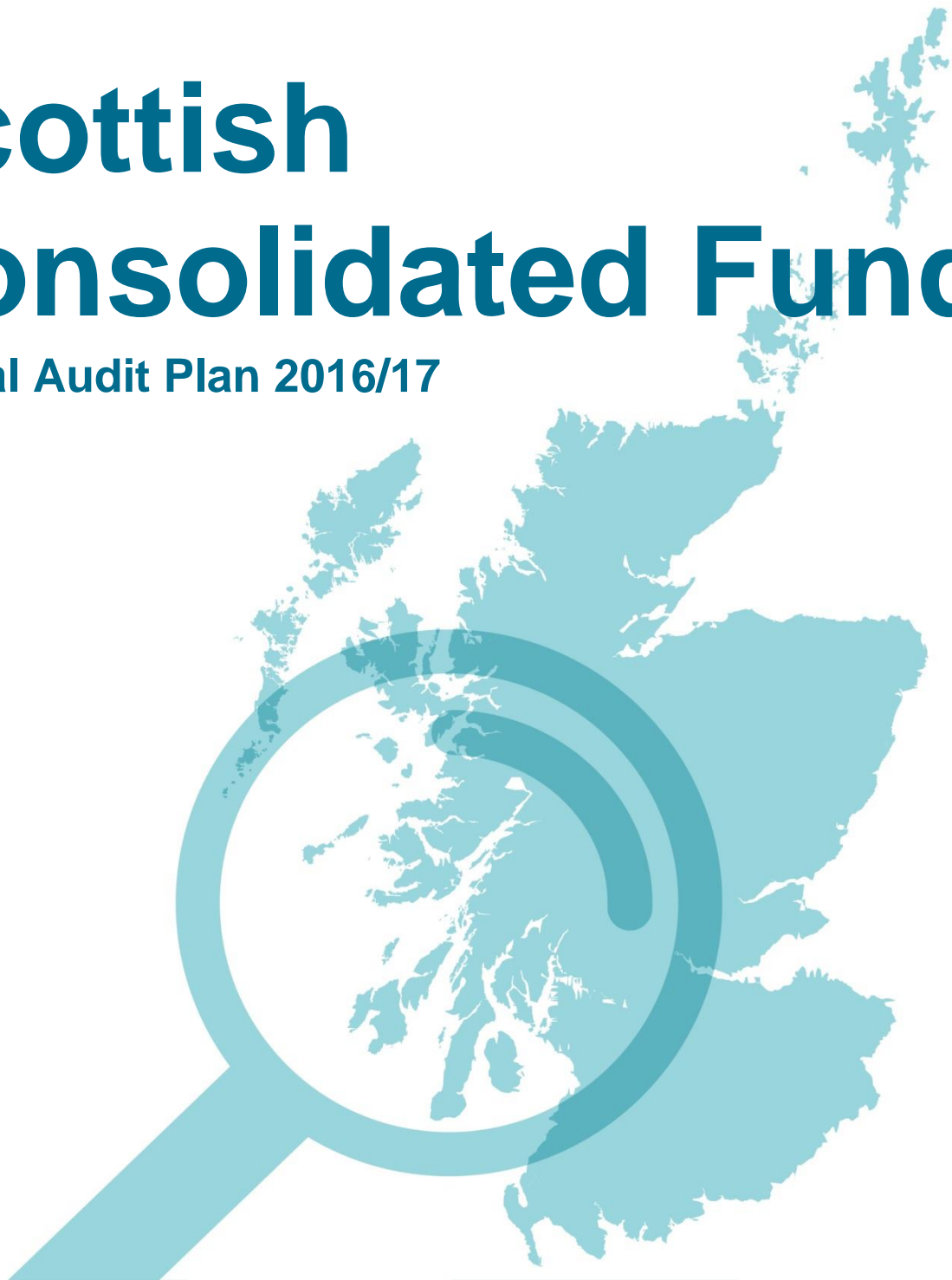


Scottish Consolidated Fund

Annual Audit Plan 2016/17



 AUDIT SCOTLAND

Prepared for the Scottish Government

May 2017

Who we are

The Auditor General, the Accounts Commission and Audit Scotland work together to deliver public audit in Scotland:

- The Auditor General is an independent crown appointment, made on the recommendation of the Scottish Parliament, to audit the Scottish Government, NHS and other bodies and report to Parliament on their financial health and performance.
- The Accounts Commission is an independent public body appointed by Scottish ministers to hold local government to account. The Controller of Audit is an independent post established by statute, with powers to report directly to the Commission on the audit of local government.
- Audit Scotland is governed by a board, consisting of the Auditor General, the chair of the Accounts Commission, a non-executive board chair, and two non-executive members appointed by the Scottish Commission for Public Audit, a commission of the Scottish Parliament.



About us

Our vision is to be a world-class audit organisation that improves the use of public money.

Through our work for the Auditor General and the Accounts Commission, we provide independent assurance to the people of Scotland that public money is spent properly and provides value. We aim to achieve this by:

- carrying out relevant and timely audits of the way the public sector manages and spends money
- reporting our findings and conclusions in public
- identifying risks, making clear and relevant recommendations.

Contents

Risks and planned work	4
Audit risks	4
Reporting arrangements	5
Audit fee	6
Responsibilities	6
Audit scope and timing	7
Financial statements	7
Internal audit	8
Audit dimensions	9
Independence and objectivity	10
Quality control	10

Risks and planned work

1. This annual audit plan contains an overview of the planned scope and timing of our audit and is carried out in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs), the [Code of Audit Practice](#), and any other relevant guidance. It identifies our audit work to provide an opinion on the financial statements and related matters and meet the wider scope requirements of public sector audit. The wider scope of public audit contributes to conclusions on the appropriateness, effectiveness and impact of corporate governance, performance management arrangements and financial sustainability.

Audit risks

2. Based on our discussions with staff, attendance at committee meetings and a review of supporting information we have identified the following main risk areas for our 2016/17 audit of the Scottish Consolidated Fund (the SCF). We have categorised these risks into financial audit risks and wider dimension audit risks. The key audit risks, which require specific audit testing, are detailed in [Exhibit 1](#).

Exhibit 1

Audit Risk	Management assurance	Planned audit work
Financial statement issues and audit risks		
<p>1 Risk of management override of controls</p> <p>ISA 240 requires that audit work is planned to consider the risk of fraud, which is presumed to be a significant risk in any audit. This includes consideration of the risk of management override of controls in order to change the position disclosed in the financial statements.</p>	<p>Owing to the nature of this risk, assurances from management are not applicable in this instance.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detailed testing of journal entries. • Conduct testing of all transactions.
<p>2 Risk of fraud over income and expenditure</p> <p>ISA 240 presumes a risk of fraud in regard to revenue recognition in the financial statements and Practice Note 10 (Audit of financial statements of public sector bodies in the UK) and the Code of Audit Practice expands the ISA assumption to aspects of expenditure.</p>	<p>Sound budgetary control and monitoring arrangements.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Testing of all transactions.

Audit Risk	Management assurance	Planned audit work
<p>3 Financial reporting: transparency</p> <p>The Scottish Government has committed to enhance its financial reporting in the context of new financial powers. This approach should include relevant disclosures in the SCF accounts, given their increased significance in the wider system of financial reporting as the new powers come into effect.</p> <p>This audit risk requires us to assess whether adequate disclosures are made, to enhance understanding of public finances.</p>	<p>Commitment to enhanced reporting of public finances.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review draft accounts to evaluate disclosures.
Wider dimension audit risks		
<p>4 Governance arrangements</p> <p>The Scottish Government has implemented revised governance arrangements. As part of the new arrangements, it has determined oversight arrangements for the SCF.</p> <p>This audit risk requires us to consider the application of the new arrangements as they affect the SCF.</p>	<p>The Scottish Government Audit and Assurance Committee (SGAAC) confirmed governance arrangements for the SCF at its meeting on 2 March 2017.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review how the new governance arrangements operate in practice, including how governance was maintained throughout 2016/17.

3. In addition, we will follow up the Scottish Government's progress with the actions raised in our 2015/16 annual audit report. This includes progress with the treatment of Queen's and Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer (QLTR) and other miscellaneous receipts within the SCF.

Reporting arrangements

4. Audit reporting is the visible output for the annual audit. All annual audit plans and the outputs as detailed in [Exhibit 2](#), and any other outputs on matters of public interest will be published on our website: www.audit-scotland.gov.uk.

5. Matters arising from our audit will be reported on a timely basis and will include agreed action plans. Draft management reports will be issued to the relevant officer(s) to confirm factual accuracy. Our ability to meet our reporting deadlines is dependent on the receipt of working papers in accordance with the agreed timetable.

6. We will provide an independent auditor's report to the Scottish Government, the Scottish Parliament and the Auditor General for Scotland summarising the results of the audit of the annual accounts. We will provide the Accountable Officer and Auditor General for Scotland with an annual report on the audit containing observations and recommendations on significant matters which have arisen in the course of the audit.

Exhibit 2

2016/17 Audit outputs

Audit Output	Target date	SGAAC
Annual Audit Plan	31 March 2017	
Annual Audit Report including ISA 260 requirements	14 September 2017	28 September 2017
Signed Independent Auditor's Report	29 September 2017	28 September 2017
Assurance statement on SCF Whole of Government Accounts return	29 September 2017	N/A

Audit fee

7. The proposed audit fee for the 2016/17 audit of the SCF is £22,020. In determining the audit fee we have taken account of the risk exposure of the SCF, the planned management assurances in place and the level of reliance we plan to take from the work of internal audit. Our audit approach assumes receipt of the unaudited financial statements, with a complete working papers package on 28 July 2017.

8. Where our audit cannot proceed as planned through, for example, late receipt of unaudited financial statements, a supplementary fee may be levied. An additional fee may also be required in relation to any work or other significant exercises outwith our planned audit activity.

Responsibilities

Accountable Officer

9. Audited bodies have the primary responsibility for ensuring the proper financial stewardship of public funds, compliance with relevant legislation and establishing effective arrangements for governance, propriety and regularity that enable them to successfully deliver their objectives.

10. The audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or the Accountable Officer or the Scottish Government Audit and Assurance Committee, as those charged with governance, of their responsibilities.

Appointed auditor

11. Our responsibilities as independent auditor are established by the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 and the Code of Audit Practice, and guided by the auditing profession's ethical guidance.

12. Auditors in the public sector give an independent opinion on the financial statements. We also review and report on the arrangements within the audited body to manage its performance, regularity and use of resources. In doing this, we aim to support improvement and accountability.

Audit scope and timing

Financial statements

13. The statutory financial statements audit will be the foundation and source for the majority of the audit work necessary to support our judgements and conclusions. We also consider the wider environment and challenges facing the public sector. Our audit approach includes:

- understanding the business of the SCF and the associated risks which could impact on the financial statements
- assessing the key systems of internal control, and establishing how weaknesses in these systems could impact on the financial statements
- assessing the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements
- determining the nature, timing and extent of audit procedures necessary to provide us with sufficient audit evidence as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

14. We will give an opinion on the financial statements as to:

- whether they properly present the receipts and payments made in the year ended 31 March and balances held at that date
- whether they have been properly prepared in accordance with relevant legislation, the applicable accounting framework and other reporting requirements
- the regularity of the receipts and payments into and out of the fund.

Materiality

15. Materiality defines the maximum error that we are prepared to accept and still conclude that that our audit objective has been achieved. It helps assist our planning of the audit and allows us to assess the impact of any audit adjustments on the financial statements. We calculate materiality at different levels as described below. The calculated materiality values for the SCF are set out in [Exhibit 3](#).



Exhibit 3

Materiality values

Materiality level	Amount
<p>Planning materiality - This is the calculated figure we use in assessing the overall impact of audit adjustments on the financial statements. It has been set at one per cent of judicial salaries (one of the key elements of the Scottish Consolidated Fund) for the year ended 31 March 2017 based on the latest audited accounts for 2015/16.</p>	£0.300 million
<p>Performance materiality - This acts as a trigger point. If the aggregate of errors identified during the financial statements audit exceeds performance materiality this would indicate that further audit procedures should be considered.</p> <p>Although we set at 90 per cent of planning materiality, in practice, due to the nature of the account, we test all receipts and payments into and out of the fund, recognising that any payment that is not in accordance with applicable legislation would require us to report as part of our opinion on the financial statements.</p>	£0.270 million
<p>Reporting threshold - For this audit, we have determined that we are required to report to those charged with governance on all unadjusted misstatements.</p>	



16. We review and report on other information published with the financial statements including the Governance Statement. Any issues identified will be reported to the Accountable Officer.

Timetable

17. To support the efficient use of resources it is critical that a financial statements timetable is agreed with us for the production of the unaudited accounts. An agreed timetable is included at [Exhibit 4](#) which takes account of submission requirements and planned Audit and Assurance Committee dates:

Exhibit 4

Financial statements timetable

 Key stage	 Date
Latest submission date of unaudited financial statements with complete working papers package	28 July 2017
Latest date for final clearance meeting with officers	8 September 2017
Agreement of audited unsigned financial statements; Issue of Annual Audit Report including ISA 260 report to those charged with governance	14 September 2017
Independent auditor's report signed	29 September 2017
Latest date for signing of Whole of Government Accounts (WGA) return	29 September 2017

Internal audit

18. Auditing standards require internal and external auditors to work closely together to make best use of available audit resources. We seek to rely on the

work of internal audit wherever possible and as part of our planning process we carry out an assessment of the internal audit function. Internal audit is provided by the Scottish Government Internal Audit Directorate.

Adequacy of Internal Audit

19. A review of the effectiveness of Internal Audit will be carried out by the Scottish Government audit team and any findings will be reviewed for relevance to the audit of the SCF.

Areas of reliance

20. We will be taking a fully substantive approach to the audit and therefore we are not planning to place reliance on Internal Audit's work.

Audit dimensions

21. Our audit is based on four audit dimensions that frame the wider scope of public sector audit requirements as shown in [Exhibit 5](#).

Exhibit 5

Audit dimensions



Financial sustainability

22. As auditors we consider the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting as part of the annual audit. We will also comment on the body's financial sustainability in the longer term. We define this as medium term (two to five years) and longer term (longer than five years) sustainability. We will carry out work and conclude on:

- the effectiveness of financial planning in identifying and addressing risks to financial sustainability in the short, medium and long term

Financial management

23. Financial management is concerned with financial capacity, sound budgetary processes and whether the control environment and internal controls are operating effectively. We will review, conclude and report on:

- whether there are arrangements in place to ensure systems of internal control for the SCF are operating effectively

- whether the effectiveness of the SCF budgetary control system in communicating accurate and timely financial performance can be demonstrated
- how assurance is achieved that financial capacity and skills for the SCF are appropriate
- whether appropriate and effective arrangements for the prevention and detection of fraud and corruption in relation to the SCF are established

Governance and transparency

24. Governance and transparency is concerned with the effectiveness of scrutiny and governance arrangements, leadership and decision-making and transparent reporting of financial and performance information. We will review, conclude and report on:

- whether the governance arrangements in place for the SCF are appropriate and operating effectively
- whether there is effective scrutiny, challenge and transparency on the decision-making and finance and performance reports
- the quality and timeliness of financial and performance reporting.

Value for money

25. Value for money refers to using resources effectively and continually improving services. We will review, conclude and report on whether:

- there is evidence that value for money in the use of resources is demonstrated

Independence and objectivity

26. Auditors appointed by Audit Scotland must comply with the Code of Audit Practice. When auditing the financial statements auditors must also comply with professional standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council and those of the professional accountancy bodies. These standards impose stringent rules to ensure the independence and objectivity of auditors. Audit Scotland has in place robust arrangements to ensure compliance with these standards including an annual “fit and proper” declaration for all members of staff. The arrangements are overseen by the Assistant Auditor General, who serves as Audit Scotland’s Ethics Partner.

27. The engagement lead for the SCF audit is Stephen Boyle, Assistant Director. Auditing and ethical standards require the appointed auditor to communicate any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of audit staff. We are not aware of any such relationships pertaining to the audit of the SCF.

Quality control

28. International Standard on Quality Control (UK and Ireland) 1 (ISQC1) requires that a system of quality control is established, as part of financial audit procedures, to provide reasonable assurance that professional standards and regulatory and legal requirements are being complied with and that the independent auditor’s report or opinion is appropriate in the circumstances.

29. The foundation of our quality framework is our Audit Guide, which incorporates the application of professional auditing, quality and ethical standards and the Code of Audit Practice issued by Audit Scotland and approved by the Auditor General for Scotland. To ensure that we achieve the required quality standards Audit Scotland conducts peer reviews, internal quality reviews and is currently reviewing the arrangements for external quality reviews.

30. As part of our commitment to quality and continuous improvement, Audit Scotland will periodically seek your views on the quality of our service provision. We welcome feedback at any time and this may be directed to the engagement lead.

Scottish Consolidated Fund

Annual Audit Plan 2016/17

If you require this publication in an alternative format and/or language, please contact us to discuss your needs: 0131 625 1500 or info@audit-scotland.gov.uk

For the latest news, reports and updates, follow us on:



Audit Scotland, 4th Floor, 102 West Port, Edinburgh EH3 9DN
T: 0131 625 1500 E: info@audit-scotland.gov.uk
www.audit-scotland.gov.uk