

# Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator (OSCR)

#### External Audit Plan for the financial year ending 31 March 2018

Audit Committee 16 February 2018

Joanne Brown Engagement Leader

John Boyd External Audit Senior Manager

Daniel Hunter
External Auditor



## Our audit at a glance



We fulfil our responsibilities per International Standards of Auditing (ISAs) (UK) and the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice throughout our work.

An audit

underpinned by

quality and adding

value to you



Materiality is set at 2% of gross expenditure based on 2016/17 audited information (£57,000). Previous year it was 1% of gross expenditure reflecting the first year of our audit appointment.



Significant audit risks are:
management override of controls; and
the risk of fraud in expenditure
recognition as set out in International
Auditing Standards (ISAs UK) practice
note 10.



Performance materiality is set at 75% and trivial is 5% of materiality. This reflects minimal audit adjustments in prior year and our understanding of OSCR in a year 2 of our audit cycle.



Our audit is undertaken in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice. We do not consider a full wider scope audit scope is appropriate to OSCR. However, we will consider OSCR's financial sustainability and governance arrangements as part of our audit.



At the planning stage we have identified no other areas of particular audit risk but we will continue to review this through the year.

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## Overarching principles of our audit

Our audit is risk based and undertaken in accordance with the relevant International Auditing Standards (ISAs) and the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice 2016.

Our overall objective is a robust, quality-focused external audit which adds value through wider insights and challenge. Our audit foundations are:

- professional scepticism
- a focus on audit risks and key areas of management judgement
- use of specialists to support our work where relevant
- using IDEA our data analytical software to effectively and efficiently test your balances
- clear and upfront communications, with regular updates during the year
- clear reporting with focused actions which will support you in improving your controls/operations
- wewill liaise effectively with Internal Audit.

#### **Adding value**

Specific areas we will look to add value to OSCR 2017/18, identified as part of our planning work and reflection on prior year include:

- We will act on the 'learning the lessons' sessions we held after the first year audit.
- We will actively share relevant Audit Scotland and Grant Thornton publications with Senior Management and the Audit Committee, identifying particular areas for consideration.
- Should any new accounting changes or governance updates emerge during the year wewill providing a briefing for the Audit Committee. We will also pro-actively work with management during the year to discuss any emerging matters and seek to reach agreement on the treatment of these in advance of year-end.
- We will share the Scottish Public Sector Transparency report we produced for Audit Scotland in January 2018, and alongside our UK Grant Thornton Transparency Report.



### External Audit deliverables for 2017/18 – Audit Committee

- External Audit Plan (this document)
- Governance and Transparency report and audit quality briefing (June Audit Committee)
- Annual Report to those Charged with Governance and the Auditor General for Scotland (June 2018)
- Audit opinion (June 2018)
- Management letter of representation (June 2018)



### 2017/18 Deliverables as set out in the Audit Scotland planning guidance (October 2017)

- Confirmation of agreed fee by end of February 2018 and submission of final plan
- Current issues return for Central Government to Audit Scotland (19 January 2018 and 20 July 2018)
- Submission of fraud returns to Audit Scotland 27 April 2018



## Planned Audit Scotland publications which may be relevant to OSCR

- Digital developments and projects risks and issues
- Supporting Scotland's economic growth (Spring 2018) – Auditors impact assessment return

## Audit approach and materiality

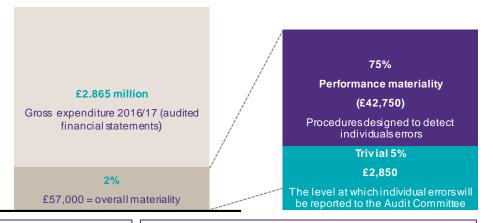


We undertake your audit in accordance with International Standards in Auditing (UK) (ISAs) and the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice (May 2016). On an annual basis we are required to give an opinion as to whether the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with relevant legislation and standards
- the wider information contained in the annual report and accounts e.g. Performance Report, the Accountability report including the Corporate Governance Report and Governance Statement, management commentary, that are consistent with the disclosures in the financial statements
- · regularity of expenditure
- · audited parts of the remuneration and staff report have been prepared in accordance with the guidance

#### **Materiality**

In performing our audit we apply International Standards on Auditing (UK) 320: *Materiality*. Our materiality for 2017/18 is shown below. We will revise this on receipt of the unaudited financial statements for 2017/18 once received.



#### Overall materiality

We have calculated overall materiality in line with gross expenditure, as is recognised as a common measure in the public sector. This is in line with prior year. As this is our second year of the audit, and taking into account the level of errors and adjustments in prior year, and the context of your activities we feel it is appropriate to increase our materiality benchmark to 2% (1% in 2016/17). Under our audit methodology we typically set materiality within the benchmark range of 0.5% up to 2%.

## Trivial

Under ISA 540 we are required to set an amount below which we consider misstatements would be clearly trivial, and therefore when accumulated we would not expect that they would have a material impact on the financial statements. Misstatements identified below this level would not be reported to the Audit Committee (in their role as those charge with governance).

Misstatements above trivial (corrected and uncorrected) will be reported to the Audit Committee in our Annual Report to those charged with governance.

#### Performance materiality

Performance materiality represents the amount set for the financial statements as a whole to reduce the probability that the aggregate of uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceed materiality. Based on our audit experience in 2016/17 we have increased this for 2017/18 to 75% (65% in prior year). This does not impact on the financial statement balances we undertake substantive testing on, as all balances are in scope per prior year, but will impact on sample sizes.

#### Going concern considerations

As auditors, we are required to "obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern assumption in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and to conclude whether there is a material uncertainty about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern" (ISA (UK) 570).

We will review management's assessment of the going concern assumption and evaluate the disclosures in the financial statements.

During the course of our audit we may apply a lower level of materiality to specific balances or transactions in the financial statements. This reflects areas where there is a greater degree of interest or sensitivity on the amounts reported in the financial statements for example the remuneration report.

## A risk based audit methodology

#### Our understanding of OSCR

This is the second year as external auditors of OSCR appointed under the Audit Scotland framework. OSCR is funded through grant in aid from the Scottish Government. During 2016/17, OSCR had received £2.761 million of funding. This level of funding has remained relatively static in cash terms over the last three years and has been confirmed in the Scottish Government funding allocation for 2017/18.

The 2017-20 strategy defines OSCR's strategic objectives of the organisation over the next three years as regulator as well as supporting charities understand and comply with their legal responsibilities. This is underpinned by an annual business plan. OSCR recognises the challenge of continuing to regulate and support the charities sector against a backdrop of static Scottish Government funding. The organisation continues to invest in its online service functionality to enhance the functionality for service users and support efficient use of staff.

#### Overview of our audit risks identified at planning and our proposed approach

#### Risk of fraud in revenue and expenditure

As set out in ISA 240, there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to improper recognition of revenue. OSCR's only income stream is grant funding from the Scottish Government. This is well forecast and agreed directly to funding award letters and is therefore inherently lower risk of fraud. Therefore, we rebut the assumed risk around revenue recognition.

As set out in Practice Note 10 (revised), which applies to public sector entities, there is a presumed risk of fraud in expenditure recognition. The focus of our risk is on material non-payroll expenditure. We target our audit procedures around those transactions with a higher risk of manipulation, being those transactions around the year

- Perform cut off at year end on pre and post year end transactions and recording
- Walkthrough of the key expenditure controls in place
- Regularity expenditure incurred in accordance with the type/nature of OSCR as an organisation

#### Management override of controls

As set out in ISA 240, across all entities there is a presumed risk of fraud being perpetrated by management through its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. Override of controls is present in all entities.

- A focus on understanding how/where management override of controls may occur
- Review of the controls over journal entries
- Understanding key areas of judgement and estimation within the financial statements and the basis for these judgements and the application of accounting policies
- Reviewing unusual and/or significant transactions

#### Wider Scope – Smaller Body approach

For smaller bodies the Audit Scotland Code of Practice permits auditors to not apply the full wider scope audit. In our judgement, taking into account the nature of OSCR operating activity and income and expenditure streams, we feel it is appropriate to treat you as a smaller body under the Code. However, we will update our understanding of your arrangements for ensuring financial sustainability as well as your governance arrangements in place to support the deliver of the authority's strategic outcomes as part of our audit.

## **Appendices**

Key audit deliverables and our team

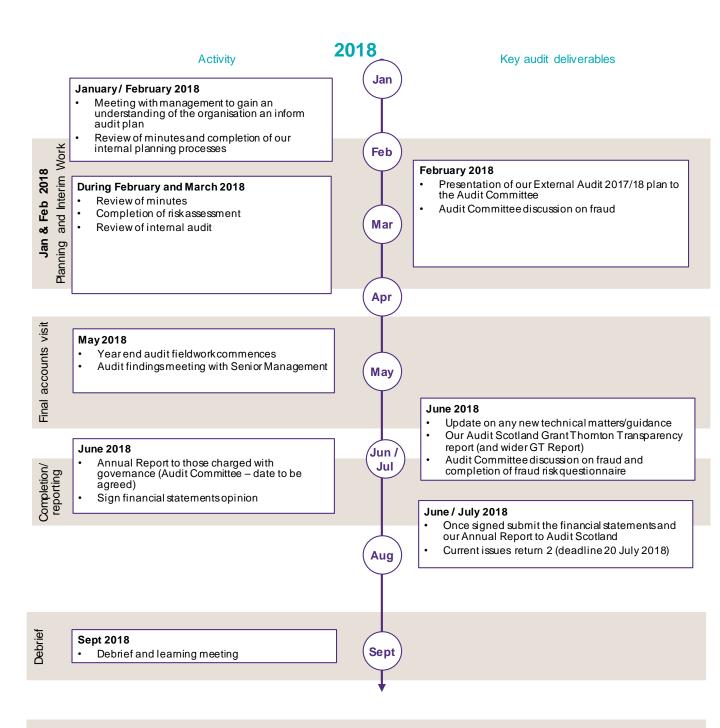
Independence and fees

Fraud arrangements

Respective responsibilities

 $\label{lem:communication} \textbf{Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance}$ 

## Key audit deliverables and our team



#### Our team

Joanne Brown Director 0141 223 0848

John Boyd Senior Manager 07880 456 126 joanne.e.brown@uk.gt.com E john.p.boyd@uk.gt.com E Daniel.j.hunter@uk.gt.com

**Daniel Hunter** Auditor 0131 659 8596 In addition we will use our Accounting technical team as required

## Fees and independence

#### **External Audit Fee**

Service	Fees £
External Auditor Remuneration	10,070
Pooled Costs	2,510
Contribution to Audit Scotland costs	590
Contribution to Performance Audit and Best Value	0
2017-18 Fee	13,170

The audit fee is calculated in accordance with guidance issued by Audit Scotland. In accordance with the Audit Scotland guidance we can increase the fee by up to 20% from the base fee set by Audit Scotland, depending on risk factors identified by us as your external auditors. We cannot reduce the fee from the baseline set out by Audit Scotland. The above proposed fee, set at the base fee, has been agreed with management. The fee is based on the following assumptions:

- supporting schedules to all figures in the accounts are supplied by the agreed dates and in accordance with the agreed upon information request list
- the scope of the audit, and OSCR's activities will not change significantly from planned
- OSCR will make available management and accounting staff to help us locate information and to provide explanations. We reserve the right to charge an additional fee for any additional work
- We will only receive (and audit) 3 sets of accounts (1st draft; amended draft and final)

#### Fees for other services

Fees £				
Nil				

#### Independence and ethics

We confirm that there are no significant facts or matters that impact on our independence as auditors that we are required or wish to draw to your attention.

We have complied with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards and therefore we confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements.

Full details of all fees charged for audit and non-audit services will be included in our Annual Report to those charged with governance at the conclusion of the audit.

We confirm that we have implemented policies and procedures to meet the requirements of the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards.

We are required by auditing and ethical standards to communicate any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of the audit team.

We can confirm no independence concerns have been identified.

## Fraud arrangements

The term fraud refers to intentional acts of one or more individuals amongst management, those charged with governance, employees or third parties involving the use of deception that result in a material misstatement of the financial statements. In assessing risks, the audit team is alert to the possibility of fraud at OSCR.

As part of our audit workwe are responsible for:

- identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud in particular in relation to management override of controls.
- Leading a discussion with those charged of governance (for OSCR this is assumed to be the Audit Committee) on their view of fraud. Typically we do this when presenting our audit plan and in the form of management and those charged with governance questionnaires.
- designing and implementing appropriate audit testing to gain assurance over our assessed risks of fraud
- responding appropriately to any fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

As auditors we obtain reasonable but not absolute assurance the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

We will obtain annual representation from management regarding managements assessment of fraud risk, including internal controls, and any known or suspected fraud or misstatement.

The primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with management and those charged with governance including establishing and maintaining internal controls over the reliability of financial reporting effectiveness and efficiency of operations and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

It is OSCR's responsibility to establish arrangements to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularity. This includes:

- developing, promoting and monitoring compliance with standing orders and financial instructions
- developing and implementing strategies to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularity
- receiving and investigating alleged breaches of proper standards of financial conduct or fraud and irregularity.

Throughout the audit weworkwith OSCR to review specific areas of fraudrisk, including the operation of key financial controls. We also examine the policies in place, strategies, standing orders and financial instructions to ensure that they provide a strong framework of internal control.

All suspected frauds and/or irregularities over £5,000 are reported to Audit Scotland by us as your auditors on an annual basis (no later than end of April 2018).

## Respective responsibilities

As set out in the Code of Audit Practice (pages 10 to 16) there are a number of key responsibilities you as an organisation are responsible for, and others, as appointed auditors we are responsible for. These are summarised below:

Area	OSCR's Responsibilities
Corporate governance	<ul> <li>Establishing arrangements for proper conduct of its affairs</li> <li>Legality of activities and transactions</li> <li>Monitoring adequacy and effectiveness of arrangements (inc role of those charged with governance)</li> </ul>
Financial statements	<ul> <li>Preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of their financial position</li> <li>Maintaining accounting records and working papers</li> <li>Putting in place systems of Internal Control</li> <li>Maintaining proper accounting records</li> <li>Preparing and publishing an annual governance statement, management commentary and remuneration report</li> <li>Effective systems of internal control as well as financial, operational and compliance controls – supporting achievement of objectives and secure value for money</li> </ul>
Financial position	<ul> <li>Proper arrangements to ensure financial position is soundly based and responsibility to ensure arrangements secure best value</li> </ul>
Fraud and error	<ul> <li>Establishing appropriate arrangements for prevention and detection of fraud, error, irregularities, bribery and corruption and affairs are properly managed</li> </ul>

## Our responsibilities How do we do this in practice

- Undertake statutory duties and comply with professional engagement and ethical standards
- Provide an opinion on financial statements
- Review and report on, as appropriate, other information eg annual governance statements, management commentary, remuneration reports
- Notify the Auditor General when circumstances indicate a statutory report may be required
- Demonstrate compliance with wider public audit scope

- By reviewing and providing judgements and conclusions on OSCR's arrangements
- Consideration of the effectiveness of performance management arrangements
- Suitability and effectiveness of corporate governance arrangements in year
- Financial position and arrangements for ensuring financial sustainability in the medium to longer term
- Review of other information in line with our knowledge and understanding of OSCR
- Ongoing dialogue and engagement with Audit Scotland during the year

Weaknesses and risks identified by us as your auditors are only those which have come to our attention during our normal audit work in accordance with the Code, and may not be all that exist. Communication by us of matters arising from the audit of the financial statements or of risks or weaknesses does not absolve management from its responsibility to address the issues raised and to maintain an adequate system of control.

## Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance

Our communication plan	Audit Plan	Audit Findings
Respective responsibilities of auditor and management/those charged with governance	•	
Overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit, including planning assessment of audit risks and wider scope risks	•	
Confirmation of independence and objectivity	•	•
A statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence. Relationships and other matters which might be thought to bear on independence. Details of non-audit work performed by Grant Thomton UK LLP and network firms, together with fees charged. Details of safeguards applied to threats to independence	•	•
Significant matters in relation to going concern	•	•
Views about the qualitative aspects of OSCR accounting and financial reporting practices, including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures		•
Significant findings from the audit		•
Significant matters and issues arising during the audit and written representations that have been sought		•
Significant difficulties encountered during the audit		•
Significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit		•
Significant matters arising in connection with related parties		•
Identification or suspicion of fraud involving management and/or which results in material misstatement of the financial statements		•
Non-compliance with laws and regulations		•
Unadjusted misstatements and material disclosure omissions		•
Expected modifications to the auditor's report, or emphasis of matter		•

International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISA) 260, as well as other ISAs, prescribe matters which we are required to communicate with those charged with governance, and which we set out in the table above.

This document, The Audit Plan, outlines our audit strategy and plan to deliver the audit, while our Annual Report to those Charged with Governance will be issued prior to approval of the financial statements and will present key issues and other matters arising from the audit, together with an explanation as to how these have been resolved.

We will communicate any adverse or unexpected findings affecting the audit on a timely basis, either informally or via a report to OSCR Management and the Audit Committee.



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