

The Highland and Western Isles Valuation Joint Board

External Audit Plan for the financial year ending 31 March 2018

Board meeting 18 January 2018 finalised 29 March 2018

Joanne Brown Engagement Leader

John Boyd External Audit Senior Manager



Our audit at a glance



We fulfil our responsibilities per ISAs (UK) and the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice throughout our work.



Materiality is set at 1.6% of gross expenditure based on 2016/17 audited information (£47,000). Previous year it was 1% of gross expenditure.



We have identified a significant risk of management override of controls as set out in International Standards on Auditing (ISAs UK)



Performance materiality is set at 75% and trivial is 5% of materiality. This reflects minimal audit adjustments in prior year and our understanding of the VJB in a year 2 of our audit cycle.



At the planning stage we have identified other audit risks as being the risk of fraud in expenditure recognition as set out in Practice Note 10.



Our audit is undertaken in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice and reflects the wider scope nature of public audit. We do not consider a full wider scope audit scope appropriate for the VJB. However, we will consider the VJBs financial sustainability and governance arrangements as part of our audit work.

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Overarching principles of our audit

Our audit is risk based and undertaken in accordance with the relevant International Auditing Standards (ISAs) (UK and Ireland) and the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice 2016.

Our overall objective is a robust, quality-focused external audit which adds value through wider insights and challenge. Our audit foundations are:

- professional scepticism
- a focus on audit risks and key areas of management judgement
- sharing our wider insights across the sector (Scotland and UK)
- use of specialists to support our work where relevant
- using IDEA our data analytical software to effectively and efficiently test your balances
- clear and upfront communications, with regular communication during the year
- Reporting with focused actions which will support you in improving your controls/operations
- We will aim to not duplicate the work of your internal auditors. We will consider the internal audit plan for 2017/18 and identify any particular areas of risks that we either need to reflect in our approach or are relevant to our wider scope audit work. We will continue to review internal audit work throughout the year and maintain and ongoing, open, dialogue with internal audit.

Adding value

Specific areas we will look to add value to the Highland and Western Isles Valuation Joint Board ("VJB") during 2017/18, identified as part of our planning work and reflection on prior year include:

- We will actively share relevant Audit Scotland and Grant Thornton publications with Senior Management and the those charged with governance, identifying particular areas for consideration.
- Should any new accounting changes or governance updates emerge during the year we will providing a briefing for the Audit Committee. We will also pro-actively work with management during the year to discuss any emerging matters and seek to reach agreement on the treatment of these in advance of year-end.



External Audit deliverables for 2017/18 – Audit Committee

- External Audit Plan (this document)
- Governance and Transparency report and audit quality briefing (March Audit Committee)
- Annual Report to those Charged with Governance and the Controller of Audit (September 2018)
- Audit opinion (September 2018)
- Management letter of representation (September 2018)



2017/18 Deliverables as set out in the Audit Scotland planning guidance (October 2017)

- Confirmation of agreed fee by end of March 2018
- Current Issues returns to Audit Scotland covering matters of ministerial or Auditor General interest and best value elements (January, March, July and October 2018)
- Submission of fraud returns to Audit Scotland 27 April 2018



Planned Audit Scotland publications which may be relevant to the VJB

- Digital developments and projects risks and issues
- Supporting Scotland's economic growth (Spring 2018)

Audit approach and materiality

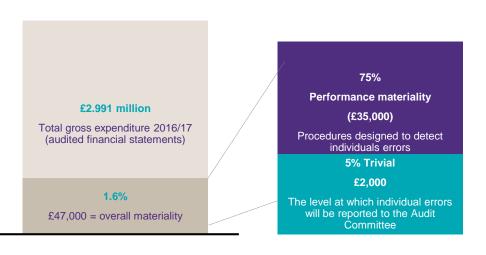


We undertake your audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs) and the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice (May 2016). On an annual basis we are required to give an opinion as to whether the Financial Statements:

- · give a true and fair view
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with relevant legislation and standards
- the wider information contained in the financial statements e.g. Annual Governance Statement, management commentary, that are consistent with the disclosures in the financial statements
- · audited parts of the remuneration report have been prepared in accordance with the guidance

Materiality

In performing our audit we apply International Standards on Auditing (UK) 320: Materiality. Our materiality for 2017/18 is shown below. We will revise this on receipt of the unaudited financial statements for 2017/18 once received.



Overall materiality

We have calculated overall materiality in line with gross expenditure, as is recognised as a common measure in the public sector. This is in line with prior year. As this is our second year of the audit, and taking into account the level of errors and adjustments in prior year, and the context of the VJB's activities we feel it is appropriate to increase our materiality benchmark to 1.6% (was 1% in 2016/17). Under our audit methodology we typically set materiality within the benchmark range of 0.5% up to 2%.

Performance materiality

Performance materiality represents the amount set for the financial statements as a whole to reduce the probability that the aggregate of uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceed materiality. We have increased this for 2017/18 to 75% (65%) in prior year. This does not impact on the financial statement balances we undertake substantive testing on, as all balances are in scope per prior year, but will impact on sample sizes.

Trivial

Under ISA 540 we are required to set an amount below which we consider misstatements would be clearly trivial, and therefore when accumulated we would not expect that they would have a material impact on the financial statements. Misstatements identified below this level would not be reported to the Audit Committee (in their role as those charged with governance).

Misstatements above trivial (corrected and uncorrected) will be reported to the Audit Committee in our Annual Report to those charged with governance.

Going concern considerations

As auditors, we are required to "obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern assumption in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and to conclude whether there is a material uncertainty about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern" (ISA (UK) 570).

We will review management's assessment of the going concern assumption and evaluate the disclosures in the financial statements.

A risk based audit methodology

Our understanding of the VJB

This is our second year as the external auditors of the VJB appointed under the Audit Scotland framework. In 2016/17 the VJB incurred a deficit of £290,000. During 2016/17, the VJB received funding of £2.691 million from constituent authorities. This was £170,000 less than initially budgeted as underspends against budget were returned to constituent authorities. The VJB approved a balanced budget for 2017/18 and this included constituent authority contributions of £2.86 million and Scottish Government grant funding of £150,000.

Expenditure and income are closely aligned. The VJB budget for the year, and agreed funding from constituent authorities includes assumptions around agreed pay awards and inflationary uplift across other operating costs. With increasing financial pressures facing local authorities, it is increasingly important that the VJB has robust financial plans in place to ensure it can best utilise available funding to deliver services.

Wider Scope – Smaller Body

For smaller bodies we are allowed under the Audit Scotland Code of Practice to not apply the full wider scope audit. In our judgement, taking into account the nature of the VJB and your income and expenditure streams we feel it is appropriate to treat you as a smaller body under the code. However, we will focus on financial sustainability considering your financial planning arrangements as well as governance arrangements.

Overview of our audit risks identified at planning and our proposed approach

Risk of fraud in revenue and expenditure

Under ISA 240 (UK) there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to the improper recognition of revenue. The Financial Reporting Council's Practice note 10 (revised), states that for public sector entities, auditors should also consider the risk that material misstatements occur by the manipulation of expenditure recognition.

Given the VJB's income and funding comes primarily through grant funding and requisition funding from constituent authorities, we have rebutted the presumed risk of improper recognition of revenue. However, we consider the risk of manipulation of expenditure incurred by the VJB focused on transactions around the year end.

Management override of controls

As set out in ISA 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and preparing fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. Therefore, there is a presumed risk that management override of controls is present in all entities.

Defined benefit pension transactions

The VJB participates in the Highland Council Local Government Pension Scheme, a defined benefit career average revalued earnings (CARE) scheme. As at 31 March 2017, the VJB had defined benefit pension liabilities of £7.839 million. The VJB also has discretionary unfunded pension liabilities of £240,000.

The present value of the pension scheme liabilities are subject to annual actuarial valuation. Given the material nature of the scheme assets and liabilities as well as the level of judgement in the assumptions used in the valuation of liabilities, there is an increased risk of material misstatement.

- Perform cut off at year end on pre and post year end transactions to gain comfort around the completeness and accuracy of recognised expenditure
- Walkthrough of the key expenditure controls in place including authorisation
- Reconciliation between the creditors ledger, the general ledger and the financial statements
- Perform testing of a sample of creditor balances outstanding at the year end.
- A focus on understanding how/where management override of controls may occur
- Review of the controls over journal entries
- Understanding key areas of judgement within the Financial statements and the basis for these judgements and the application of accounting policies
- Reviewing unusual and/or significant transactions

- Obtaining the actuarial valuation of the scheme and reviewing the reasonableness of the assumptions applied in the scheme valuation
- Performing substantive testing on the underlying data as appropriate
- Reviewing the recognition of the defined benefit pension scheme liabilities in the financial statements to ensure compliant with accounting standards.

Appendices

Key audit deliverables and our team

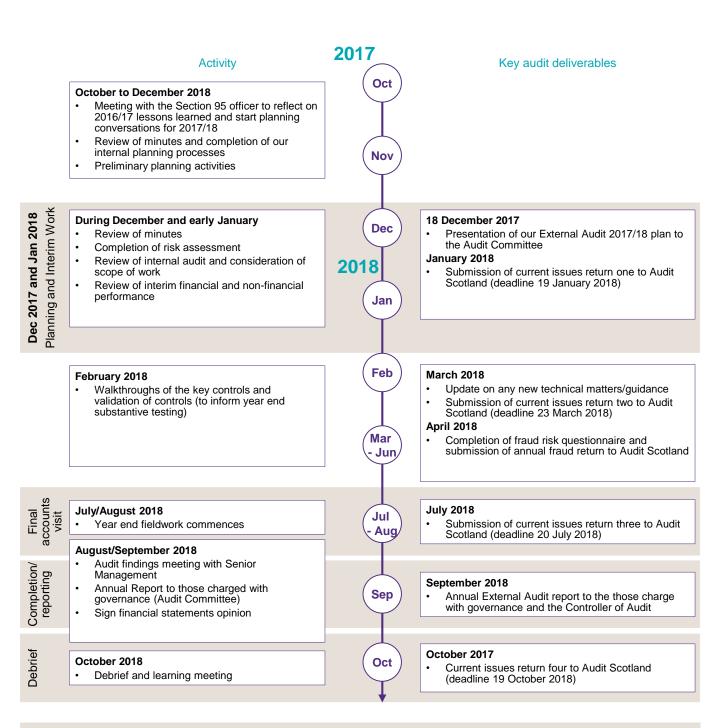
Independence and fees

Fraud arrangements

Respective responsibilities

Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance

Key audit deliverables and our team



Our team

Joanne Brown Director T 0141 223 0848 E joanne.e.brown@uk.gt.com

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In addition we will use our Accounting technical team as required

Fees and independence

External Audit Fee

Service	Fees £
External Auditor Remuneration	6,140
Pooled Costs	550
Contribution to Audit Scotland costs	390
Contribution to Performance Audit and Best Value	0
2017-18 Fee	7,080

The audit fee is calculated in accordance with guidance issued by Audit Scotland. In accordance with the Audit Scotland guidance we can increase the fee by up to 10% from the base fee set by Audit Scotland, depending on risk factors identified by us as your external auditors. We cannot reduce the fee from the baseline set out by Audit Scotland. The above proposed fee, has been agreed with management. The fee is based on the following assumptions:

- supporting schedules to all figures in the accounts are supplied by the agreed dates and in accordance with the agreed upon information request list
- the scope of the audit, and the VJB activities will not change significantly from planned
- the VJB will make available management and accounting staff to help us locate information and to provide explanations. We reserve the right to charge an additional fee for any additional work.
- We will only receive (and audit) 3 sets of accounts (1st draft; amended draft and final)
- Specific balances such as pensions and valuations of assets are supported by an independent specialist

Fees for other services

Service	Fees £
At planning stage we confirm there are no non-audit fees	Nil

Independence and ethics

We confirm that there are no significant facts or matters that impact on our independence as auditors that we are required or wish to draw to your attention.

We have complied with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards and therefore we confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements.

Full details of all fees charged for audit and non-audit services will be included in our Annual Report to those charged with governance at the conclusion of the audit.

We confirm that we have implemented policies and procedures to meet the requirements of the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards.

We are required by auditing and ethical standards to communicate any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of the audit team.

We can confirm no independence concerns have been identified.

Fraud arrangements

The term fraud refers to intentional acts of one or more individuals amongst management, those charged with governance, employees or third parties involving the use of deception that result in a material misstatement of the financial statements. In assessing risks, the audit team is alert to the possibility of fraud at the VJB.

As part of our audit work we are responsible for:

- identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud in particular in relations to management override of controls.
- Leading a discussion with those charged of governance (for the VJB this is assumed to be the Audit Committee) on their view of fraud. Typically we do this when presenting our audit plan and in the form of management and those charged with governance questionnaires.
- designing and implementing appropriate audit testing to gain assurance over our assessed risks of fraud
- responding appropriately to any fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

As auditors we obtain reasonable but not absolute assurance the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

We will obtain annual representation from management regarding managements assessment of fraud risk, including internal controls, and any known or suspected fraud or misstatement.

The primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with management and those charged with governance including establishing and maintaining internal controls over the reliability of financial reporting effectiveness and efficiency of operations and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

It is the VJB responsibility to establish arrangements to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularity. This includes:

- developing, promoting and monitoring compliance with standing orders and financial instructions
- developing and implementing strategies to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularity
- receiving and investigating alleged breaches of proper standards of financial conduct or fraud and irregularity.

Throughout the audit we work with the VJB to review specific areas of fraud risk, including the operation of key financial controls. We also examine the policies in place, strategies, standing orders and financial instructions to ensure that they provide a strong framework of internal control.

All suspected frauds and/or irregularities over £5,000 are reported to Audit Scotland by us as your auditors on an annual basis (no later than end of April 2018)

Respective responsibilities

As set out in the Code of Audit Practice (pages 10 to 16) there are a number of key responsibilities you as an organisation are responsible for, and others, as appointed auditors we are responsible for. These are summarised below:

Area	The VJB Responsibilities
Corporate governance	 Establishing arrangements for proper conduct of its affairs Legality of activities and transactions Monitoring adequacy and effectiveness of arrangements (inc role of those charged with governance)
Financial statements	 Preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of their financial position Maintaining accounting records and working papers Putting in place systems of Internal Control Maintaining proper accounting records Preparing and publishing an annual governance statement, management commentary and remuneration report Effective systems of internal control as well as financial, operational and compliance controls – supporting achievement of objectives and secure value for money
Financial position	 Proper arrangements to ensure financial position is soundly based and responsibility to ensure arrangements secure best value
Fraud and error	 Establishing appropriate arrangements for prevention and detection of fraud, error, irregularities, bribery and corruption and affairs are properly managed

Our responsibilities How do we do this in practice

- Undertake statutory duties and comply with professional engagement and ethical standards
- Provide an opinion on financial statements
- Review and report on, as appropriate, other information eg annual governance statements, management commentary, remuneration reports
- Notify the Controller of Audit when circumstances indicate a statutory report may be required
- Demonstrate compliance with wider public audit scope
- By reviewing and providing judgements and conclusions on the VJB arrangements including those across the wider scope of audit dimensions.
- Consideration of the effectiveness of performance management arrangements
- Suitability and effectiveness of corporate governance arrangements in year
- Financial position and arrangements for ensuring financial sustainability in the medium to longer term
- Review of other information in line with our knowledge and understanding of the VJB
- Ongoing dialogue and engagement with Audit Scotland during the year

Weaknesses and risks identified by us as your auditors are only those which have come to our attention during our normal audit work in accordance with the Code, and may not be all that exist. Communication by us of matters arising from the audit of the financial statements or of risks or weaknesses does not absolve management from its responsibility to address the issues raised and to maintain an adequate system of control.

Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance

Our communication plan	Audit Plan	Audit Findings
Respective responsibilities of auditor and management/those charged with governance	•	
Overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit, including planning assessment of audit risks and wider scope risks	•	
Confirmation of independence and objectivity	•	•
A statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence. Relationships and other matters which might be thought to bear on independence. Details of non-audit work performed by Grant Thornton UK LLP and network firms, together with fees charged. Details of safeguards applied to threats to independence	•	•
Significant matters in relation to going concern	•	•
Views about the qualitative aspects of the VJB accounting and financial reporting practices, including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures		•
Significant findings from the audit		•
Significant matters and issues arising during the audit and written representations that have been sought		•
Significant difficulties encountered during the audit		•
Significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit		•
Significant matters arising in connection with related parties		•
Identification or suspicion of fraud involving management and/or which results in material misstatement of the financial statements		•
Non-compliance with laws and regulations		•
Unadjusted misstatements and material disclosure omissions		•
Expected modifications to the auditor's report, or emphasis of matter		•

International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISA) 260, as well as other ISAs, prescribe matters which we are required to communicate with those charged with governance, and which we set out in the table above.

This document, The Audit Plan, outlines our audit strategy and plan to deliver the audit, while our Annual Report to those Charged with Governance will be issued prior to approval of the financial statements and will present key issues and other matters arising from the audit, together with an explanation as to how these have been resolved.

We will communicate any adverse or unexpected findings affecting the audit on a timely basis, either informally or via a report to the VJB Management and the Audit Committee.



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