Reid Kerr College Report to the Board and the Auditor General for Scotland

Year ended 31 July 2008



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1 Executive Summary

Introduction

- The purpose of this report is to highlight and explain key issues arising from our audit of the financial statements of Reid Kerr College ('the College') for the year ended 31st July 2008.
- The matters raised in this report, are only those which have come to our attention arising from or relevant to our work that we believe need to be brought to your attention. Our audit work is designed to enable us to form an audit opinion on the financial statements of the College and it should not be relied upon to disclose all irregularities that may exist nor to disclose errors that are not material in relation to the financial statements.
- This report has been prepared solely for the use by the Board of Management of Reid Kerr College and the Auditor General for Scotland.
- We have completed our audit work in respect of the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2008 and will be issuing an unqualified audit opinion for the year.

Scope of Work

■ The accounting rules and regulations applied to Further Education Colleges are specifically laid out in various documents as discussed in section 3 of this report. We can confirm that the College is in compliance with the regulations and disclosures required to be made in the financial statements in respect of these documents.

Corporate Governance Arrangements

The corporate governance statement within the College's financial statements states that the College has been fully compliant with guidance on corporate governance for the year ended 31 July 2008. We identified no issues of concern in relation to fraud and irregularity nor did we identify any major errors or weaknesses during our audit. In general the College's systems of internal control appear to be adequate.

Compliance with Scottish Funding Council ('SFC') Accounts Direction

■ We can confirm in preparing the financial statements the College has complied with the Accounts Direction for Scotland's colleges and universities issued under circular SFC/35/2008.

Conclusion

The audit of Reid Kerr College was performed in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) as required by the Code of Audit Practice approved by the Auditor General for Scotland. This report has been issued to College management and will be considered by the Audit Committee.

Acknowledgement

■ The 2007/08 audit process brought us into contact with a number of staff within the College. We wish to place on record our appreciation of the cooperation extended to us by those personnel.

2 Introduction

Purpose of Report

- This report has been prepared in connection with our audit of the financial statements of the College for the year ended 31 July 2008. This report summarises the principal matters that have come to our attention during the course of the audit.
- The contents of the report should not be taken as reflecting the view of BDO Stoy Hayward LLP except where explicitly stated as being so. To a certain extent, the content of this report comprises general information which has been provided by, or is based on discussions with, the management of the College. Except to the extent necessary for the purposes of the audit, this information has not been independently verified.
- One of the purposes of this report is to record features of the year's activities, the way they are treated in the financial statements and the comments thereon provided to audit staff by the College's staff.

Audit Bodies

- The Auditor General, a royal appointment on the nomination of the Scottish Parliament, plays a key role in holding the Scottish public spending bodies to account for the proper, efficient and effective use of public money.
- Audit Scotland is an independent statutory body which was set up in April 2000 to provide assistance and support to the Accounts Commission and to the Auditor General for Scotland in the exercise of their respective functions. The Auditor General is responsible for securing the audit of the Scottish Executive, Further Education Colleges and other public bodies.

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP was appointed by Audit Scotland as external auditor to Reid Kerr College for 5 years covering the financial years 2006/07 to 2010/11. This report summarises our audit work for 2007/08 and details how the requirements of the Statement of Responsibilities and the Code of Audit Practice have been met by the College and by BDO Stoy Hayward LLP

College Responsibilities

- The College is publicly accountable for the conduct of business and the stewardship of funds under its control. The College's Board of Management is therefore responsible for:
 - establishing adequate corporate governance procedures;
 - ensuring funds from the SFC are used only for the purposes for which they have been given and in accordance with the Financial Memorandum with the SFC and any other conditions which the SFC may from time to time prescribe;
 - ensuring that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public funds and funds from other sources;
 - safeguarding the assets of the College and taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities;
 - securing the economical, efficient and effective management of the College's resources and expenditure;
 - maintaining proper accounting records and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the College at the year-end and its income and expenditure for the year.

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Auditors' Responsibilities and Approach

- We are required to report to the Board of Management of the College and to the Auditor General for Scotland on the financial statements of the College. Our responsibilities are to:
 - provide an opinion, to the extent required by the relevant authorities, on the financial statements of the College and the regularity of transactions in accordance with standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board.
 - review and report on the requirements of Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice (March 2007), regarding the College's corporate governance arrangements relating to:
 - the College's review of its systems of internal control
 - the prevention and detection of fraud and irregularity
 - standards of conduct, and prevention and detection of corruption
 - its financial position.
 - obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems in place in the College sufficient to allow the audit to be planned and an effective audit approach developed.

Our audit work is designed to enable us to form an audit opinion on the financial statements of the College and it should not be relied upon to disclose all irregularities that may exist nor to disclose errors that are not material in relation to the financial statements.

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3 Scope of Work

- We took reasonable steps to plan and carry out the audit to ensure that the above responsibilities were met and that we complied with the requirements of Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice.
- In essence the scope of our work is similar to that applied to a limited company audit, however, the accounting rules and regulations applying to Further Education Colleges are specifically laid down in various documents as detailed below.

Financial Memorandum

This memorandum sets out the terms and conditions under which the Scottish Funding Council will make payments to the Board of Management of Colleges of Further Education out of funds made available by the First Minister of Scotland. We can confirm the College fully complies with the terms and conditions of the memorandum.

Accounts Direction

In preparing its annual accounts the College is required to comply with the directions of the Scottish Funding Council (SFC). The Accounts Direction is designed to ensure that disclosures in the financial statements of all colleges follow best practice. We can confirm the College's financial statements comply with the Accounts Direction.

Guidance on Audit

Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice (March 2007) sets down Audit Scotland's requirements for both internal and external audits. In carrying out our audit work we are also required to comply with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) and to take cognisance of any relevant Practice Notes and other guidance and advice issued by the Auditing Practices Board. We also comply with relevant ethical standards and guidance issued or adopted by the relevant professional accountancy bodies and any supplementary guidance issued by Audit Scotland.

Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP)

- A revised SORP: Accounting for Further and Higher Education was published in July 2007 which was effective for all colleges in 2007/08. The key changes in the SORP which are relevant to the college are as follows:
 - The requirement for an operating and financial review which encompasses an overview of the college's finances and operations and takes account of good practice.
- We can confirm that the financial statements of the College, and in particular the operating and financial review, are in general in compliance with the requirements of the 2007 SORP. The following areas, as laid out in the model financial statements, could be further enhanced, in terms of the level of content, by the College during 2008/09:
 - Performance indicators;
 - Principal risks and uncertainties
- In addition to the key change affecting the college the following areas are subject to new emphasis within the revised SORP which affect the college:
 - Component accounting. This is an area which should be borne in mind by college management in the future in light of ongoing development options. College management should ensure future projects are split into component parts based on useful economic life and depreciated accordingly.

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- The disclosure requirements in respect of FRS 17 Retirement benefits has been amended. It now states that the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) is a multi employer scheme where it is normally possible for individual employers as admitted bodies to identify their share of assets and liabilities. The SORP therefore considers these schemes should be accounted for as defined benefit schemes (provided that the assets and liabilities relating to colleges can be measured on a reliable and consistent basis) and that the exemption which allows accounting on a defined contribution basis is unlikely to apply. However, in the unlikely case that the exemption does apply, the SORP requires that, in addition to the defined contribution disclosures required by FRS 17, colleges should disclose:
 - the reason why sufficient information is not available to account for the scheme as a defined benefit scheme;
 - the fact that the scheme is a defined benefit scheme but the college is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities;
 - any available information about the existence of the surplus or deficit in the scheme and the implications of that surplus or deficit for the college.

The College is already accounting for the SPF scheme on a defined benefit basis for 2007/08.

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4 Audit Findings

Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements and the required working papers were ready for audit on 30 September 2008, in line with the agreed timetable.

Audit Opinion

We are satisfied that the financial statements of the College present a true and fair view of its financial position as at 31 July 2008. Following approval of the financial statements by the Board of Management on 12 December 2008 our audit report expresses unqualified opinions on (i) the financial statements of the College for the year ended 31 July 2008 and (ii) regularity.

Financial Commentary

■ This section summaries the main financial features and key movements from the prior year.

Income and expenditure account

■ The College made a surplus on continuing operations of £210,000, 0.9% of total income (2006/07: £343,000 and 1.4%) in respect of the year ended 31 July 2008. The sector average for 2006/07 was 1.6%.

Income

■ Total income decreased by £714,000 (3.0%). The decrease is primarily due to a reduction in European Grant Income of £683,000 and in Other Operating Income of £486,000, offset by an increase in SFC Grants of £212,000 and Investment income of £89,000.

The table below summarises the main sources of income for 2007/08 and 2006/07.

	2007/08	2006/07	2007/08	2006/07 %
	£'000	£'000	%	70
Scottish Funding Council Grants	16,439	16,227	72%	69%
Tuition Fees and Education Contracts	2,805	2,651	12%	11%
European Grant Income	499	1,182	2%	5%
Other Income	2,986	3,472	13%	15%
Investment Income	213	124	1%	>1%
Total Income	22,942	23,656	100%	100%

A significant proportion of income is received from the Scottish Funding Council and the various sources of income remain relatively consistent with 2006/07. The college's level of dependency on SFC Grants is comparable with other College's delivering over 80,000 WSUMs from review of the 2006/07 Scottish Funding Council performance indicators. Total Funding Council Grant income is normally in the region of 72%, based on the 2006/07 statistics for colleges in this category. The college is also in

line with the sector average of 71% of total funding from the Funding Council.

Expenditure

- Total expenditure decreased by £581,000 (2.5%) in comparison to 2006/07. The reduction in expenditure is less than the reduction in income and consequently the reported surplus is less than last year. The decrease in costs is, in the main, due to a decrease in other operating expenses. The most significant movements are detailed below:
 - A decrease in other operating expenses of £546,000 with significant reductions in teaching, premises and administration costs alike. All cost reductions have been required as a result in the level of income received; and
 - A decrease in staff costs of £102,000.
 - These reductions in spend are offset by an increase in pension costs incurred in relation to early retirements of £64k.
- The table below summarises the main sources of expenditure for 2007/08 and 2006/07.

	2007/08	2006/07	2007/08	2006/07
	£'000	£'000	%	%
Staff costs	16,438	16,540	72%	71%
Future Pension Provisions	212	148	1%	1%
Other Operating Expenditure	4,479	5,025	20%	21%
Depreciation	1,159	1,141	5%	5%
Interest payable	444	459	2%	2%
Total Expenditure	22,732	23,313	100%	100%

Proportionately expenditure remains consistent with 2006/07.

Balance sheet

- Net assets at 31 July 2008 are £10,728,000 (after deferred grants) (31 July 2007: £11,771,000)
- The balance on the income and expenditure account carried forward (excluding pension) at 31 July 2008 is a surplus of £86,000 (31 July 2007: £125,000 deficit).
- The balance on revaluation reserve carried forward as at 31 July 2008 is a surplus of £11,495,000 (31 July 2007: surplus £11,678,000).

Cash Flow

■ During 2007/2008 the College experienced a net inflow of cash of £1,150,000 (2006/07: outflow of £24,000).

Financial Forecasting

■ The 2007-08 financial plan forecast a surplus of £56k. There were various movements on budget as set out below. Fluctuations in income have been offset by a careful monitoring of costs. The increase in surplus can primarily be attributed to the investment income recognised following the FRS17 adjustment.

Financial Forecasting	2007/0
	£'000
2007-08 forecast outturn per budget	56
Reduction in SFC grant income	-149
Increase in Tuition fee income	129
Reduction in European grant income	-176
Increase in other income	125
Reduction in staff costs	157
Increase in other costs	-26
Pension related entries not budgeted	
Early retirement provision enhancement	-88
FRS17 interest adjustment	182
2007/08 actual outturn at 31 July 2008	210

- The reduction in SFC income is not controllable by the College and accordingly the College has deferred expenditure associated with these costs until the income is available.
- Other adjustments which are non controllable relate to the pension scheme enhancement and the FRS17 interest adjustment.
- As a result of these non controllable movements the college has moved to control staff costs to offset these increases and the increase in other costs.

■ The following table summarises the forecast income, expenditure and cash balances for the College for 2008/09.

	£'000
Income	23,820
Expenditure	23,454
Forecast surplus for the year ending 31 July 2009	366
Overdraft balance at 31 July 2008	(1,180)
Forecast movement in cash during 2008/09	240
Resulting overdraft balance at 31 July 2009	

■ Both College income and expenditure are expected to increase in 2008/09. The increase in income is due to increased grant in aid funding and the release of deferred financial security grant monies. The increase in costs will be due to salary increases.

Going Concern Basis

In preparing the accounts on a going concern basis the Board of Management is satisfied that SFC will provide sufficient funding to enable the College to operate for at least twelve months from 12 December 2008.

Performance Indicators

■ The Scottish Further Education Funding Council's ('SFEFC') financial security campaign was announced in December 2002, its principal objective being that all colleges would report underlying operating surpluses by the end of 2005-06. Financial security is defined as the ability, on a continuing basis, to generate operating

surpluses reliably and as planned, and through that accumulate a reasonable level of financial reserve. The college must also generate sufficient cash to finance its operations and meet its liabilities; regular operating surpluses would ensure this.

- Under the terms of the financial memorandum between SFC and the College, it is the responsibility of the governing body "to ensure that the institution strives to achieve best value from its use of public funds from all sources". It is intended that the financial performance indicators used by the Funding Council, when set alongside other performance data, will support the college in seeking best value.
- The table on page 12 has been produced from the data published by the Funding Council through circular SFC/44/2008 in respect of the Financial Statements as at 31 July 2007. The formulae have then been applied to the 2007/08 Financial Statements.
- As can be seen Reid Kerr College's performance is variable in comparison to other Colleges within their Group (Income base > £20m) and the Sector.

	Reid Kerr College Factor 2007-08	Reid Kerr College Factor 2006-07	Group Average Factor 2006-07	Sector Average Factor 2006-07
Underlying operating surplus/ (deficit) % of total income	0.9%	1.4%	3.7%	3.3%
Operating surplus/ (deficit) % of total income	0.9%	1.4%	1.0%	1.6%
Designated plus I&E reserves % of total income	0.4%	-0.5%	25.1%	17.0%
Historical cost surplus/ (deficit) % of total income	1.7%	2.2%	4.2%	4.0%
Current assets: Current liabilities	0.5	0.3	1.4	1.4
Interest Cover	3.1	1.7	3.7	5.0

Grant in Aid Funding

The College's WSUMS target for 2007/08 was 81,711 and the College has met its target for the year. As a result the College will not be liable to refund any amounts received in 2008/09. The College has not utilised its fee waiver funding allocation in 2007/08

and a creditor of £220,898 is carried in the accounts. This will be repaid to SFC in due course.

Corporate Governance Framework and Statement

- The Board of Management has eight formally constituted committees which have specific terms of reference and act with delegated authority from the Board.
- We reviewed the College's corporate governance arrangements. Corporate governance is concerned with structures and processes for decision-making, accountability, control and behaviour at the upper levels of the organisation. The college has a responsibility to put in place arrangements for the conduct of its affairs, ensure the legality of activities and transactions and to monitor the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements in practice.
- From our review of Corporate Governance arrangements within the College we do not believe the Corporate Governance statement to be misleading or inconsistent with other information made available to us during the audit process.

System of Internal Control

- A review and assessment of the College's corporate governance arrangements was carried out. This assessment included a review of the College's committee minutes and completion of a number of standard checklists. The checklists cover issues relating to systems of internal control, arrangements for the prevention and detection of fraud and corruption, standards of conduct, issues of legality and the College's financial position.
- The College, in accordance with the Accounts Direction, has included in its financial statements, a statement covering the responsibilities of the Board of Management in relation to corporate governance.

 Our review of the statement concluded that it complies with guidance and is not inconsistent with other information we are aware of from our audit.

Prevention and detection of Fraud and Corruption

The College's arrangements for preventing and detecting fraud and corruption were assessed during the audit. This assessment showed the arrangements to be operating satisfactorily. No frauds were identified by the College in 2007/08.

Review of Internal Audit

- Internal audit is a key element of the internal control system set up by management. A strong internal audit function is necessary to ensure the continuing effectiveness of the internal control systems established. The College therefore, needs to have in place a properly resourced internal audit service of good quality.
- Internal audit services are provided by Wylie & Bisset. An assessment was made of the adequacy of the internal audit input and it was concluded that we as external auditors were able to place reliance on the work of internal audit. Accordingly a certain amount of reliance was placed on the work of internal audit in the following areas during 2007/2008.
 - Personnel & payroll
 - Purchasing and payments
 - Fixed assets, estates management and inventories
 - Corporate governance

Wylie and Bisset issued the internal audit report for the year ended 31 July 2008. This concluded that, the College has 'adequate and effective risk management, control and governance processes to manage its achievement of the College's objectives'...

Misstatements

There were no adjusted or unadjusted misstatement of significance uncovered in the course of our audit work.

Accounting and Internal Control System Weaknesses

No internal control weaknesses were identified during the course of our audit. In the prior year one internal control weakness was identified and implementation of this is partially complete. This is discussed in section 5.

Qualitative Aspect of the College's Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting

Our overall assessment, based on our work undertaken, is that the financial procedures of the College are adequate to enable annual financial statements to be produced in the prescribed form.

FRS 17 - Retirement Benefits

- This standard was published in November 2000 introducing significant changes to the way in which colleges should account for defined benefit pension schemes. Full implementation of FRS17 'Retirement Benefits' was mandatory from 2005/06 year ends. The College participates in the Scottish Teachers Superannuation Scheme ('STSS') and the Strathclyde Pension Fund ('SPF') which are defined benefit pension schemes. All colleges treat the STSS scheme as a defined contribution scheme as there is general agreement that they are unable to identify their share of the scheme's assets and liabilities.
- In relation to the SPF scheme assets are currently apportioned based on the liability profile though employer assets have been tracked for each employer since 2002. Indications are that the SPF are moving in the same direction as the Lothian Pension Fund and hence towards full defined benefit disclosures. The actuaries provided information on the College's interests in the scheme as at 31 July

2008. Management took the view that this information was sufficiently robust for it to account for its participation on a defined benefit basis.

Early retirement provision

Included in the balance sheet is a provision for the cost of providing for enhanced pensions. The College recalculated this early retirement based on information and advice obtained some years ago from their actuaries. We have suggested to college management that they consider periodically carrying out an actuarial valuation to determine the appropriateness of the carrying value of the provision or alternatively to use the actuarial tables provided by SFC.

Capital Projects

The College has undertaken significant estates redevelopment in earlier years. Specifically a new teaching block has been built. There are still on going development options being considered by management. The College's accounts for 2007/08 did not reflect any potential impairment of existing fixed assets which may be considered for replacement as part of the ongoing development options. FRS 11'Impairment of fixed assets and goodwill' requires the carrying value of fixed assets to be equal to the lower of their value in use or recoverable amount, ie if sold. The College has considered whether there are any indicators of potential impairment in the carrying value of other buildings in light of ongoing development plans. From discussions with college management and review of the current status of any capital projects we concur with college management's view that it is too early to determine what, if any, impairment there may be as a result of ongoing development options.

Valuation of Land and Buildings

The College land and buildings were last revalued at 31 July 2005. In accordance with the requirements of FRS15 '*Tangible Fixed Assets*' an interim valuation is required at 31 July 2008. From discussion with management this valuation has not been carried out. Management do not consider there to be a significant movement in the current carrying value of land and buildings.

Historical cost disclosure

The historical cost disclosure information required by FRS15 'Tangible Fixed Assets' has been omitted from the accounts on the grounds the College does not readily have this information available. College management will rectify this during 2008/09 and make the appropriate disclosure in the 2008/09 accounts.

5 Internal control systems weakness

Findings from 2008 audit

No recommendations have been made in 2008.

Recommendations made during 2007 audit process

Annual declaration of Member's interests

Findings

We reviewed the College Board of Management's annual declarations of member's interests. We found that these were up to date however this was only by discussion with appropriate College management. There was no date or signature applied to these to indicate when they were last updated or that the member's agreed with the declarations made. The declarations were typed up by the College based on information submitted to them by individual Board members.

Recommendation

• We recommend the College ensure all annual declarations are signed and dated by the appropriate Board member on completion.

Management Response at 31 July 2007

Agreed

Status during 2008 audit process

Findings

This recommendation has been partially implemented during the year under review. Some, but not all, of the 2008 declarations have been signed and returned.

Management Response at 31 July 2008

• We will endeavour to ensure this recommendation is implemented in full as soon as reasonably possible.

6 Other Matters

The Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 ("the Act") came into force in April 2006, introducing new duties and responsibilities for the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator ("OSCR").

All charities, including Scotland's colleges, are required to demonstrate to the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator (OSCR) that they meet the new charity test, set out the in the Act. In a pilot, on John Wheatley College, OSCR ruled that the college did not meet the charity test because its constitution permits Scottish Ministers to direct or otherwise control its activities. A statutory instrument was laid in parliament in June 2008 which came into force on 27th June 2008. This disapplies the section in the Act in relation to controlling activities, consequently charitable status is maintained.

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP

12 December 2008

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