of materiality is to determine whether matters identified during the audit could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of users of the financial statements. Auditors set a monetary threshold when determining materiality, although some issues may be considered material by their nature. Therefore, materiality is ultimately a matter of the auditor's professional judgement.

12. The materiality levels determined for the audit of the Commission are outlined in [Exhibit 1](#).

Exhibit 1

2024/25 Materiality levels for the Scottish Commission on Social Security

Materiality	Amount
Materiality – based on an assessment of the needs of users of the financial statements and the nature of the Commission's operations, the benchmark used to determine materiality is gross expenditure based on the forecasts for 2024/25. Materiality has been set at 2% of the benchmark.	£9,000
Performance materiality – this acts as a trigger point. If the aggregate of misstatements identified during the audit exceeds performance materiality, this could indicate that further audit procedures are required. Using professional judgement, performance materiality has been set at 60% of planning materiality.	£5,000

Materiality	Amount
Reporting threshold – all misstatements greater than the reporting threshold will be reported.	£450

Source: Audit Scotland

Significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements

13. The risk assessment process draws on the audit team's cumulative knowledge of the Commission, including the nature of its operations and its significant transaction streams, the system of internal control, governance arrangements and processes, and developments that could impact on its financial reporting.

14. Based on the risk assessment process, significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements have been identified and these are summarised in [Exhibit 2](#). These are the risks which have the greatest impact on the planned audit approach, and the planned audit procedures in response to the risks are outlined.

15. The risk assessment process is an iterative and dynamic process. The assessment of risks set out in this Annual Audit Plan may change as more information and evidence is obtained over the course of the audit. Where such changes occur, these will be reported to the Commission and those charged with governance, where relevant.

Exhibit 2

Significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements

Risk of material misstatement	Planned audit response
<p>Fraud caused by management override of controls</p> <p>Management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of management's ability to override controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively.</p>	<p>The audit team will:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • review the design and implementation of controls over journal processing • make inquiries of individuals involved in the financial reporting process about inappropriate or unusual activity • test journals at the year-end and post-closing entries • evaluate significant transactions outside the normal course of business.

Source: Audit Scotland

16. The Commission uses the Scottish Government's general ledger and supporting systems. On 1 October 2024, the Scottish Government replaced the existing financial and eHR systems with the new Oracle cloud-based system. Our risk assessment work to date has not identified a significant risk of material misstatement around the implementation of the new system. However, we will continue to monitor the use of the new system throughout the audit. We will also consider the findings of the work undertaken by the Scottish Government audit team around the controls in place for the data transfer to Oracle.

Key audit matters

17. The Code of Audit Practice requires public sector auditors to communicate key audit matters. Key audit matters are those matters, that in the auditor's professional judgement, are of most significance to the audit of the financial statements and require most attention when performing the audit.

18. In determining key audit matters, auditors consider:

- areas of higher or significant risk of material misstatement
- areas where significant judgement is required, including accounting estimates that are subject to a high degree of estimation uncertainty
- significant events or transactions that occurred during the year.

19. The matters determined to be key audit matters will be communicated in the Annual Audit Report. [Exhibit 2](#) outlines the significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements that have been identified, including those that have greatest impact on the planned audit procedures and require most attention when performing the audit.

Wider scope and Best Value

Introduction

20. Reflecting the fact that public money is involved, the Code of Audit Practice requires that public audit is planned and undertaken from a wider perspective than in the private sector. The wider scope audit set out by the Code of Audit Practice broadens the audit of the annual report and accounts to include consideration of additional aspects or risks in four wider scope areas.

21. Due to the nature and size of the Commission and its limited financial activity, it is considered a less complex body for the wider scope audit. Therefore, the wider scope audit does not consider all four wider scope areas and is instead limited to concluding on the financial sustainability of the Commission.

22. Financial sustainability means looking forward over the medium and longer term in planning the services to be delivered and how they will be delivered effectively. This is assessed by considering the Commission's medium to longer-term planning for service delivery. The financial sustainability of the Commission will be reported in the Annual Audit Report.

Duty of Best Value

23. The [Scottish Public Finance Manual](#) (SPFM) explains that Accountable Officers have a specific responsibility to ensure that arrangements have been made to secure Best Value. [Best Value in public services: guidance for Accountable Officers](#) is issued by Scottish Ministers and sets out their duty to ensure that arrangements are in place to secure Best Value in public services. We will consider the arrangements the Commission has in place to demonstrate Best Value and report our conclusion in the Annual Audit Report.

Significant wider scope and Best Value risks

24. No significant risks in the wider scope areas or Best Value were identified from the risk assessment process. We note the Social Security (Amendment) (Scotland) Act (the Act) received royal ascent on 23 January 2025. Section 22 of the Act, when it comes into force, will remove the Commission's accounting and auditing duties. We will monitor developments and consider the impact on our audit.

Reporting arrangements, timetable and audit fee

Audit outputs

25. The outputs from the 2024/25 audit include:

- this Annual Audit Plan
- an Independent Auditor's Report to the Commission, the Auditor General for Scotland, and the Scottish Parliament setting out opinions on the annual report and accounts
- an Annual Audit Report to the Commission and the Auditor General for Scotland setting out significant matters identified from the audit of the annual report and accounts, conclusions from the wider scope and Best Value audit, and recommendations, where required.

26. The matters to be reported in the outputs will be discussed with the Commission for factual accuracy before they are issued. All outputs from the audit will be published on Audit Scotland's website, apart from the Independent Auditor's Report, which is included in the audited annual report and accounts.

27. Target dates for the audit outputs are set by the Auditor General for Scotland. In setting the target dates for the audit outputs, consideration is given to the target date for approving the annual report and accounts, which is 31 October 2025 for central government non-departmental public bodies, and other similar bodies.

28. The Independent Auditor's Report and Annual Audit Report are planned to be issued by the target date of 31 October 2025.

Audit timetable

29. Achieving the timetable for production of the annual report and accounts, supported by complete and accurate working papers, is critical to delivery of the audit to agreed target dates. [Exhibit 3](#) includes a timetable for the audit, which has been agreed with management. Agreed target dates will be kept under review as the audit progresses, and any changes required, and their potential impact, will be discussed with the Commission and reported to those charged with governance, where required.

Exhibit 3

2024/25 audit timetable

Audit activity	Target date	Audit Sub-Committee date
Issue of Annual Audit Plan	13 February 2025	20 February 2025
Annual report and accounts:		
Submission of unaudited annual report and accounts and all working papers to audit team	9 June 2025	
Latest date for audit clearance meeting	24 June 2025	
Agreement of audited and unsigned annual report and accounts	27 June 2025	
Issue of draft Letter of Representation, proposed Independent Auditor's Report, and proposed Annual Audit Report	1 August 2025	
Audit sub-committee consideration of audited and unsigned annual report and accounts	14 August 2025	14 August 2025
Signing of Independent Auditor's Report and issue of Annual Audit Report	TBC	

Source: Audit Scotland

Audit fee

30. The Commission's audit fee is determined in line with Audit Scotland's fee setting arrangements. The confirmed audit fee for the 2024/25 audit is £8,630 (2023/24: £8,470).

31. In setting the audit fee, it is assumed that the Commission has effective governance arrangements in place and the complete annual report and accounts will be provided for audit in line with the agreed timetable. The audit fee assumes there will be no significant changes to the planned scope of the audit. Where the audit cannot proceed as planned, for example, due to incomplete or inadequate working papers, the audit fee may need to be increased.

Other matters

Internal audit

32. The Commission is responsible for establishing an internal audit function as part of an effective system of internal control. As part of the audit, the audit team will obtain an understanding of internal audit, including its nature, responsibilities, and activities.

33. While internal audit and external audit have differing roles and responsibilities, external auditors may seek to rely on the work of internal audit where it is considered appropriate. Due to the size and nature of the Commission there is no specific internal audit work planned in 2024/25. However, we will review any relevant reports (e.g. shared systems) issued by Scottish Government's Directorate of Internal Audit and Assurance and assess if there is any impact on our audit.

Audit quality

34. Audit Scotland is committed to the consistent delivery of high-quality audit. Audit quality requires ongoing attention and improvement to keep pace with external and internal changes. Details of the arrangements in place for the delivery of high-quality audits is available from the [Audit Scotland website](#).

35. The International Standards on Quality Management (ISQM) applicable to Audit Scotland for 2024/25 audits are:

- ISQM (UK) 1, which deals with an audit organisation's responsibilities to design, implement, and operate a system of quality management (SoQM) for audits. Audit Scotland's SoQM consists of a variety of components, such as: governance arrangements and culture to support audit quality, compliance with ethical requirements, ensuring Audit Scotland is dedicated to high-quality audit through engagement performance and resourcing arrangements, and ensuring there are robust quality monitoring arrangements in place. Audit Scotland carries out an annual evaluation of its SoQM and has concluded it complies with this standard.
- ISQM (UK) 2, which sets out arrangements for conducting engagement quality reviews, which are performed by senior management not involved in an audit, to review significant judgements and conclusions reached by the audit team, and the appropriateness of proposed audit opinions on high-risk audits.

36. To monitor quality at an individual audit level, Audit Scotland carries out internal quality reviews on a sample of audits. Additionally, the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales (ICAEW) carries out independent quality reviews on a sample of audits.

37. Actions to address deficiencies identified by internal and external quality reviews are included in a rolling Quality Improvement Action Plan, which is used to support continuous improvement. Progress with implementing planned actions is monitored on a regular basis by Audit Scotland's Quality and Ethics Committee.

38. Audit Scotland may periodically seek the views of the Commission on the quality of audit services provided. The audit team would also welcome feedback at any time.

Scottish Commission on Social Security

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