

## **NHS Dumfries and Galloway**

#### External Audit Plan for the financial year ending 31 March 2019

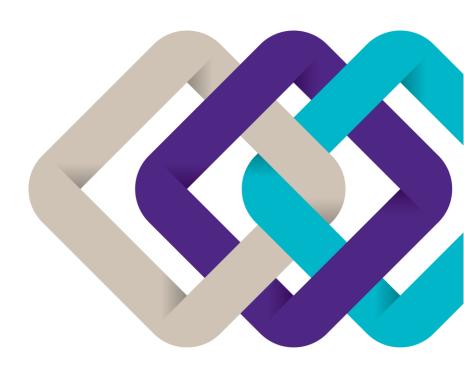
Audit and Risk Committee 28 January 2019

Final Plan

Joanne Brown Engagement Leader

John Boyd Senior Manager

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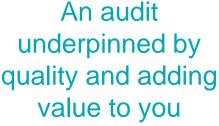
## Our audit at a glance



Performance materiality is set at 75% of overall materiality. This is consistent with the prior year reflecting our audit knowledge and understanding with no material adjustments in the prior year.



Board and Group materiality are set at £5.85 million, being approximately 1.5% of gross expenditure based on 2017/18 audited financial statements. This is based on our assessment of what misstatement either individually or in aggregate could be significant as to be misleading to the users of financial statements.





During 2018/19 as set out in the Audit Scotland planning guidance we will consider certain factors that may impact on the Board including: EU Withdrawal, changing landscape for public financial management, dependency on key suppliers and openness and transparency in reporting. We will consider these where relevant throughout our audit work.



Our audit is undertaken in accordance with the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice and reflects the wider scope nature of public audit. Through our audit planning we have identified wider scope risks reflecting the financial and operational challenges facing the Board around financial sustainability and governance arrangements.

Significant audit risks are:
management override of controls and
revenue recognition as set out in
International Standards on Auditing
(ISAs UK) and expenditure
recognition as set out in Financial
Reporting Council (FRC) Practice
Note 10.



needs to deliver savings of £17.3

million in the year. While the Board

continues to forecast these will be achieved, there continues to be a

reliance on non-recurring savings,

increasing the pressure on future

years.

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## Overarching principles of our audit

Our audit is risk based and undertaken in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) (UK) and the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice 2016 ('the Code').

Our overall objective is a effective, quality-focused external audit which adds value through wider insights and challenge. Our audit foundations are:

- professional scepticism
- a focus on audit risks and key areas of management judgement
- Delivering a quality audit through our experienced public sector audit team, use of data analytics to focus our audit and understanding of the organisation
- clear and upfront communications, with regular communication during the year
- reporting with focused actions which will support you in improving your controls/operations

#### Adding value

Our aim is to add value to NHS Dumfries and Galloway through our external audit work. This will be delivered through delivering a high quality audit. Specifically for NHS Dumfries and Galloway we will also undertake the following arrangements:

- Robust and effective audit methodology: Our ISA compliant audit methodology is tailored to focus audit resource on significant risk areas and key estimates and iudgements.
- Investing in our people: Our resourcing model is designed to ensure you have a skilled, Public Sector experienced and knowledgeable audit team.
- Investing in technology: We continue to invest in data analysis and audit software to
   deliver an efficient ISA compliant audit processes.



We will share relevant Audit Scotland and Grant Thornton publications with Senior Management and the Audit and Risk Committee, identifying particular areas for consideration. We will pro-actively work with management during the year to discuss any new or emerging matters, such as the new applicable standards per the NHS Manual for Accounts.



#### Key audit deliverables



2018/19 Deliverables as set out in the Audit Scotland planning guidance (October 2018)

- Confirmation of agreed fee by end of February 2019
- Annual quality report to the Auditor General and Accounts Commission (January 2019)
- Current issues return for Health to Audit Scotland (21 January 2019)
- Submission of fraud cases to Audit Scotland on a quarterly basis
- National Fraud Initiative completed Auditor questionnaire (30 June 2019)
- Submission of annual audit report and audited accounts (deadline end of June 2019)
- Submit minimum dataset for overview (1 July 2019)



Planned Audit Scotland publications which may be relevant to NHS Dumfries and Galloway

- Digital progress in central government and health (reporting early 2019/20)
- Modern Apprenticeships
- NHS in Scotland (October 2019)



External Audit deliverables for 2018/19 – Audit Committee

- External Audit Plan (this document)
- Annual Report to those Charged with Governance (June 2019) and the Auditor General for Scotland
- Audit Opinion
- Management letter of representation (June 2019)

## **Materiality**



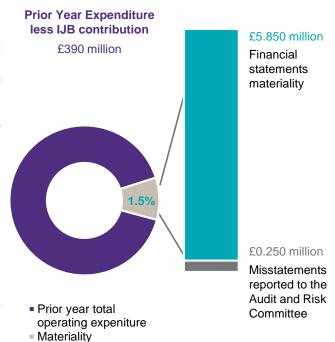
We undertake your audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs) and the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice (May 2016). On an annual basis we are required to give an opinion as to whether the Financial Statements:

- · give a true and fair view
- have been properly prepared in accordance with relevant legislation and standards
- audited parts of the remuneration and staff report have been prepared in accordance with the guidance
- · regularity of expenditure and income
- the wider information contained in the financial statements e.g. Accountability Report; Directors Report and Governance Statement is consistent with our audit knowledge and the financial statements

#### **Basis for materiality**

We determine financial statement materiality based on a proportion of the total operating expenditure less IJB contributions accounting entries. This approach is consistent with our prior year materiality determination. We have determined Board and Group materiality to be £5.850 million, which equates to approximately 1.5% of your prior year total operating expenditure for the year. This is based on our judgement of our consideration of material to the user of the account based on understanding of the NHS Dumfries and Galloway.

We will update our materiality based on the unaudited 2018/19 financial statements. During the course of our audit engagement, we will continue to assess the appropriateness of our materiality.



#### **Performance materiality**

Performance materiality represents the amount set for the financial statements as a whole to reduce the probability that the aggregate of uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceed materiality. Based on our audit experience in 2017/18 we have retained this for 2018/19 at **75%**, being **£4.387 million**. Performance materiality determines those accounts which testing will be undertaken on and the level of sample testing performed where applicable.

#### Reporting to those charged with governance

Whilst our audit procedures are designed to identify misstatements which are material to our opinion on the financial statements as a whole, we nevertheless report to the Audit Committee any unadjusted misstatements of lesser amounts to the extent that these are identified by our audit work. Under ISA 260 (UK) 'Communication with those charged with governance', we are required by auditing standards to report uncorrected omissions or misstatements other than those which are 'clearly trivial' to those charged with governance. We have determined this threshold to be £250,000.

## A risk based audit methodology

A core part of audit planning is understanding NHS Dumfries and Galloway and the wider health sector. This is our third year as the external auditors of the Board appointed under the Audit Scotland framework.

During 2017/18, the Board met its financial targets including delivering a surplus against both revenue and capital resource limits. Financial performance was broadly in line with agreed budget for the year and subject to close monitoring by both operational management and the Board. However, the Board continues to experience significant financial challenges. For 2018/19, the budget required savings of £17.3 million to be delivered during the year to meet financial targets. As at October 2018, the Board was reporting a projected year end gap of £3.5 million, primarily through unidentified savings.

The underlying financial position reflects continued pressures including increasing demand on services, pressures on pay costs, prescription costs as well as higher than forecasts agency nurse costs. This against a backdrop of constraints on public finances. The key challenge for the Board is developing a service delivery model which provides a sustainable, effective approach to delivering services. While the Board has delivered projected savings of £14.1 million in the year, with further projected by the year end, these have primarily been delivered on a non-recurring basis. Consequently the underlying recurring deficit is estimated at £13 million, putting considerable strain on future years.

#### Significant risks

Significant risks are defined by ISAs (UK) as risks that, in the judgement of the auditor, require special audit consideration. In identifying risks, audit teams consider the nature of the risk, the potential magnitude of misstatement, and its likelihood. Significant risks are those risks that have a higher risk of material misstatement.

#### Overview of our significant audit risks identified at planning and our proposed approach

#### Risk area **Description of risk** Planned response Risk of fraud As set out in ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that Walkthroughs of the controls and procedures around in revenue revenue may by misstated due to improper recognition material income streams and validation of key controls recognition of revenue. In 2017/18, NHS Dumfries and Galloway's where appropriate. revenue resource allocation was £354 million. While Considering management's assessment of the impact material, we consider this funding to be well forecast and of IFRS 15 on revenue streams and ensuring that directly agreed to Scottish Government funding letter revenue has been recognised in accordance with the and draw down. We therefore consider the opportunity new standard. and incentive to manipulate this revenue stream as low Evaluation of the existence of debtor balances held at and rebut the presumed risk around revenue recognition. 31 March 2019. Similarly funding from services commissioned from the Using our data analytics tools to provide assurance that Integration Joint Board of £292 million and revenue from income recognised is in line with expectation. other Scottish Boards is relatively well forecast and Consider income cut off procedures and substantive agreed to funding letter / inter-Board funding testing over pre and post year end balances, over non agreements. This reduces the opportunity for grant in aid revenue streams. manipulation and the inherent risk of material A focus on recoverability of balances. misstatement in revenue recognition. We therefore focus our testing on other revenue. As financial performance targets are primarily set for year end outturn position, the risk is prominent around year end revenue transactions and balances. Management As set out in ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that A focus on understanding how/where management override of management override of controls is present in all entities override of controls may occur controls Review of the controls over journal entries using our journal analyser tool to focus on higher risk journals Understanding key areas of judgement and accounting estimates within the financial statements and the basis for these judgements and the application of accounting

policies. This includes the CLO provisions

are out with the normal course of business

Reviewing unusual and/or significant transactions that

#### Overview of our significant audit risks identified at planning and our proposed approach

#### Risk area

Fraud in expenditure recognition as set out in Practice Note 10

#### **Description of risk**

Operating expenditure is understated or not treated in the correct period (risk of fraud in expenditure). As set out in Practice note 10 (revised) which applies to public sector entities. As payroll expenditure is well forecast and agreeable to underlying payroll systems there is less opportunity for the risk of misstatement in this expenditure stream. We therefore focus on nonpay expenditure. The Board's gross expenditure also includes £292 million contribution to the Integration Joint Board million and expenditure with other Scottish Boards which are relatively well forecast and inter-Board expenditure agreements, therefore we do not consider their to be a significant risk of fraud in these expenditure stream. Delivery of IJB related services by the Board is considered through payroll and non-payroll costs. We focus our risk on other material expenditure stream including Goods and Service with other UK NHS bodies and voluntary organisations. As financial performance targets are measured on year end outturn, we consider the risk to be particularly prevalent around the year end and therefore focus our testing on cut-off of non-pay expenditure.

#### **Planned response**

- Perform cut off at year end on pre and post year end transactions and recording
- Reviewing the completeness of creditors (and expenditure) recognised.
- · Walkthrough of the key expenditure controls in place
- Regularity Expenditure incurred in accordance with the type/nature of NHS Dumfries and Galloway as an organisation.

#### Going concern considerations

As auditors, we are required to "obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern assumption in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and to conclude whether there is a material uncertainty about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern" (ISA (UK) 570).

We will review management's assessment of the going concern assumption and evaluate the disclosures in the financial statements, confirming these are appropriate through our substantive testing.

#### Internal control environment

Throughout our audit planning and fieldwork we will continue to develop our understanding of the overall control environment (design) as related to the financial statements. In particular we will:

- Consider procedures and controls around related parties, journal entries and other key entity level controls.
- Perform procedures around IT general controls.
- · Consideration of service auditors reports for key financial processes including payroll
- Perform walkthrough procedures on key controls around identified risk areas including revenue, non-payroll expenditure
  and the recognition and valuation of property, plant and equipment

#### **Working with Internal Audit**

We will aim to not duplicate the work of your internal auditors. We will consider the internal audit plan for 2018/19 and identify any particular areas of risks that we either need to reflect in our approach or are relevant to our wider scope audit work. We will continue to consider the work of internal audit throughout the year and maintain and ongoing, open, dialogue with internal audit.

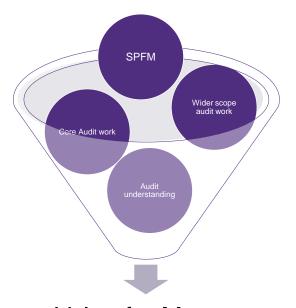
## Wider scope audit

Our responsibilities under Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice extend beyond the audit of the financial statements.

The Code sets out four dimensions that frame wider scope audit work into identifiable areas. Alongside Value for Money, the audit dimensions set a common framework for our audit work and we review and conclude on the four dimensions and that there are organisational arrangements in place to secure Value for Money.



#### Wider scope approach



Our wider scope audit work is a **risk based** approach. It is built upon our understanding of the organisation and consideration of:

- Four audit dimensions defined within the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice
- Scottish Public finance Manual (SPFM) nine characteristics of Value for Money
- Our core audit work and audit knowledge

We consider each of these areas through our audit planning process.

### Value for Money

#### **Audit Scotland Audit Planning guidance**

Audit Scotland Audit Planning guidance outlines key areas for consideration. Relevant to the NHS Dumfries and Galloway we will consider the following:

- EU Withdrawal,
- changing landscape for public financial management,
- dependency on key suppliers and
- openness and transparency.

Details included in appendix 6. We consider these areas during our audit planning and throughout our wider scope audit work.

#### Financial sustainability

#### Financial sustainability

NHS Dumfries and Galloway face significant financial challenges over the short to medium term. The Financial Plan 2018/19 to 2020/21, presented to the Board on the 9 April 2018, outlines NHS Dumfries and Galloway's strategic priorities over the three year period. The current revenue plan identifies a financial gap of £17.3 million in year. While the Board has made significant progress to identify savings to meet financial pressures in year, there is a continued reliance on non-recurring savings to deliver financial targets. Over the medium term this is unsustainable.

Like many other Scottish health boards, NHS Dumfries and Galloway faces a range of challenges including rising pressures on services through increased demand as well as increasing operational costs including wages and salaries and prescription costs. Additionally the Board face local pressures including the first full year of operation of the new Dumfries and Galloway Royal hospital as well as recruitment challenges, particularly across nursing and consultants where the Board has recently reported vacancies levels of 22%, higher than the Scottish average of 8% and putting additional reliance on bank staff.

It is critical that the Board's underlying operating model to deliver its strategic objectives is financially sustainable over the medium to longer term and that the Board.

#### Our response

We will review the financial plans in place, including the scenarios set out, the governance of the plans and regular reporting on future financial scenarios. We will assess the progress made by the Board in developing financially sustainable operating plans that continue to support the delivery of the Board's statutory functions and strategic objectives.

#### Financial management

#### Financial management

Based on our cumulative audit experience over the last three years, we have found that NHS Dumfries and Galloway has reasonable financial management arrangements. Based on review of Board minutes and papers as well as managements' budget monitoring arrangements, we have found that the Board's financial governance appears reasonable. This has been reflected in the delivery of financial targets over the period of our audit appointment.

While we have not identified any significant risks in this area during our audit planning, we will continue to review the Board's financial management arrangements including the extent to which there is effective scrutiny over both operational spend as well as delivery of savings plans. Our work will consider the extent to which the performance impact of in year savings is monitored.

#### **Governance and transparency**

#### Good governance

The Board faces significant financial and operational challenges over the coming years, including the need to deliver over £17 million of savings. Effective governance arrangements, including oversight and scrutiny, are critical to enable the Board in delivering its strategic objectives and providing quality of healthcare in the region.

A key element of effective governance is the effective scrutiny of performance. To ensure that available resources are planned and prioritised to key areas of performance. Further, it is critical that decision making is clear and transparent to ensure there is clear understanding of the rationale for decision making and to encourage corporate buy-in to these.

#### Our response

We will continue to consider through discussions with management and review of minutes NHS Dumfries and Galloway's overarching governance arrangements. We will consider the extent to which these reflect good practice.

Additionally, there have been number of new appointments to the Board including a new Chair. We will consider the on-boarding process and impact on the strategic direction of the Board.

#### Value for money

#### Value for money

No specific risks were identified in relation to NHS Dumfries and Galloway's arrangements for effectively utilising its resources and arrangements in place to continually improve services.

The Board has continues to face significant operational and financial challenges, creating a risk that there will be insufficient available resources to promote and deliver continuous improvement activity. However, the Board has clear strategic framework in place which aligns the organisation's vision and values to support the strategy and quality framework.

Like many boards, NHS Dumfries and Galloway recognise the challenge in delivering performance targets, in particular delayed discharges and waiting times, against a backdrop of financial pressures. We will continue to review the Board's performance against the annual operating plan standards, the Boards reporting and monitoring of these and the actions taken to improve the performance of the Board.

Our planned work, like our financial statements work, is risk based and proportionate. We will continue to develop our understanding over the four dimensions and conclude on these in our final report, based on the work we have undertaken during the year.

## **Appendices**

Key audit deliverables and our team	Key	v audit	delivera	bles and	our team
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Fees and independence

**Fraud arrangements** 

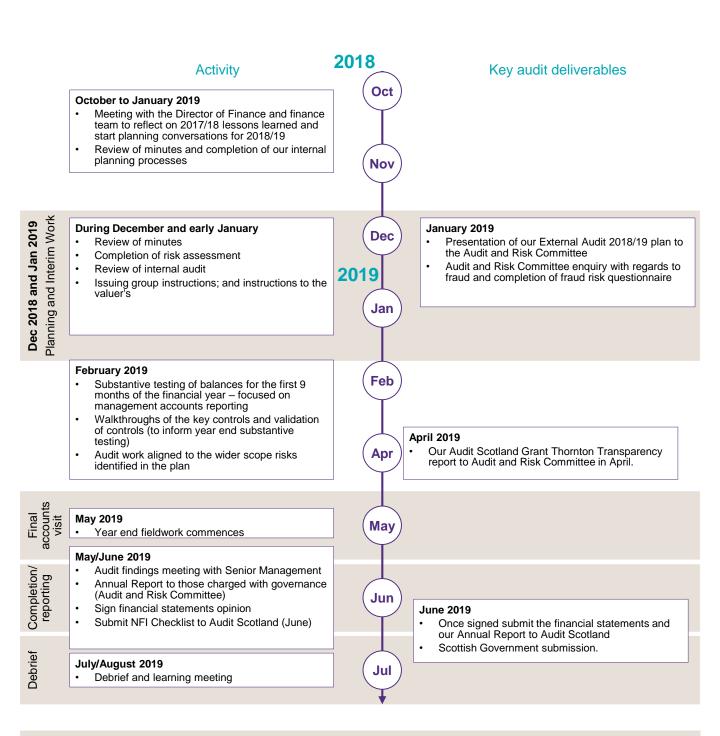
Respective responsibilities

**Technical updates** 

Specific considerations as set out in the Audit Scotland planning guidance

Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance

## Key audit deliverables and our team



#### Our team

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In addition we will use our Accounting technical team as required

## Fees and independence

#### **External Audit Fee**

Service	Fees £
External Auditor Remuneration	111,600
Pooled Costs	13,060
Contribution to Audit Scotland costs	6,700
Contribution to Performance Audit and Best Value	0
2018-19 Fee	131,360

The audit fee is calculated in accordance with guidance issued by Audit Scotland. In accordance with the Audit Scotland guidance we can increase the fee by up to 10% from the base fee set by Audit Scotland, depending on risk factors identified by us as your external auditors. We cannot reduce the fee from the baseline set out by Audit Scotland. The above proposed fee, set at the base fee, has been agreed with management. The fee is based on the following assumptions:

- supporting schedules to all figures in the accounts are supplied by the agreed dates and in accordance with the agreed upon information request list
- the scope of the audit, and the Boards' activities will not change significantly from planned
- NHS Dumfries and Galloway will make available management and accounting staff to help us locate information and to provide explanations. We reserve the right to charge an additional fee for any additional work.
- We will only receive (and audit) 3 sets of accounts (1st draft; amended draft and final)
- Specific balances such as valuations of assets are supported by an independent specialist

#### Fees for other services

Service	Fees £
At planning stage we confirm there are no non-audit fees	Nil

#### Independence and ethics

We confirm that there are no significant facts or matters that impact on our independence as auditors that we are required or wish to draw to your attention.

We have complied with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards and therefore we confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements.

Full details of all fees charged for audit and non-audit services will be included in our Annual Report to those charged with governance at the conclusion of the audit.

We confirm that we have implemented policies and procedures to meet the requirements of the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards.

We are required by auditing and ethical standards to communicate any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of the audit team.

We can confirm no independence concerns have been identified.

#### **Client service**

We take our client service seriously and continuously seek your feedback on our external audit service. Should you feel our service falls short of expected standards please contact Joanne Brown, Head of Public Sector Assurance Scotland in the first instance who oversees our portfolio of Audit Scotland work (<a href="mailto:joanne.e.brown@uk.gt.com">joanne.e.brown@uk.gt.com</a>). Alternatively, should you wish to raise your concerns further please contact Jon Roberts, Partner and Head of Assurance, 30 Finsbury Square, London, EC2A 1AG. If your feedback relates to audit quality and we have not successfully resolved your concerns, your concerns should be reported to Elaine Boyd, Assistant Director, Audit Scotland Quality and Appointments in accordance with the Audit Scotland audit quality complaints process.

## **Fraud arrangements**

The term fraud refers to intentional acts of one or more individuals amongst management, those charged with governance, employees or third parties involving the use of deception that result in a material misstatement of the financial statements. In assessing risks, the audit team is alert to the possibility of fraud at NHS Dumfries and Galloway.

As part of our audit work we are responsible for:

- identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud in particular in relations to management override of controls.
- Leading a discussion with those charged of governance (for NHS Dumfries and Galloway this is assumed to be the Audit and Risk Committee) on their view of fraud. Typically we do this when presenting our audit plan and in the form of management and those charged with governance questionnaires.
- designing and implementing appropriate audit testing to gain assurance over our assessed risks of fraud
- responding appropriately to any fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

As auditors we obtain reasonable but not absolute assurance the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

We will obtain annual representation from management regarding managements assessment of fraud risk, including internal controls, and any known or suspected fraud or misstatement.

The primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with management and those charged with governance including establishing and maintaining internal controls over the reliability of financial reporting effectiveness and efficiency of operations and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

It is NHS Dumfries and Galloway responsibility to establish arrangements to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularity. This includes:

- developing, promoting and monitoring compliance with standing orders and financial instructions
- developing and implementing strategies to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularity
- receiving and investigating alleged breaches of proper standards of financial conduct or fraud and irregularity.

Throughout the audit we work with NHS Dumfries and Galloway to review specific areas of fraud risk, including the operation of key financial controls. We also examine the policies in place, strategies, standing orders and financial instructions to ensure that they provide a strong framework of internal control.

In addition, as set out in the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice we have a role in reviewing NHS Dumfries and Galloway arrangements in response to the national fraud initiative exercise.

All suspected frauds and/or irregularities over £5,000 are reported to Audit Scotland by us as your auditors on a quarterly basis.

#### **Anti-Money Laundering Arrangements**

As required under the Money Laundering, Terrorist Financing and Transfer of Funds Regulations 2017 there is an obligation on the Auditor General (as set out in the planning guidance) to inform the National Crime Agency if she knows or suspects that any person has engaged in money laundering or terrorist financing. Should we be informed of any instances of money laundering at NHS Dumfries and Galloway we will report to the Auditor General as required by Audit Scotland.

## Respective responsibilities

As set out in the Code of Audit Practice there are a number of key responsibilities you as an organisation are responsible for, and others, as appointed auditors we are responsible for. These are summarised below:

Area	NHS Dumfries and Galloway Responsibilities
Corporate governance	<ul> <li>Establishing arrangements for proper conduct of its affairs</li> <li>Legality of activities and transactions</li> <li>Monitoring adequacy and effectiveness of arrangements (inc role of those charged with governance)</li> </ul>
Financial statements	<ul> <li>Preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of their financial position</li> <li>Maintaining accounting records and working papers</li> <li>Putting in place systems of Internal Control</li> <li>Maintaining proper accounting records</li> <li>Preparing and publishing an annual governance statement, management commentary and remuneration report</li> <li>Effective systems of internal control as well as financial, operational and compliance controls – supporting achievement of objectives and secure value for money</li> </ul>
Financial position	<ul> <li>Proper arrangements to ensure financial position is soundly based and responsibility to ensure arrangements secure Value for Money</li> </ul>
Fraud and error	<ul> <li>Establishing appropriate arrangements for prevention and detection of fraud, error, irregularities, bribery and corruption and affairs are properly managed</li> </ul>

# Our responsibilities How do we do this in practice

- Undertake statutory duties and comply with professional engagement and ethical standards
- Provide an opinion on financial statements and where appropriate regularity of transactions
- Review and report on, as appropriate, other information eg annual governance statements, management commentary, remuneration reports
- Notify the Auditor General when circumstances indicate a statutory report may be required
- Demonstrate compliance with wider public audit scope

- By reviewing and providing judgements and conclusions on NHS Dumfries and Galloway arrangements including those across the wider scope of audit dimensions.
- Suitability and effectiveness of corporate governance arrangements in year
- Financial position and arrangements for ensuring financial sustainability in the medium to longer term
- Review of other information in line with our knowledge and understanding of NHS Dumfries and Galloway
- Ongoing dialogue and engagement with Audit Scotland during the year

Weaknesses and risks identified by us as your auditors are only those which have come to our attention during our normal audit work in accordance with the Code, and may not be all that exist. Communication by us of matters arising from the audit of the financial statements or of risks or weaknesses does not absolve management from its responsibility to address the issues raised and to maintain an adequate system of control.

### **Technical updates**

For 2018/19, new accounting standards (International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)), will apply covering revenue (IFRS 15) and financial instruments (IFRS 9).

#### **IFRS 9: Financial Instruments**

The introduction of IFRS 9 produces a more principles based approach to the accounting of financial instruments, including their classification and measurement. The main features of the new standard are summarised in the table.

IFRS 9	Impact	Impleme
Criteria for classification of financial assets	IFRS 9 applies a single classification and measurement approach to all types of financial assets based on:  - The body's business model for managing financial assets;  - The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. This represent a departure from IAS 39's reliance on the terms of an instrument (traded or not).	mandatory date for any periods begon or after January 20 Under the Manual for Accounts, of transition the no restate of compara and any im transition we recognised reserves min 2018/19.
Measurement categories for financial assets	The new measurement categories for financial assets are as follows: - Financial assets measured at amortised cost - Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income - Financial assets measured at fair vale through profit or loss	
Impairment	IFRS 9 contains a forward looking expected loss impairment model and requires the same measurement basis for impairment for all items subject to its impairment requirements. The NHS Manual for Accounts requires the simplified approach allowed under IFRS 9, which removes the need for an entity to consider whether the credit quality of trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables has deteriorated since initial recognition.	

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The key practical change in IFRS 9 for most public bodies is the introduction of a new approach to recognising impairments of debtors and other financial instruments.

The Board should undertake an assessment of the potential impact IFRS 9 has on financial instruments held to ensure it has sufficient information to ensure compliance with the standard for the year end accounts.

## **Technical updates**

#### IFRS 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that a body should recognise revenue for the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the expected price. A body recognises revenue in accordance with that core principle by applying the following five steps:

- Identify the contract(s) with a customer. The NHS Manual for Accounts and in accordance with the FReM has extended the definition of a contract to include legislation which enables a body to obtain revenue that is not classified as taxation.
- 2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- 3. Determine the transaction price
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- 5. Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Implementation: IFRS 15 has a mandatory effective date for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.
Under the NHS Manual for Accounts, on transition there will be no restatement of comparatives, and any impact of transition will be recognised as a reserves movement in 2018/19.

The impact of the introduction of IFRS 15 will vary across organisations.

The NHS Manual for Accounts interpretation removes the policy choice to retrospectively restate in accordance with IAS 8. On transition, entities will recognise the difference between the previous carrying amount and the carrying amount at the beginning of the annual reporting period that includes the date of initial application..

MPACT

The impact of the introduction of IFRS 15 will vary across organisations. For the Board, careful consideration will need to be given to any contractual arrangement and the potential performance obligations contained within these.

ACTION

The Board should undertake an assessment of the potential impact IFRS 15 across its material revenue streams to ensure it has sufficient information to allow with the standard. Early evaluation is advised as this may impact on final outturn reported in the financial statements. and budgetary implications.

#### Audit action

We will continue to work with management to understand the impact of the introduction of IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 on the NHS Dumfries and Galloway's financial statements and any potential changes in accounting policy that arise from these. We do not anticipate that IFRS 9 will have a material impact on the entity's financial statements. However, further assessment is required around the impact of IFRS 15, particularly over contract arrangements. We will provide an early review of the proposed year end accounting treatment, providing relevant technical insight and challenge to provide assurance that the year end financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the NHS Manual for Accounts and applicable accounting standards.

## Specific considerations as set out in the Audit Scotland planning guidance

In accordance with the Audit Scotland Planning Guidance, we consider the following areas of focus as part of our audit work:



There are uncertainties surrounding the terms of the UK's withdrawal from the European Union in March 2019 and these are subject to ongoing negotiation between the UK government and EU. Whatever the outcome of these negotiations there is inevitably implications for devolved government in Scotland and for the Board.

#### **Planning consideration**

There is considerable uncertainty around the potential impact of Brexit. Likely areas to impact the Board are: workforce implications; funding; and regulation. We will consider the work done by the Board with regards assessing the potential risks faced and readiness for EU withdrawal.



Recognising the changing landscape of Scottish public finances, including significant tax –raising powers as well responsibility for 11 social security benefits provides the Scottish Parliament with more policy choices. Subsequently, there is potentially greater volatility and complexity around Scottish budget and greater focus on the use of Scottish funds. This is likely to increase the scrutiny of public sector annual accounts and audit reports.

#### Planning consideration

The focus on public entities performance reporting will be under increasing security, including that of the Board and how public funds are used. As part of our audit we will consider the extent to which the performance report provides an accessible account of the Board's overall performance and impact of its public spending and transparency of reporting.



The collapse of Carillion and the subsequent impact across the public sector, has brought into focus the risk of key supplier failure and underperformance. We will consider the arrangements in place for identifying key supplier and risks, if any associated with these and how effectively these are being managed.

#### Planning consideration

We consider the risk to the Board and the arrangements in place with regards key supplier dependencies during our audit.



There is an increased focus on how public money is used and what is achieved. This includes the extent to which the Board keeps pace with public expectations and good practices in this area. Including: increased public availability of papers, insight into why any business is conducted in private and development of the form and content of annual reporting.

#### **Planning consideration**

We will consider Audit Scotland's guidance around openness and transparency as we consider the Board's governance arrangements during 2018/19.

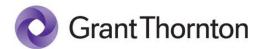
## Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance

Our communication plan	Audit Plan	Audit Findings
Respective responsibilities of auditor and management/those charged with governance	•	
Overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit, including planning assessment of audit risks and wider scope risks	•	
Confirmation of independence and objectivity	•	•
A statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence. Relationships and other matters which might be thought to bear on independence. Details of non-audit work performed by Grant Thornton UK LLP and network firms, together with fees charged. Details of safeguards applied to threats to independence	•	•
Significant matters in relation to going concern	•	•
Views about the qualitative aspects of NHS Dumfries and Galloway's accounting and financial reporting practices, including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures		•
Significant findings from the audit		•
Significant matters and issues arising during the audit and written representations that have been sought		•
Significant difficulties encountered during the audit		•
Significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit		•
Significant matters arising in connection with related parties		•
Identification or suspicion of fraud involving management and/or which results in material misstatement of the financial statements		•
Non-compliance with laws and regulations		•
Unadjusted misstatements and material disclosure omissions		•
Expected modifications to the auditor's report, or emphasis of matter		•

International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISA) 260, as well as other ISAs, prescribe matters which we are required to communicate with those charged with governance, and which we set out in the table above.

This document, The Audit Plan, outlines our audit strategy and plan to deliver the audit, while our Annual Report to those Charged with Governance will be issued prior to approval of the financial statements and will present key issues and other matters arising from the audit, together with an explanation as to how these have been resolved.

We will communicate any adverse or unexpected findings affecting the audit on a timely basis, either informally or via a report to NHS Dumfries and Galloway Management and the Audit and Risk Committee.



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