# Stow College Report to the Board and the Auditor General for Scotland

Year ended 31 July 2008



**BDO Stoy Hayward** 

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# **1** Executive Summary

#### Introduction

- The purpose of this report is to highlight and explain key issues arising from our audit of the financial statements of Stow College ('the College') for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> July 2008.
- The matters raised in this report, are only those which have come to our attention arising from or relevant to our work that we believe need to be brought to your attention. Our audit work is designed to enable us to form an audit opinion on the financial statements of the College and it should not be relied upon to disclose all irregularities that may exist nor to disclose errors that are not material in relation to the financial statements.
- This report has been prepared solely for use by the Board of Management of Stow College and the Auditor General for Scotland.
- The approval of the financial statements was delayed until March 2009 pending discussion with SFC on the fundability of two College programmes. These discussions are still ongoing and the matter is referred to in note 24 to the financial statements under the heading of contingent liabilities. The Board of Management is of the opinion that based upon the legal advice it has received and the uncertainty of any future opinion and actions SFC may take on these programmes, that no reliable estimate can be made of any potential obligation and that no provision should be recognised in the financial statements.
- We have completed our audit work in respect of the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2008 and will be issuing an unqualified audit opinion for the year.

#### **Scope of Work**

• The accounting rules and regulations applied to Further Education Colleges are specifically laid out in various documents as discussed in section 3 of this report. We can confirm that the College is in compliance with the regulations and disclosures required to be made in the financial statements in respect of these documents.

#### **Corporate Governance Arrangements**

• The corporate governance statement within the College's financial statements states that the College has been fully compliant with guidance on corporate governance for the year ended 31 July 2008. We identified no issues of concern in relation to fraud and irregularity nor did we identify any major errors or weaknesses during our audit. In general the College's systems of internal control appear to be adequate.

#### Compliance with Scottish Funding Council ('SFC') Accounts Direction

• We can confirm in preparing the financial statements the College has complied with the Accounts Direction for Scotland's colleges and universities issued under circular SFC/35/2008.

#### Conclusion

• The audit of Stow College was performed in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) as required by the Code of Audit Practice approved by the Auditor General for Scotland. This report has been issued to College management and will be considered by the Audit Committee.

#### Acknowledgement

• The 2007/08 audit process brought us into contact with a number of staff within the College. We wish to place on record our appreciation of the cooperation extended to us by those personnel.

# 2 Introduction

#### **Purpose of Report**

- This report has been prepared in connection with our audit of the financial statements of the College for the year ended 31 July 2008. This report summarises the principal matters that have come to our attention during the course of the audit.
- The contents of the report should not be taken as reflecting the view of BDO Stoy Hayward LLP except where explicitly stated as being so. To a certain extent, the content of this report comprises general information which has been provided by, or is based on discussions with, the management of the College. Except to the extent necessary for the purposes of the audit, this information has not been independently verified.
- One of the purposes of this report is to record features of the year's activities, the way they are treated in the financial statements and the comments thereon provided to audit staff by the College's staff.

#### **Audit Bodies**

- The Auditor General, a royal appointment on the nomination of the Scottish Parliament, plays a key role in holding the Scottish public spending bodies to account for the proper, efficient and effective use of public money.
- Audit Scotland is an independent statutory body which was set up in April 2000 to provide assistance and support to the Accounts Commission and to the Auditor General for Scotland in the exercise of their respective functions. The Auditor General is responsible for securing the audit of the Scottish Executive, Further Education Colleges and other public bodies.

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP was appointed by Audit Scotland as external auditor to Stow College for 5 years covering the financial years 2006/07 to 2010/11. This report summarises our audit work for 2007/08 and details how the requirements of the Statement of Responsibilities and the Code of Audit Practice have been met by the College and by BDO Stoy Hayward LLP

#### **College Responsibilities**

- The College is publicly accountable for the conduct of business and the stewardship of funds under its control. The College's Board of Management is therefore responsible for:
  - establishing adequate corporate governance procedures;
  - ensuring funds from the SFC are used only for the purposes for which they have been given and in accordance with the Financial Memorandum with the SFC and any other conditions which the SFC may from time to time prescribe;
  - ensuring that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public funds and funds from other sources;
  - safeguarding the assets of the College and taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities;
  - securing the economical, efficient and effective management of the College's resources and expenditure;
  - maintaining proper accounting records and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the College at the year-end and its income and expenditure for the year.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities and Approach

- We are required to report to the Board of Management of the College and to the Auditor General for Scotland on the financial statements of the College. Our responsibilities are to:
  - provide an opinion, to the extent required by the relevant authorities, on the financial statements of the College and the regularity of transactions in accordance with standards and guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board.
  - review and report on the requirements of Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice (March 2007), regarding the College's corporate governance arrangements relating to:
    - the College's review of its systems of internal control
    - the prevention and detection of fraud and irregularity
    - standards of conduct, and prevention and detection of corruption
    - its financial position.
  - obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems in place in the College sufficient to allow the audit to be planned and an effective audit approach developed.

• Our audit work is designed to enable us to form an audit opinion on the financial statements of the College and it should not be relied upon to disclose all irregularities that may exist nor to disclose errors that are not material in relation to the financial statements.

# 3 Scope of Work

- We took reasonable steps to plan and carry out the audit to ensure that the above responsibilities were met and that we complied with the requirements of Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice.
- In essence the scope of our work is similar to that applied to a limited company audit, however, the accounting rules and regulations applying to Further Education Colleges are specifically laid down in various documents as detailed below.

#### **Financial Memorandum**

This memorandum sets out the terms and conditions under which the Scottish Funding Council will make payments to the Board of Management of Colleges of Further Education out of funds made available by the First Minister of Scotland. We can confirm the College fully complies with the terms and conditions of the memorandum.

#### **Accounts Direction**

In preparing its annual accounts the College is required to comply with the directions of the Scottish Funding Council (SFC). The Accounts Direction is designed to ensure that disclosures in the financial statements of all colleges follow best practice. We can confirm the College's financial statements comply with the Accounts Direction.

#### **Guidance on Audit**

Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice (March 2007) sets down Audit Scotland's requirements for both internal and external audits. In carrying out our audit work we are also required to comply with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) and to take cognisance of any relevant Practice Notes and other guidance and advice issued by the Auditing Practices Board. We also comply with relevant ethical standards and guidance issued or adopted by the relevant professional accountancy bodies and any supplementary guidance issued by Audit Scotland.

#### Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP)

- A revised SORP: Accounting for Further and Higher Education was published in July 2007 which was effective for all colleges in 2007/08. The key changes in the SORP which are relevant to the college are as follows:
  - The requirement for an operating and financial review which encompasses an overview of the college's finances and operations and takes account of good practice.
- We can confirm that the financial statements of the College, and in particular the operating and financial review, are in general in compliance with the requirements of the 2007 SORP.
- In addition to the key changes affecting the college the following areas are subject to new emphasis within the revised SORP which affect the college:
  - Component accounting. This is an area which should be borne in mind by college management in the future in light of ongoing development options. College management should ensure future projects are split into constituent parts based on useful economic life and depreciated accordingly.
  - The disclosure requirements in respect of *FRS 17 Retirement Benefits* has been amended. It now states that the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) is a multi employer scheme where it is normally possible for individual employers as admitted bodies to identify their share of assets and liabilities. The SORP therefore considers these schemes should be accounted for as defined benefit schemes (provided that the assets and liabilities relating to

colleges can be measured on a reliable and consistent basis) and that the exemption which allows accounting on a defined contribution basis is unlikely to apply. However, in the unlikely case that the exemption does apply, the SORP requires that, in addition to the defined contribution disclosures required by FRS 17, colleges should disclose:

- the reason why sufficient information is not available to account for the scheme as a defined benefit scheme;
- the fact that the scheme is a defined benefit scheme but the college is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities;
- any available information about the existence of the surplus or deficit in the scheme and the implications of that surplus or deficit for the college.

The college has taken the view that it is unable to identify its own share of the underlying assets and liabilities within the SPF scheme on a reliable and consistent basis. As there is no definitive guidance issued by the SFC, the college continues to account for contributions to both of it's schemes as if they are defined contribution schemes.

### 4 Audit Findings

#### **Preparation of Financial Statements**

• The financial statements and the required working papers were ready for audit on 1 October 2008, in line with the agreed timetable. The working papers supplied to us were of very good quality.

#### **Audit Opinion**

We are satisfied that the financial statements of the College present a true and fair view of its financial position as at 31 July 2008. Following approval of the financial statements by the Board of Management on 26 November 2008 our audit report expresses unqualified opinions on (i) the financial statements of the College for the year ended 31 July 2008 and (ii) regularity.

#### **Financial Commentary**

• This section summaries the main financial features and key movements from the prior year.

#### Income and expenditure account

■ The College made a surplus of £81,000, 0.6% of total income (2006/07: £64,000 and 0.5%) in respect of the year ended 31 July 2008. The sector average for 2006/07 was 1.6%.

#### Income

Total income increased by £688,000 (5.3%). Significant movements include an increase of £940,000 in SFC grants and a reduction in other grant income of £376,000.

The table below summarises the main sources of income for 2007/08 and 2006/07.

	2007/08	2006/07	2007/08	2006/07
	£'000	£'000	%	%
Scottish Funding Council Grants	10,799	9,859	78%	76%
Tuition Fees and Education Contracts	2,286	2,057	17%	16%
Other Grant Income	144	520	1%	4%
Other Operating Income	377	531	3%	4%
Endowment and Investment Income	131	82	1%	<1%
Total Income	13,737	13,049	100%	100%

■ A large percentage of total income is received from SFC with the various sources of income remaining relatively consistent with 2006/07. The college is more dependant on SFC Grants than other College's delivering over 50,000 WSUMs. From review of the

2006/07 SFC performance indicators, total SFC grant income is normally in the region of 71% for colleges in this category.

#### Expenditure

- Total expenditure increased by £671,000 (5.2%) in comparison to 2006/07. The most significant movements are detailed below:
  - An increase in staff costs of £313,000;
  - Increased energy costs of £68,000; and
  - Increased IT purchases and repairs and maintenance funded by non recurrent grants.
- The table below summarises the main sources of expenditure for 2007/08 and 2006/07.

	2007/08	2006/07	2007/08	2006/07
	£'000	£'000	%	%
Staff costs	8,803	8,490	64%	65%
Other Operating Expenses	3,526	3,186	26%	25%
Depreciation	1,327	1,305 4	10%	10%
Interest payable	-		-	<1%
Total Expenditure	13,656	12,985	100%	100%

#### Balance sheet

- Net assets at 31 July 2008 are £9,053,000 (31 July 2007: £7,571,000)
- The balance on the income and expenditure account carried forward as at 31 July 2008 is a surplus of £1,766,000 (31 July 2007: £1,464,000).
- The balance on revaluation reserve carried forward as at 31 July 2008 is a surplus of £5,359,000 (31 July 2007: surplus £3,946,000).
- The balance on deferred capital grants carried forward as at 31 July 2008 is £1,928,000 (31 July 2007: £2,161,000).

#### **Cash Flow**

■ During 2007/08 the College experienced a net inflow of cash of £1,043,000 (2006/07: inflow of £229,000).

#### Financial Forecasting

The 2007-08 budget forecast a surplus of £62k. The main movements are in relation to additional income for specific projects from the Funding Council announced after the completion of the budget and FFR process, and increased operating costs in relation to grant funded expenditure and utility costs.

Proportionately expenditure remains consistent with 2006/07.

• The following table summarises the forecast income, expenditure and cash balances for the College for 2008/09.

Financial Forecasting	2007/08
	£'000
2007-08 forecast outturn	62
Increased SFC grant income	462
Increased tuition fees and education contracts	59
Decreased project grants	(171)
Increased investment income	71
Increased release of deferred capital grants	195
Increased payroll costs	(197)
Increased operating costs	(389)
Increased depreciation	(12)
Decreased interest payable	24
Other	<u>(23)</u>
2007/08 actual outturn at 31 July 2008	<u>81</u>

	£'000
Income	13,891
Expenditure	<u>13,812</u>
Forecast surplus for the year ending 31 July 2009	79
Cash balance at 31 July 2008	2,571
Forecast movement in cash during 2008/09	(69)
Resulting cash balance at 31 July 2009	_2,502

- Both College income and expenditure are expected to increase in 2008/09. Increased income reflects increased European grant funding for projects awarded during 2007/08, against increased costs for undertaking these projects. The College has also forecast a fall in SFC Grant income, in relation to additional grants received in 2007/08 which may not be awarded in 2008/09.
- Cash at bank and in hand should remain fairly static as the College retains cash to partcipate in the New Campus Glasgow project.

#### **Going Concern Basis**

In preparing the accounts on a going concern basis the Board of Management is satisfied that SFC will provide sufficient funding to enable the College to operate for at least twelve months from 30 April 2009.

#### **Performance Indicators**

- The Scottish Further Education Funding Council's ('SFEFC') financial security campaign was announced in December 2002, its principal objective being that all colleges would report underlying operating surpluses by the end of 2005-06. Financial security is defined as the ability, on a continuing basis, to generate operating surpluses reliably and as planned, and through that accumulate a reasonable level of financial reserves. The college must also generate sufficient cash to finance its operations and meet its liabilities; regular operating surpluses would ensure this.
- Under the terms of the financial memorandum between SFC and the College, it is the responsibility of the governing body "to ensure that the institution strives to achieve best value from its use of public funds from all sources". It is intended that the financial performance indicators used by the Funding Council, when set alongside other performance data, will support the college in seeking best value.
- The table below has been produced from the data published by the Funding Council through circular SFC/44/2008 in respect of the Financial Statements as at 31 July 2007. The formulae have then been applied to the 2007/08 Financial Statements.
- Whilst Stow College lags behind in terms of income and expenditure percentages in comparison to other Colleges within its Group (Income base > £10m-£15m) and the Sector, it is ahead of its peers in terms of balance sheet benchmarks.

	<u>Stow</u> <u>College</u> <u>Factor</u> 2007-08	<u>Stow</u> <u>College</u> <u>Factor</u> 2006-07	<u>Group</u> <u>Average</u> <u>Factor</u> 2006-07	<u>Sector</u> <u>Average</u> <u>Factor</u> 2006-07
Underlying operating surplus % of total income	0.6%	0.6%	2.6%	3.3%
Operating surplus % of total income	0.6%	0.5%	2.0%	1.6%
Designated plus I&E reserves % of total income	12.9%	11.2%	6.1%	17.0%
Historical cost surplus/ (deficit) % of total income	2.2%	2.2%	3.5%	4.0%
Current assets: Current liabilities	2.2	1.6	1.7	1.4
Interest Cover	N/A	17.0	6.5	5.0

#### **Corporate Governance Framework and Statement**

- The Board of Management has six formally constituted committees which have specific terms of reference and act with delegated authority from the Board.
- We reviewed the College's corporate governance arrangements. Corporate governance is concerned with structures and processes for

decision-making, accountability, control and behaviour at the upper levels of the organisation. The college has a responsibility to put in place arrangements for the conduct of its affairs, ensure the legality of activities and transactions and to monitor the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements in practice.

From our review of Corporate Governance arrangements within the College we do not believe the Corporate Governance statement to be misleading or inconsistent with other information made available to us during the audit process.

#### **System of Internal Control**

- A review and assessment of the College's corporate governance arrangements was carried out. This assessment included a review of the College's committee minutes and completion of a number of standard checklists. The checklists cover issues relating to systems of internal control, arrangements for the prevention and detection of fraud and corruption, standards of conduct, issues of legality and the College's financial position.
- The College, in accordance with the Accounts Direction, has included in its financial statements, a statement covering the responsibilities of the Board of Management in relation to corporate governance.
- Our review of the statement concluded that it complies with guidance and is not inconsistent with other information we are aware of from our audit.

#### **Prevention and detection of Fraud and Corruption**

• The College's arrangements for preventing and detecting fraud and corruption were assessed during the audit. This assessment showed the arrangements to be operating satisfactorily. No frauds were identified by the College in 2007/08.

#### **Review of Internal Audit**

- Internal audit is a key element of the internal control system set up by management. A strong internal audit function is necessary to ensure the continuing effectiveness of the internal control systems established. The College therefore, needs to have in place a properly resourced internal audit service of good quality.
- Internal audit services are provided by Wylie & Bisset. An assessment was made of the adequacy of the internal audit input and it was concluded that we as external auditors were able to place reliance on the work of internal audit. Accordingly a certain amount of reliance was placed on the work of internal audit in the following areas during 2007/2008.
  - Student Support Funds Bursary/EMA System
  - Finance System Controls & Procedures
  - Catering Operation Systems & Controls
  - Corporate Governance
  - Risk Management
  - Value For Money Procurement

In August 2008, Wylie & Bisset issued the internal audit report for the year ended 31 July 2008. This concluded that, the College has an adequate framework of control, based on the systems examined.

#### **Misstatements**

- One reallocation in relation to opening balances across the fixed asset categories was required. The adjustment was made by the finance manager.
- There were no unadjusted misstatements of significance uncovered in the course of our audit work.

#### Accounting and Internal Control System Weaknesses

• There were no internal control weaknesses identified during the course of our audit.

# Qualitative Aspect of the College's Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting

• Our overall assessment, based on our work undertaken, is that the financial procedures of the College are adequate to enable annual financial statements to be produced in the prescribed form.

#### **FRS 17 – Retirement Benefits**

- This standard was published in November 2000 introducing significant changes to the way in which colleges should account for defined benefit pension schemes. Full implementation of FRS17 'Retirement Benefits' was mandatory from 2005/06 year ends. The College participates in the Scottish Teachers Superannuation Scheme ('STSS') and the Strathclyde Pension Fund ('SPF') which are defined benefit pension schemes. All colleges treat the STSS scheme as a defined contribution scheme as there is general agreement that they are unable to identify their share of the scheme's assets and liabilities.
- The debate regarding the appropriate accounting treatment of the Strathclyde Pension Fund has not been resolved to a definitive position. Following a further review the Scottish Funding Council ('SFC') issued its findings and conclusions in a letter dated 17 October 2008. The SFC states that "whilst the arguments are finely balanced regarding the accounting treatment, the direction of travel does appear to be towards accounting for the SPF as a defined benefit scheme". Although the SFC is minded to advise colleges in the SPF to consider the possibility of accounting for the scheme as defined benefit, no directive to this effect is given, and it is acknowledged that there is scope within FRS17, as currently worded, to account for the scheme as defined contribution.

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

In November 2008, SFC carried out a review of fundability of certain Stow College programmes. SFC raised issues concerning the fundability of two of these programmes and there are still outstanding issues that could result in a possible obligation under FRS 12 – Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. The Board of Management has taken legal advice in respect of these programmes and is of the opinion that the College's interpretation of the relevant guidance is fair and reasonable and that these programmes are fundable. Based upon the legal advice it has received and the uncertainty of any future opinion and actions SFC may take on these programmes, the Board of Management is of the opinion that no reliable estimate can be made of any potential obligation and that no provision should be recognised in the financial statements.

#### Early retirement provision

Included in the balance sheet is a provision for the cost of providing for enhanced pensions. The College recalculated this early retirement provision using the actuarial tables, guidance issued by SFC and an appropriate interest rate.

#### **New Campus Glasgow Project**

In conjunction with three other colleges in Glasgow, the College was working on the New Campus Glasgow project. The College withdrew from the project in March 2009 as the Board of Management concluded that the project had changed to such an extent that it was no longer in the interests of their stakeholders. Any costs incurred by the College in relation to this project should be written off to income and expenditure account in the year to 31 July 2009.

#### **ESF Income**

• The College is accounting for ESF income in its income and expenditure account by matching income against relevant costs in accordance with its accounting policy. During the course of our audit work we uncovered no breaches of the conditions attached to the ESF claims and we received assurances from management that this was the case.

#### Sums achievement

The College delivered 53,332 WSUMS and did not achieve its WSUMS target of 53,978 for the 2007/08 academic year. However, as the College is within the 2% band allowed by SFC it will not be liable to refund any amounts received during 2008/09.

# **5** Other Matters

• The Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 ("the Act") came into force in April 2006, introducing new duties and responsibilities for the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator ("OSCR").

All charities, including Scotland's colleges, are required to demonstrate to the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator (OSCR) that they meet the new charity test, set out the in the Act. In a pilot, on John Wheatley College, OSCR ruled that the college did not meet the charity test because its constitution permits Scottish Ministers to direct or otherwise control its activities. A statutory instrument was laid in parliament in June 2008 which came into force on 27<sup>th</sup> June 2008. This disapplies the section in the Act in relation to controlling activities, consequently charitable status is maintained.

#### **BDO Stoy Hayward LLP**

March 2009