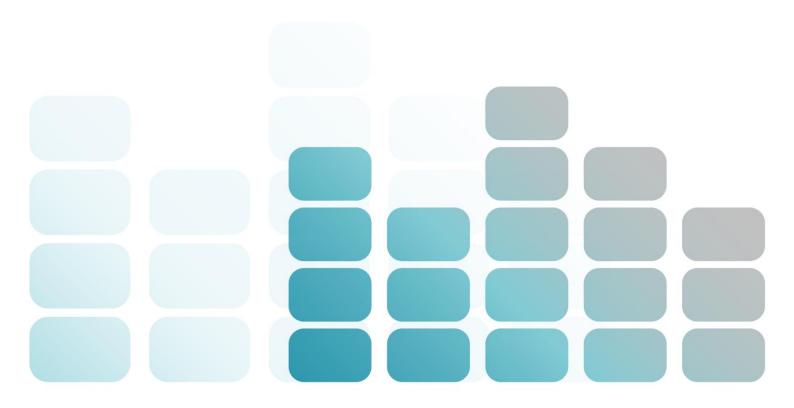
North Lanarkshire Council

Annual Audit Plan 2024/25





Prepared for North Lanarkshire Council February 2025

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Accessibility

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Introduction

Purpose of the Annual Audit Plan

1. The purpose of this Annual Audit Plan is to provide an overview of the planned scope and timing of the 2024/25 audit of North Lanarkshire Council's annual accounts. It outlines the audit work planned to meet the audit requirements set out in auditing standards and the Code of Audit Practice, including supplementary guidance.

Appointed auditor and independence

- 2. John Boyd, of Audit Scotland, has been appointed by the Accounts Commission as external auditor of North Lanarkshire Council for the period from 2022/23 until 2026/27. The 2024/25 financial year is therefore the third of the five-year audit appointment.
- 3. John Boyd and the audit team are independent of North Lanarkshire Council in accordance with relevant ethical requirements, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard. This standard imposes stringent rules to ensure the independence and objectivity of auditors. Audit Scotland has robust arrangements in place to ensure compliance with ethical standards. The arrangements are overseen by the Executive Director of Innovation and Quality, who serves as Audit Scotland's Ethics Partner.
- 4. The Ethical Standard requires auditors to communicate any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of the audit team. There are no such relationships pertaining to the audit of North Lanarkshire Council to communicate.

Audit scope and responsibilities

Scope of the audit

- **5.** The audit is performed in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice, including supplementary guidance, International Standards on Auditing (UK), and relevant legislation. These set out the requirements for the scope of the audit which includes:
 - An audit of the financial statements and an opinion on whether they give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement.
 - An opinion on statutory other information published with the financial statements in the annual accounts, the Management Commentary, and the Annual Governance Statement, and an opinion on the audited part of the Remuneration Report.
 - Conclusions on the North Lanarkshire Council's arrangements in relation to the wider scope areas: Financial Management, Financial Sustainability, Vision, Leadership, and Governance, and Use of Resources to Improve Outcomes.
 - Reporting on the North Lanarkshire Council's arrangements for securing Best Value.
 - Providing assurance on the Housing Benefit Subsidy Claim, Non-Domestic Rates Return, and the Whole of Government Accounts return.
 - A review of North Lanarkshire Council's arrangements for preparing and publishing statutory performance information.
 - Provision of an Annual Audit Report setting out significant matters identified from the audit of the annual accounts and the wider scope areas specified in the Code of Audit Practice.

Responsibilities

6. The Code of Audit Practice sets out the respective responsibilities of the auditor and North Lanarkshire Council. A summary of the key responsibilities is outlined below.

Auditor's responsibilities

7. The responsibilities of auditors in the public sector are established in the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973. These include providing an independent opinion on the financial statements and other information

North Lanarkshire Council's responsibilities

- **8.** North Lanarkshire Council has primary responsibility for ensuring proper financial stewardship of public funds, compliance with relevant legislation and establishing effective arrangements for governance, propriety and regularity that enables it to successfully deliver its objectives. The features of proper financial stewardship include:
 - Establishing arrangements to ensure the proper conduct of its affairs.
 - Preparation of annual accounts, comprising financial statements and other information that gives a true and fair view.
 - Establishing arrangements for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and irregularities, and bribery and corruption.
 - Implementing arrangements to ensure its financial position is soundly based.
 - Making arrangements to secure Best Value.
 - Establishing an internal audit function.

Audit of the annual accounts

Introduction

9. The audit of the annual accounts is driven by materiality and the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, with greater attention being given to the significant risks of material misstatement. This chapter outlines materiality, the significant risks of material misstatement that have been identified, and the impact these have on the planned audit procedures.

Materiality

- 10. The concept of materiality is applied by auditors in planning and performing an audit, and in evaluating the effect of any uncorrected misstatements on the financial statements or other information reported in the annual accounts.
- **11.** Broadly, the concept of materiality is to determine whether matters identified during the audit could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of users of the financial statements. Auditors set a monetary threshold when determining materiality, although some issues may be considered material by their nature. Therefore, materiality is ultimately a matter of the auditor's professional judgement.
- **12.** The materiality levels determined for the audit of North Lanarkshire Council and its group are outlined in Exhibit 1.

Exhibit 1 2024/25 Materiality levels for North Lanarkshire Council and its group

Materiality	Council Only	Group
Materiality – based on an assessment of the needs of users of the financial statements and the nature of North Lanarkshire Council's operations, the benchmark used to determine materiality is gross expenditure, adjusted for IJB contributions, based on the audited 2023/24 financial statements. Materiality has been set at 2% of the benchmark.	£29.5 million	£29.6 million

Materiality	Council Only	Group
Performance materiality – this acts as a trigger point. If the aggregate of misstatements identified during the audit exceeds performance materiality, this could indicate that further audit procedures are required. Using professional judgement, performance materiality has been set at 75% of planning materiality.	£22.1 million	£22.2 million
Reporting threshold – all misstatements greater than the reporting threshold will be reported.	£1.5 million	£1.5 million

Source: Audit Scotland

Significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements

- 13. The risk assessment process draws on the audit team's cumulative knowledge of North Lanarkshire Council, including the nature of its operations and its significant transaction streams, the system of internal control, governance arrangements and processes, and developments that could impact on its financial reporting.
- 14. Based on the risk assessment process, significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements have been identified and these are summarised in Exhibit 2, page 7. These are the risks which have the greatest impact on the planned audit approach, and the planned audit procedures in response to the risks are outlined in Exhibit 2.
- **15.** The risk assessment process is an iterative and dynamic process. The assessment of risks set out in this Annual Audit Plan and Exhibit 2 may change as more information and evidence is obtained over the course of the audit. Where such changes occur, these will be reported to North Lanarkshire Council and those charged with governance, where relevant.

Exhibit 2 Significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements

Significant Risk of material misstatement	Planned audit response
Fraud caused by management override of controls	The audit team will: • Evaluate the design and implementation of
Management is in a unique position to	controls over journal entry processing.
perpetrate fraud because of management's ability to override	 Make inquiries of individuals involved in the financial reporting process about inappropriate or

Significant Risk of material misstatement

controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively.

Planned audit response

unusual activity relating to the processing of journal entries and other adjustments.

- Test journals entries, focusing on those that are assessed as higher risk, such as those affecting revenue and expenditure recognition around the vear-end.
- Evaluate significant transactions outside the normal course of business.
- Assess the adequacy of controls in place for identifying and disclosing related party relationships and transactions in the financial statements.
- Assess changes to the methods and underlying assumptions used to prepare accounting estimates and assess these for evidence of management bias.

Valuation of property, plant and equipment

North Lanarkshire Council held £3,032 million of property, plant, and equipment (PPE) at 31 March 2024, of which £1,352 million was land and building assets.

North Lanarkshire Council is required to value land and building assets at existing use value where an active market exists for these assets. Where there is no active market, these assets are valued on a depreciated cost replacement (DRC) basis. As a result, there is a significant degree of subjectivity in valuer's assumptions, including price indices which are based on specialist assumptions, and changes in the assumptions can result in material changes to valuations.

The audit team will:

- Evaluate the design and implementation of controls over the valuation process.
- Review the information provided to the valuer and assess this for completeness and accuracy.
- Evaluate the competence, capabilities, and objectivity of the valuer.
- Obtain an understanding of management's involvement in the valuation process to assess if appropriate oversight has occurred.
- Review the appropriateness of the key data and assumptions used in the 2024/25 valuation process, and challenge these where required.
- Review management's assessment that the value in the balance sheet of assets not subject to a valuation process in 2024/25 is not materially different to current value at the year-end, and challenge this where required.

Estimation of the pension liability

North Lanarkshire Council had a net pension liability of £119.5 million at 31 March 2024.

North Lanarkshire Council is a member of Strathclyde Pension Fund, which is a defined benefit pension scheme. Strathclyde Pension Fund is subject to

The audit team will:

- Evaluate the design and implementation of controls over the pension liability estimation process.
- Review the information provided to the actuary and assess this for completeness and accuracy.

Significant Risk of material misstatement

formal valuation every three years, and this sets out each member's share of the scheme's overall pension liability and contributions for the next three years. The last formal valuation was carried out at 31 March 2023.

An estimation of North Lanarkshire Council's share of the overall pension liability is required in each intervening year between formal valuations, and these are carried out by Hymans Roberston. There is a significant degree of subjectivity in the estimation of the pension liability as the estimation is based on specialist assumptions, and changes in the assumptions can result in material changes to the estimation.

Planned audit response

- Evaluate the competence, capabilities, and objectivity of the actuary.
- Obtain an understanding of the management's involvement in the estimation process to assess if appropriate oversight has occurred.
- Review the appropriateness of the key data and assumptions used by management for the estimation of the pension liability, and challenge these where required.
- Audit Scotland uses PwC as an auditor's expert to inform the planned audit procedures outlined above. Therefore, the audit team will also review the information provided by PwC and reflect this in the planned audit procedures where required.

Source: Audit Scotland

Key audit matters

- **16.** The Code of Audit Practice requires public sector auditors to communicate key audit matters. Key audit matters are those matters, that in the auditor's professional judgement, are of most significance to the audit of the financial statements and require most attention when performing the audit.
- **17.** In determining key audit matters, auditors consider:
 - Areas of higher or significant risk of material misstatement.
 - Areas where significant judgement is required, including accounting estimates that are subject to a high degree of estimation uncertainty.
 - Significant events or transactions that occurred during the year.
- **18.** The matters determined to be key audit matters will be communicated in the Annual Audit Report. Exhibit 2 outlines the significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements that have been identified, including those that have greatest impact on the planned audit procedures and require most attention when performing the audit.
- **19.** In addition to the significant risks of material misstatement in Exhibit 2, the following have been identified as risks of material misstatement and will be reported on in our Annual Audit Report.

- 20. IFRS 16 Leases: The Council implemented the new standard on 1 April 2024. IFRS 16 will have a material impact on the outstanding liability of leases and service concession arrangements relating to PPP schools. with the Council estimating an increase in liabilities of £88.1 million. We will review the accounting treatment and financial statements disclosures to ensure compliance with guidance.
- 21. New contract arrangements: The Council is continuing to wind up both Amey Public Services LLP and Mears Scotland LLP following the end of their contracts with the Council on 30 September 2024 and 30 June 2024 respectively. We will review the accounting treatment to ensure the contractual arrangements are correctly reflected in the financial statements.

Group audit

22. North Lanarkshire Council is part of a group and prepares group financial statements. The group is made up of 11 components, including North Lanarkshire Council which is the parent of the group. Risk assessment procedures have been performed on the group audit to identify if there are any risks of material misstatement to the group financial statements, or any components where audit procedures are required for the purposes of the group audit. The outcome of the risk assessment procedures on the group audit are outlined in Exhibit 3. We will continue to assess and consider as part of our annual reporting.

Exhibit 3 Outcome of risk assessment procedures on the group audit

Group component	Accounting treatment	Risk of material misstatement	Audit procedures required	Auditor
North Lanarkshire Council	Parent body	Yes – Exhibit 2	Yes – full scope audit	Audit Scotland
North Lanarkshire Properties LLP	Consolidated on a line-by-line basis	Yes – risk of material misstatement due to estimation of valuation of investment property	Yes – risk assessment questionnaire and review and evaluation of component auditor's work on investment property valuations	Armstrong Watson Audit Limited

Group component	Accounting treatment	Risk of material misstatement	Audit procedures required	Auditor
Fusion Assets Limited	Consolidated on a line-by-line basis	No, not material to group financial statements	Yes – analytical procedures at group level	Armstrong Watson Audit Limited
North Lanarkshire Integration Joint Board	Accounted for on equity basis	No, but is material to group financial statements	Yes – risk assessment questionnaire and analytical procedures	Audit Scotland
Amey Public Services LLP	Accounted for on equity basis	No, not material to group financial statements	Yes – analytical procedures at group level	Forvis Mazars LLP
Mears Scotland LLP	Accounted for on equity basis	No, not material to group financial statements	Yes – analytical procedures at group level	Ernst & Young LLP
Strathclyde Partnership for Transport	Accounted for on equity basis	No, but is material to group financial statements	Yes – risk assessment questionnaire and analytical procedures	Audit Scotland
Strathclyde Concessionary Travel Joint Board	Accounted for on equity basis	No, not material to group financial statements	Yes – analytical procedures at group level	Audit Scotland
Lanarkshire Valuation Joint Board	Accounted for on equity basis	No, not material to group financial statements	Yes – analytical procedures at group level	Audit Scotland
Routes to Work Limited	Accounted for on equity basis	No, not material to group financial statements	Yes – analytical procedures at group level	Anderson Anderson & Brown Audit LLP
Dunbartonshire Educational Trust Scheme 1962	Not consolidated on grounds of materiality	No, not part of group financial statements	No, not part of group financial statements	Forvis Mazars LLP

Source: Audit Scotland

23. Where audit procedures are required on a component's financial statements, and the component auditor is different to North Lanarkshire Council's appointed auditor, group audit instructions will be issued to the component auditor outlining expectations and requirements in performing these audit procedures.

Wider scope and Best Value

Introduction

- **24.** Reflecting the fact that public money is involved, the Code of Audit Practice requires that public audit is planned and undertaken from a wider perspective than in the private sector. The wider scope audit set out by the Code of Audit Practice broadens the audit of the annual accounts to include consideration of additional aspects or risks in four wider scope areas, which are summarised below:
 - Financial Management this means having sound budgetary processes. Factors that can impact on North Lanarkshire Council being able to secure sound financial management include the strength of the financial management culture, accountability, and arrangements to prevent and detect fraud, error and other irregularities, bribery and corruption.
 - Financial Sustainability this means looking forward over the medium and longer term in planning the services to be delivered and how they will be delivered effectively. This is assessed by considering North Lanarkshire Council's medium- to longer-term planning for service delivery.
 - Vision, Leadership and Governance this means having a clear vision and strategy, with set priorities within the vision and strategy. This is assessed by considering the clarity of plans in place to deliver the vision and strategy and the effectiveness of the governance arrangements to support delivery.
 - Use of Resources to Improve Outcomes this means using resources to meet stated outcomes and improvement objectives through effective planning and working with partners and communities. This is assessed by considering North Lanarkshire Council's arrangements for ensuring resources are deployed to improve strategic outcomes, meet the needs of service users, and deliver continuous improvement.
- **25.** A conclusion on the effectiveness and appropriateness of arrangements North Lanarkshire Council has in place for each of the wider scope areas will be reported in the Annual Audit Report.

Best Value

26. Under the Code of Audit Practice, the audit of Best Value in councils is fully integrated within the annual audit. As part of the annual audit, auditors are required to take a risk-based approach to assessing and reporting on whether North Lanarkshire Council has made proper arrangements for securing Best Value, including follow up of findings previously reported in relation to Best Value.

- 27. The Accounts Commission also reports nationally on thematic aspects of councils' approaches to, and performance in, meeting their Best Value duties. As part of the annual audit, thematic reviews, as directed by the Accounts Commission, are conducted on North Lanarkshire Council. The thematic review for 2024/25 is on the subject of service transformation and involves considering how North Lanarkshire Council is redesigning services to maintain outcomes and deliver services more efficiently. Conclusions and judgements on the thematic review will be reported in a separate Management Report and summarised in the Annual Audit Report, where required.
- **28.** At least once over the five-year appointment, the Controller of Audit will report to the Accounts Commission on North Lanarkshire Council's performance in meeting its Best Value duties. North Lanarkshire Council is included in the third year of the programme, due to report in December 2025.

Wider scope risks and Best Value risks

- **29.** The risk assessment process has identified risks in the wider scope areas as outlined in Exhibit 4, and this includes the planned audit procedures in response to the risks.
- **30.** No significant risks in Best Value were identified from the risk assessment process.

Exhibit 4 Wider scope risks

Description of risk

Financial sustainability

North Lanarkshire Council continues to operate in an increasingly complex and challenging environment where it aims to provide the best possible services within the resources available.

Although a surplus position of £3.6 million is projected for 2024/25, the Council faces significant financial uncertainty. The Council has identified a gap of £62.0 million for the three years to 2027/28.

Planned audit response

The audit team will:

- Review and evaluation of the Council's annual budget setting arrangements
- Review and assessment of budget monitoring arrangements
- Review of the Council's medium to longer-term financial planning
- On-going review of the Council's financial position and delivery of planned savings.

There is a risk that in the longer term, the council is unable to deliver the savings required to balance its budget whilst meeting its strategic priorities or fulfilling its statutory duties.

New Contracts

Following the end of the Council's contracts with both Amey Public Services LLP and Mears Scotland LLP on 30 September 2024 and 30 June 2024 respectively, two new contracts were entered into:

- Housing and Corporate Maintenance and **Investment Services**
- Roads and Infrastructure Maintenance and Improvement Services.

The Council should demonstrate that these represent value for money through the procurement.

The audit team will:

 Review the assurance the Council has on how these contracts demonstrate value for money.

Source: Audit Scotland

Reporting arrangements, timetable and audit fee

Audit outputs

- **31.** The outputs from the 2024/25 audit include:
 - This Annual Audit Plan.
 - An Independent Auditor's Report to North Lanarkshire Council and the Accounts Commission setting out opinions on the annual accounts.
 - An Annual Audit Report to North Lanarkshire Council and the Accounts Commission setting out significant matters identified from the audit of the annual accounts, conclusions from the wider scope and Best Value audit, and recommendations, where required.
- **32.** The matters to be reported in the outputs will be discussed with North Lanarkshire Council for factual accuracy before they are issued. All outputs from the audit will be published on Audit Scotland's website, apart from the Independent Auditor's Report, which is included in the audited annual accounts.
- **33.** Target dates for the audit outputs are set by the Accounts Commission. In setting the target dates for the audit outputs, consideration is given to the statutory date for approving the annual accounts, which is 30 September 2025 for local government bodies.
- **34.** The Independent Auditor's Report and Annual Audit Report are planned to be issued by the target date of 30 September 2025.

Audit timetable

35. Achieving the timetable for production of the annual accounts, supported by complete and accurate working papers, is critical to delivery of the audit to agreed target dates. Exhibit 5 includes a timetable for the audit, which has been agreed with management. Agreed target dates will be kept under review as the audit progresses, and any changes required. and their potential impact, will be discussed with North Lanarkshire Council and reported to those charged with governance, where required.

Exhibit 5 2024/25 audit timetable

Audit activity	NLC target date	Audit team target date	Audit and Scrutiny Panel date
Issue of Annual Audit Plan	N/A	7 February 2025	20 February 2025
Annual accounts:			
 Consideration of unaudited annual accounts by those charged with governance 	30 June 2025	N/A	TBC
 Submission of unaudited annual accounts and all working papers to audit team 	30 June 2025	N/A	N/A
Latest date for audit clearance meeting	10 September 2025	10 September 2025	N/A
Agreement of audited and unsigned annual accounts	11 September 2025	11 September 2025	N/A
 Issue of draft Letter of Representation, proposed Independent Auditor's Report, and proposed Annual Audit Report 	N/A	12 September 2025	TBC
 Approval by those charged with governance and signing of audited annual accounts 	TBC	30 September 2025	TBC
 Signing of Independent Auditor's Report and issue of Annual Audit Report 	30 September 2025	30 September 2025	N/A
Issue of Best Value Management Report	N/A	8 August 2025	28 August 2025
Certification of Non-Domestic Rates Return	31 December 2025	31 December 2025	N/A
Certification of Housing Benefit Subsidy Claim	31 December 2025	31 December 2025	N/A
Certification of Whole of Government Accounts	31 December 2025	31 December 2025	N/A

Source: Audit Scotland

Audit fee

- **36.** North Lanarkshire Council's audit fee is determined in line with Audit Scotland's fee setting arrangements. The confirmed audit fee for the 2024/25 audit is set out in Exhibit 6.
- 37. In setting the audit fee, it is assumed that North Lanarkshire Council has effective governance arrangements in place and the complete annual accounts will be provided for audit in line with the agreed timetable. The audit fee assumes there will be no significant changes to the planned scope of the audit. Where the audit cannot proceed as planned, for example, due to incomplete or inadequate working papers, the audit fee may need to be increased.

Exhibit 6 **Audit fee (including VAT)**

Fee component ¹	Fee (£)
External auditor remuneration	393,560
Pooled costs, such as travel and subsistence costs	9,880
Contribution to audit support costs, including technical guidance and support to auditors	0
Contribution to the performance audit programme	117,860
Adjustment for average audit price increase	130,720
Total 2024/25 fee	652,020
Source: Audit Scotland	

¹ Information on the components that make up the total fee can be found in Audit Scotland's Audit management and quality guidance.

Other matters

Internal audit

- **38.** North Lanarkshire Council is responsible for establishing an internal audit function as part of an effective system of internal control. As part of the audit, the audit team will obtain an understanding of internal audit, including its nature, responsibilities, and activities.
- **39.** While internal audit and external audit have differing roles and responsibilities, external auditors may seek to rely on the work of internal audit where it is considered appropriate. A review of internal audit's 2024/25 audit plan was carried out to identify if there were any areas where the audit team could rely on its work. The audit team concluded it will not rely on internal audit's work. However, the audit team will review internal audit's reports and assess if there is any impact on the audit.

Audit quality

- **40.** Audit Scotland is committed to the consistent delivery of high-quality audit. Audit quality requires ongoing attention and improvement to keep pace with external and internal changes. Details of the arrangements in place for the delivery of high-quality audits is available from the Audit Scotland website.
- **41.** The International Standards on Quality Management (ISQM) applicable to Audit Scotland for 2024/25 audits are:
 - ISQM (UK) 1, which deals with an audit organisation's responsibilities to design, implement, and operate a system of quality management (SoQM) for audits. Audit Scotland's SoQM consists of a variety of components, such as: governance arrangements and culture to support audit quality, compliance with ethical requirements, ensuring Audit Scotland is dedicated to highquality audit through engagement performance and resourcing arrangements, and ensuring there are robust quality monitoring arrangements in place. Audit Scotland carries out an annual evaluation of its SoQM and has concluded it complies with this standard.
 - ISQM (UK) 2, which sets out arrangements for conducting engagement quality reviews, which are performed by senior management not involved in an audit, to review significant judgements and conclusions reached by the audit team, and the appropriateness of proposed audit opinions on high-risk audits.

- **43.** Actions to address deficiencies identified by internal and external quality reviews are included in a rolling Quality Improvement Action Plan, which is used to support continuous improvement. Progress with implementing planned actions is monitors on a regular basis by Audit Scotland's Quality and Ethics Committee.
- **44.** Audit Scotland may periodically seek the views of North Lanarkshire Council on the quality of audit services provided. The audit team would also welcome feedback at any time.

North Lanarkshire Council

Annual Audit Plan 2024/25



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