# ANNUAL REPORT 13/14 IMPACT





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#### Introduction

- Our vision is to be a world-class audit organisation that improves the use of public money. Through our reports to the Auditor General and the Accounts Commission, we provide independent assurance to the people of Scotland that public money is spent properly and provides value for money. We aim to achieve this by:
  - carrying out relevant and timely audits of the way the public sector manages and spends money
  - reporting our findings and conclusions in public
  - identifying risks, making clear and relevant recommendations for improvement, and following these up.
- 2. All our audit work aims to improve the use of public money, and the recommendations we make in our reports are an essential element of this. We focus our work on those areas which are most relevant to this overall aim governance and financial management, value for money, financial sustainability and improving the transparency of financial and performance reporting.
- 3. During the year, an external independent review of our work found that the source of Audit Scotland's impact is built on a number of features including:<sup>1</sup>
  - our statutory role and status: the carrying out of an independent audit process with right
    of access and which is open and transparent creates the pressure to do things well and
    with integrity
  - providing assurance to the public and wider stakeholders in ways which ensure confidence in the public sector in Scotland and therefore our wider society
  - the quality and credibility of our reports
  - the identification and articulation of risk
  - the clarity of our recommendations and their clear foundation in evidence
  - active following through on the implementation of recommendations and clear encouragement to take action
  - the guidance we offer to support the implementation of recommendations, including checklists and good practice.
- 4. Measuring the impact of our work gives us assurance that we are doing the right thing. During 2013/14, our corporate impact group supported individual business groups strengthen their approach to planning and promoting our audit work and measuring its impact. We produced impact reports on our financial audit work and on individual performance audits throughout the year and these demonstrate that our work makes a positive impact.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Review of Audit Scotland's approach to measuring the impact of its work, Rocket Science, May 2013

- 5. This review summarises the findings from these reports. It is split into three sections:
  - How we measure impact
  - What impact our reports have made
  - What we have learned.

# How do we measure impact?

7. To measure and report impact, we use a framework which sets out the four broad areas where we expect our work to make a difference. These broad areas are financial sustainability, value for money, governance and financial management, and transparency of reporting. They have been collectively identified by Audit Scotland as the public sector audit dimensions and are used to plan, report and measure the impact of our work (Exhibit 1).

#### Exhibit 1

#### **Audit Scotland's impact framework**

We have identified four broad areas, the public sector audit dimensions, where we expect our work to make a difference.

#### **Financial Sustainability**

- Is public spending being balanced with funding and other income in the short term?
- Are long-term financial pressures understood and planned for?
- Is public sector investment (including capital, reform and preventative spending) effective?

# Governance and financial management

- Is governance effective?
- Is financial management effective?
- Is there effective leadership, capacity, capability and support?

#### Value for money

- How much is spent?
- Are resources being used efficiently?
- Are services improving?
- Is there scope to improve VFM for the public purse as a whole?

## **Transparency of reporting**

- Is financial information transparent?
- Is public sector performance reporting clear, balanced and effective?
- Is the quality of reporting improving?

- 8. We are reporting on the impact we measured during 2013/14. This will not always relate to reports published during 2013/14. Reports published in previous years may have continued impact as audited bodies implement the recommendations, use the findings for baseline information or use checklists provided to support improvement. The full impact of a report may not emerge until many months or years after publication, and we may never be able to capture all elements of impact.
- 9. We produce a wide range of local and national reports about the performance and financial management of Scotland's public bodies. These can be split into two types of publication:
  - Annual audit reports for all the public bodies we are responsible for auditing, as well as
    the audit certificate on the financial statements. Auditors give detailed reports directly to
    the organisations they audit, as well as many other pieces of work during the financial
    year.
  - A wide range of reports on matters of public interest. These include overview reports on how different sectors perform during each financial year, performance audits on how particular services are performing, or reports which focus on specific issues, either in an individual organisation or across a sector.
- 10. At the planning stage of all audits, we consider what impact we want to achieve using the four public sector audit dimensions, who the target audience for our work is and what methods could be used to reach that audience. After the audit has been completed we measure the actual impact, again using the four public sector audit dimensions. However, we use slightly different approaches for measuring the impact of annual audit reports and public interest reports to reflect their diverse scope, content and audience.
- 11. Annual audit reports on public bodies in Scotland are produced by both our internal teams and by appointed auditors (private accountancy firms appointed by the Accounts Commission and the Auditor General for Scotland to conduct around 40 per cent of our audits). We measure the impact of the annual audits conducted by our own auditors by reviewing the action points identified by the auditor and how the audited body responded to these (for example, whether the improvements were implemented). We collate this information every year in sector-based impact reports (health, local government and central government) and report this internally. This year we also reviewed the impact that audits delivered by the firms had in the local government sector.
- 12. The impact of performance audit and other public interest reports, which tend to make recommendations to a number of different bodies, is captured both through an impact report, completed 12-18 months after a report has been published (performance audits) and ongoing analysis of report downloads and media coverage.
- 13. Also, the impact of both annual audits and public interest reports is measured in our annual survey of audited bodies. Audited bodies are surveyed on a rotating sector basis. The most recent surveys (2012/13 audits) covered the central government and local government sectors and part of the survey asked about impact of audit work.

# What impact have we made?

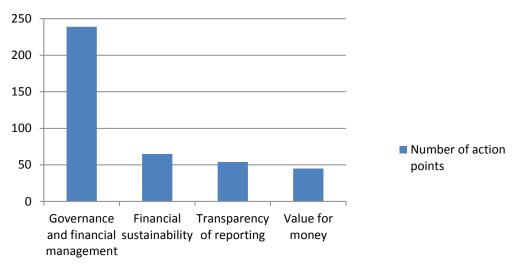
- 14. The work of Audit Scotland on behalf of the Auditor General and the Accounts Commission, forms a critical part of the accountability system for public services in Scotland. Put simply, our job is to improve the use of public money. Our work supports trust in public services by providing assurance that financial management and control is sound. We can shine a spotlight on areas which do not meet the highest standards of governance and financial management. And through our performance audit work, we assess whether public services can demonstrate value for money. We spend around £24m per year to audit over £40 billion pounds of public expenditure in Scotland.
- 15. Our impact can be felt in many ways: improvements to how public money is accounted for; encouraging continuous improvement and the delivery of best value in the public sector; improvements to the way in which whole systems of public service delivery work; and changes to the way public policy is planned and implemented.
- 16. In this section we capture the impact of our work during 2013/14. Because of the diversity of our work, we summarise the impact of our annual audits and that of our public interest reports separately.

#### **Annual audits**

- 17. The main public method by which auditors achieve change, or have an impact, is by agreeing action points for improvement on the significant risks identified with management. It is not easy to capture the other impacts that auditors have at audited bodies, say through discussions with management, though it should be noted that these 'softer impacts' can be very important.
- 18. We have collated information on the action points for improvement made by local auditors (measured during 2013/14 although it relates to the 2012/13 audits). All action points where listed together with a management response were agreed.

## Exhibit 2 Action points proposed by local auditors, by public audit dimension, 2012/13

The vast majority of action points made by local auditors in their 2012/13 annual audit reports related to governance and financial management.



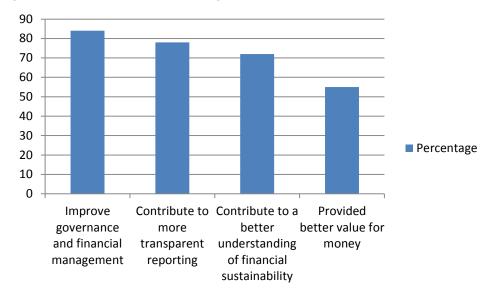
- 19. Sixty-seven per cent of all action points (239 out of 358) made by local auditors in their 2012/13 annual audit reports related to governance and financial management (Exhibit 2). <sup>2</sup> This is to be expected given the nature of local audit work which is primarily focused on the audit of financial statements. The smallest proportion (13 per cent) made reference to value for money, although the number of action points made in relation to transparency of reporting and financial sustainability was relatively low too.
- 20. Similarly, when we asked audited bodies about the contribution auditors made across the four public sector audit dimensions, they reported that the biggest contribution was in improving governance and financial management (Exhibit 3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This includes action points for improvement made by all local government auditors and all Audit Scotland auditors for central government and the NHS. This year action points from appointed auditors (ie private accountancy firms) for central government, the NHS and the further education sector have not been categorised by impact category and so are not included in the analysis.

Exhibit 3

Percentage of audited bodies that agree local auditors make a difference across the four public sector audit dimensions

The most impact that local auditors made, in the view of audited bodies, was in improving governance and financial management.



Source: Audit Scotland

21. Exhibit 4, overleaf, sets out examples of impact resulting from action points made in annual audit reports against the four public sector audit dimensions.

Exhibit 4

Examples of impact resulting from action points made in annual audit reports in the four public sector audit dimensions

We reported a need to We reported the consider the significant number of sustainability of workloads and to equal pay claims made to a number of councils monitor the impact of and the uncertainty that reduced staffing exists over the ultimate levels and highlighted costs - councils will as a risk the continue to keep the considerable adequacy of provisions reduction in staffing under review. levels through early retirement - senior The last published management are actuarial valuation for reviewing vacancies the NHS and establishment to Superannuation inform future Scheme was for the workforce planning. vear ended 31 March 2004. There is a risk A Health Board may ...better that the Board's costs not be able to achieve understanding of ...better value for its savings targets in may increase once the financial the money latest valuation is future years - the sustainability published. Maintain Board compiled a five year financial plan links with the SPPA outlining savings regarding progress with this. targets by service. **Examples of action points** from local auditors in relation to... **Specific** There is a need to recommendations to improve public improve control performance reporting weakness ...more transparent ...improved and the compilation reporting of financial governance and We reported that and reporting of SPI and other financial some councils need data. management? performance? to take further action NHS Boards are to comply with required to produce an OSCR's requirement annual report outlining for separate financial performance for the statements and year. Since 2010/11, a audits for registered Health Board has charities in 2013/14 issued a newsletter to councils are every home in the area complying with the but it did not include OSCR timetable. financial information **NHS Boards are** and details of inspection reports or facing challenges in complaints. Links to achieving their sickness absence electronic versions on the Board website will targets which may have an impact on now be included. service delivery more monitoring being undertaken.

#### **Public interest reports**

- 22. We produce a wide range of reports on matters of public interest. These include overview reports on how different sectors perform during each financial year. Other reports focus on particular issues, either in an individual organisation or across a sector. Many of our reports are considered by Scottish Parliament committees. In 2013/14 we published 23 public interest reports, including:
  - Reshaping care for older people
  - Modern apprenticeships
  - The Highland Council: Caithness Heat and Power follow-up statutory report
  - Management of patients on NHS waiting lists audit update
  - Police reform: progress update 2013
  - Argyll & Bute Council targeted best value work
  - An overview of local government in Scotland
  - Scotland's colleges.
- 23. In 2013/14 there were around 180,000 downloads of Audit Scotland's reports. The reports with the most downloads in the year were *Health Inequalities in Scotland* published in December 2012 (10,036), *Overview of Scotland's justice system* from September 2011 (6,580) and *Prescribing in general practice in Scotland* from January 2013 (4,043). These figures will be influenced by the date of publication. For example, a report published in April 2013 is likely to have been downloaded more times than one published in March 2014. As can be seen from the dates of the reports noted above, impact can also be sustained over a number of years.
- 24. There were over 1,200 media items for Audit Scotland's reports in 2013/14. The report with the most media items was *Police reform* published November 2013.
- 25. When we asked audited bodies for feedback on our local government performance audit reports using the four public sector audit dimensions, the highest scoring impact area was improved governance and financial management with an average 80 per cent agreement rate, transparency of reporting of financial and other performance was second with 78 per cent, better understanding of financial sustainability was third with 75 per cent and better value for money was lowest with 73 per cent. This ranking mirrors the impact categories made by the local auditors.
- 26. The report with the greatest impact across the four dimensions was *Managing performance:*Are you getting it right? This had an average impact score of over 88 per cent, closely followed by *An overview of local government in Scotland* (average 88 per cent).
- 27. Exhibit 5 (page 13) provides examples of how performance audit and other public interest reports contributed to improvements in the four public audit dimensions.

# Exhibit 5 Examples of how public interest reports contributed to improvements in the four public audit dimensions

- A new national project was launched in 2013, supported by the Improvement Service, to develop shared services and joint procurement in council Roads services in response to our reports in 2011 and 2013
- The recommendations for the Scottish Government in Housing in Scotland included that it should review financial pressures on the housing sector and improve long-term planning. The Scottish Government welcomed the report and all its recommendations and announced it has increased subsidy rates and overall resources for new affordable homes.

- Our Police reform 2013
  report said work is now
  urgently needed on a
  financial strategy for
  achieving the £1.1 billion of
  savings expected from the
  national restructure. The
  Chief Constable has
  publicly accepted the
  report's recommendations
  and agreed to work towards
  achieving them.
- The NHS Overview 2012/13 report recommended that the Scottish Government introduce more end-year flexibility for NHS Finances. The Cabinet Secretary has agreed to explore the introduction of this flexibility.

...better understanding of financial sustainability

...improved

governance

and financial

management

Examples of how public interest reports contributed to improvements in...

- Responding to recommendations in our Managing ICT Contracts report (2012), the Scottish Government has established of a Centre of Expertise for Programme and Project Management and the report checklist is now an established tool for information and communications technology management procedures.
- The Best Value report for Argyll & Bute Council highlighted concerns with the council's strategic political leadership. The council developed a new committee structure and an improvement plan in response.

...more transparent reporting of financial and other performance

...better value for

money

- Our Management of the Scottish Government's capital investment programme report included recommendations to the Scottish Government around reporting. The Scottish Government has since developed proposals for improved reporting on capital projects to the Public Audit Committee
- The Scotland's colleges 2013 report provided an annual update on colleges' finances and college regionalisation. This report and its predecessor have provided an independent and objective commentary on these politically sensitive subjects.

### What have we learned?

- 28. In recent years, we have made good progress in measuring impact and the evidence we currently gather provides positive assurance about the impact we make. However, we recognise there is still much more we could do and so we engaged Rocket Science to review our approach and they presented their report to us in May 2013.
- 29. Areas where Rocket Science acknowledged we were making a particularly positive impact included:
  - Where we describe the 'whole system'. An example of this working well was demonstrated by the demand for the A3 Justice System poster, one of the products of our report An overview of Scotland's criminal justice system, published in 2011. This gave a graphic representation of the different elements of the justice system and how they connected.
  - Where we identify the scale of a problem and provide information on the way it is likely to change.
  - Where we compile information that allows organisations to compare their performance.
- 30. However, Rocket Science also identified ways in which the impact of Audit Scotland's work could be enhanced. These included developing our communication methods and gaining insights from organisations about the use and impact of Audit Scotland findings and recommendations.
- 31. We accepted all of Rocket Science's recommendations and have made good progress in implementing them. For example, there have been significant improvements in how we work together as one organisation and we have held a number of events with relevant stakeholders to promote our performance audits and public interest reports. Over the coming year, we will continue to enhance cross-team working to gain greater local impact from our national audit work. We will also revise the Code of Audit Practice to clarify expectations around the focus of our work and how improvements and changes in the use of public money should be reported.

## **Conclusions**

- 32. This report provides some tangible examples of the impact of our work during 2013/14. Across Scotland, all our action points in annual audit reports were accepted by the audited bodies, our public interest reports were presented and discussed by the Accounts Commission and Committees of Scottish Parliament, in particular the Public Audit Committee, and many of our reports featured prominently in the media.
- 33. However, we are still developing our approach to measuring and improving impact and are looking at ways of extracting further value from our work. Our audit planning guidance for audits currently being undertaken asked all auditors to consider the four public sector audit dimensions as part of their audit planning and reporting. We are diversifying the product range of our public interest reports by, for example, producing specific guides for operational managers, checklists for board members and easy-access leaflets for the public.
- 34. As we move forward, we intend to build on the good progress we have made to date by improving cross-team working, capitalising on skills and intelligence across all parts of our organisation. In addition, we will collect feedback more systematically from audited bodies to ensure we are achieving our goal to improve the use of public money.

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