



# Scottish Social Services Council (SSSC)

**External Audit Plan for the financial year ending  
31 March 2020**

Final Audit Plan to Audit and Assurance Committee

28 February 2020

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Engagement Leader

**John Boyd**  
Senior Manager



# Our audit at a glance



Performance materiality is set at 75% of overall materiality. This is consistent with the prior year reflecting our audit knowledge and understanding with no material adjustments in the prior year.



Our audit planning materiality for SSSC is set at £421,900, being approximately 2% of gross expenditure based on prior year net operating expenditure. This is based on our assessment of what misstatement either individually or in aggregate could be significant as to be misleading to the users of financial statements. Our materiality benchmark is operating expenditure, which we consider a suitable benchmark for public entities. We will revisit our materiality throughout our audit including updating to reflect the unaudited financial statements.



Significant audit risks are: management override of controls, the risk of fraud in expenditure recognition as set out in Financial Reporting Council's (FRC) Practice Note 10 and the risk of fraud in revenue recognition (ISA requirement) primarily focussing on transactions around the year end.

An audit  
underpinned by  
quality and adding  
value to you



Our audit is undertaken in accordance with the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice and reflects the wider scope nature of public audit. In accordance with Audit Scotland guidance, we consider SSSC to be a smaller body for the purposes of wider scope responsibilities. Therefore the focus of our audit work will be on financial sustainability and governance statement disclosures. In addition, we continue to monitor progress in fully implementing the S22 recommended actions.



At the planning stage we have identified no other areas of particular audit risk. We will continue to review audit risk throughout the year in order to be able to detect and respond to any particular areas of other audit risk which may arise.

# Contents

<b>Section</b>	<b>Page</b>
1. Overarching principles of our audit and audit timeline	4
2. Respective responsibilities	5
3. Audit process and timetable	6
4. Materiality	7
5. A risk based audit methodology	8
6. Significant financial statement risks	9
7. Other audit areas	12
8. Audit deliverables	13
 <b>Appendices:</b>	
1. Fees and independence	15
2. Fraud arrangements	16
3. Communication with those charged with governance	17

# Overarching principles of our audit

Our audit is risk based and undertaken in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) (UK) and the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice 2016 ('the Code'). Our overall objective is a effective, quality-focused external audit which adds value through wider insights and challenge. Our audit foundations are:

- ✓ professional scepticism
- ✓ a focus on audit risks and key areas of management judgement
- ✓ delivering a quality audit through our experienced public sector audit team, use of data analytics to focus our audit and understanding of the organisation
- ✓ clear and upfront communications, with regular communication during the year
- ✓ reporting with focused actions which will support you in improving your controls/operations

## External Audit plan

The External Audit Plan summarises our responsibilities in accordance with ISAs and the Code:

- Respective responsibilities;
- Our audit process and timeline
- Materiality
- Our risk based audit approach to the audit of the financial statement
- Our wider scope responsibilities as applicable to smaller bodies covering financial sustainability and the annual governance statement

## Continuous improvement and adding value

Our aim is to add value to SSSC through our external audit work. This will be delivered through delivering a high-quality audit. Specifically for SSSC we will also undertake the following arrangements:

**Continuous learning and development:** We have discussed with Management opportunities to develop our audit approach to ensure we deliver an efficient and effective audit approach. Prior to our year end fieldwork, we will agree with Management a timetable for receipt of a complete set of draft financial statements and required supporting information to allow us to complete our audit testing within agreed timescales and finalisation of the financial statements.

**Robust and effective audit methodology:** Our ISA compliant audit methodology is tailored to focus audit resource on significant risk areas and key estimates and judgements.

## Audit appointment

The Auditor General for Scotland is an independent Crown appointment, made on the recommendation of the Scottish Parliament. The Auditor General is independent and not subject to control of any member of the Scottish Government or the Parliament. The Auditor General is responsible for securing the audit of the Scottish Government and most public bodies, including SSSC, and reporting on their financial health and performance.

Audit Scotland is an independent statutory body that provides the Auditor General with the services required to carry out her statutory functions, including monitoring the performance of auditors through a quality control process.

The Auditor General has appointed Grant Thornton UK LLP as external auditor of SSSC for the five year period 2016/17 to 2020/21.

### Our team

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The audit will be supported by a team of qualified and part qualified accountants from our public sector audit team. Where required we will use other audit experts, including Public Sector technical accounting team to support our audit.

# Respective responsibilities

As set out in the Code of Audit Practice there are a number of key responsibilities you as an organisation are responsible for, and others, as appointed auditors we are responsible for. These are summarised below:

Area	SSSC and the Accountable Officer's Responsibilities
Corporate governance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Establishing arrangements for proper conduct of its affairs</li> <li>Legality of activities and transactions</li> <li>Monitoring adequacy and effectiveness of arrangements (inc role of those charged with governance)</li> </ul>
Financial statements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of their financial position</li> <li>Maintaining accounting records and working papers</li> <li>Putting in place systems of Internal Control and maintaining proper accounting records</li> <li>Preparing and publishing an annual governance statement, director's report and remuneration report</li> <li>Effective systems of internal control as well as financial, operational and compliance controls – supporting achievement of objectives and secure value for money</li> </ul>
Financial position	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Proper arrangements to ensure financial position is soundly based and responsibility to ensure arrangements secure Value for Money</li> </ul>
Fraud and error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Establishing appropriate arrangements for prevention and detection of fraud, error, irregularities, bribery and corruption and affairs are properly managed</li> </ul>

## Our responsibilities



- Undertake statutory duties and comply with professional engagement and ethical standards
- Provide an ISA compliant opinion on financial statements and where appropriate regularity of transactions
- Review and report on, as appropriate, other information eg annual governance statements, management commentary, remuneration reports
- Notify the Auditor General when circumstances indicate a statutory report may be required
- Demonstrate compliance with wider public audit scope in accordance with Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice and applicable guidance as applicable to smaller bodies covering financial sustainability and governance statement disclosures
- Contributing to Audit Scotland Performance Reports
- Providing regular updates to Audit Scotland to share awareness of current issues across our audit clients
- Notify Audit Scotland of any cases of money laundering or fraud
- Contribute to Audit Scotland technical guidance

## How do we do this in practice

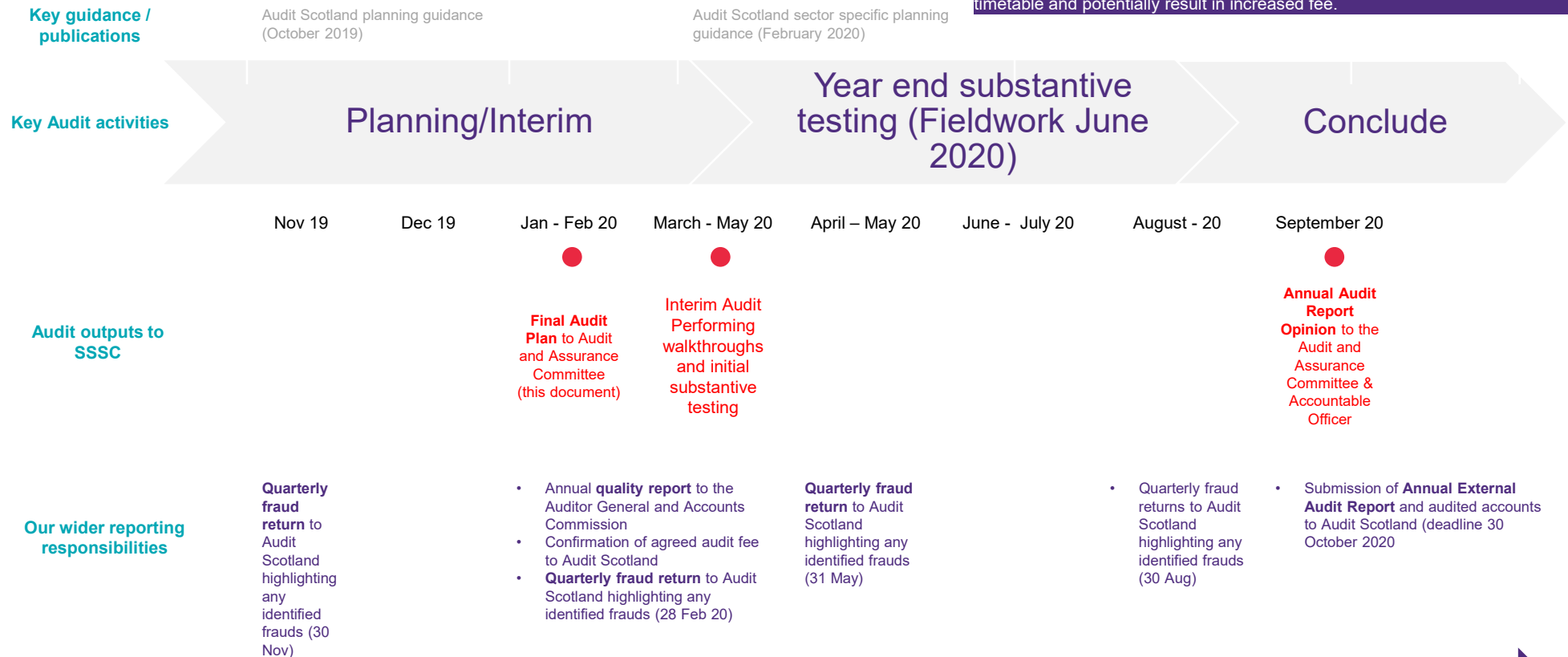


- By reviewing and providing judgements and conclusions on SSSC's arrangements including those in relation to financial sustainability and governance statement as applicable to smaller bodies
- Financial position and arrangements for ensuring financial sustainability in the medium to longer term
- Review of other information in line with our knowledge and understanding of SSSC.
- Ongoing dialogue and engagement with Audit Scotland during the year
- Providing quarterly fraud updates to Audit Scotland and information on any money laundering
- Support Audit Scotland through engaging in technical guidance publications

# Audit process and timeline

Our planned audit timeline is detailed below. In accordance with the Code of Audit Practice and audit Scotland Planning Guidance, we are required to undertake and report on a range of areas. The diagram below summarises our planned audit timetable for 2019/20, and output both to and Audit Scotland.

Our audit fieldwork will be for 2 week onsite and 1 week offsite in June and July 2020. We will provide Management with an audit deliverables list (PBC) list of supporting documentation required alongside the draft accounts on the first day of the audit visit. Delays in providing supporting information / accounts will impact on planned audit timetable and potentially result in increased fee.



Throughout the audit process there will be continuous communication and engagement. We will also continue to engage with Audit Scotland to ensure they are aware of any current or emerging issues at SSSC.

# Materiality



We undertake your audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs) and the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice (May 2016). On an annual basis we are required to give an opinion as to whether the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view
- have been properly prepared in accordance with relevant legislation and standards
- audited parts of the remuneration and staff report have been prepared in accordance with the guidance
- regularity of expenditure and income
- the wider information contained in the financial statements e.g. Accountability Report; Directors Report and Governance Statement is consistent with our audit knowledge and the financial statements

## Basis for materiality

We determine financial statement materiality based on a proportion of the total operating expenditure. This approach is consistent with our prior year materiality determination. We have determined SSSC's materiality to be **£421,900** which equates to approximately **2%** of your budgeted total operating expenditure for the year.

## Performance materiality

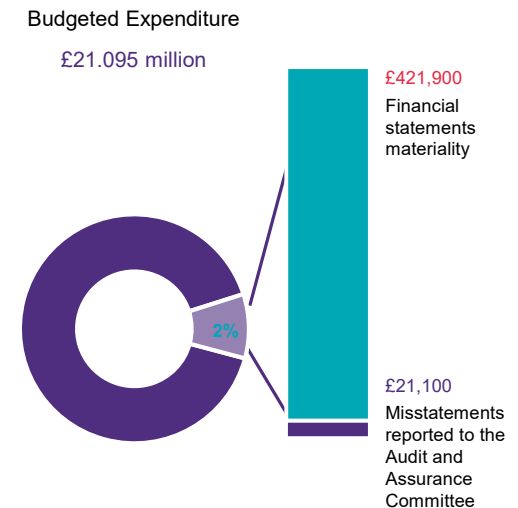
Performance materiality represents the amount set for the financial statements as a whole to reduce the probability that the aggregate of uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceed materiality. Based on our audit experience we have retained this for 2019/20 at **75%**, being **£316,425**. Performance materiality determines those accounts which testing will be undertaken on and the level of sample testing performed where applicable. Performance materiality is set at 75% of overall materiality. This is consistent with the prior year reflecting our audit knowledge and understanding with no material adjustments in the prior year.

Our materiality reflects our professional judgement of the magnitude of an omission or misstatement that, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of the users of the financial statements. We will apply a lower materiality threshold on review of the Remuneration and Staff report to ensure that remuneration has been disclosed within appropriate bandings (one banding - £2,500).

We will update our materiality based on the unaudited 2019/20 financial statements. During the course of our audit engagement, we will continue to assess the appropriateness of our materiality.

## Reporting to those charged with governance

Whilst our audit procedures are designed to identify misstatements which are material to our opinion on the financial statements as a whole, we nevertheless report to the Audit and Assurance Committee any unadjusted misstatements of lesser amounts to the extent that these are identified by our audit work. Under ISA 260 (UK) 'Communication with those charged with governance', we are required by auditing standards to report uncorrected omissions or misstatements other than those which are 'clearly trivial' to those charged with governance. We have determined this threshold to be **£21,100** being 5% of materiality.



# A risk based audit methodology

A core part of audit planning is understanding SSSC and the wider environment in which it operates. This is our fourth year as the external auditors of SSSC appointed under the Audit Scotland framework. Through our audit planning procedures we consider a range of factors to assess the risk of material misstatement to the financial statements. Significant risks are defined by ISAs (UK) as risks that, in the judgement of the auditor, require special audit consideration. In identifying risks, audit teams consider the nature of the risk, the potential magnitude of misstatement, and its likelihood. Significant risks are those risks that have a higher risk of material misstatement. Our risk assessment includes the following;

Consideration of critical accounting estimates including for example accruals, defined benefit pension contributions.

Assessment of inherent risk factors including changes in the organisation's activities and environment

Understanding of entity level controls and the control environment, including IT controls

Financial and operational performance during the year, including pressures in delivering outcomes while operating within the allocated budget set for SSSC

## Identified Significant risks

- Risk of fraud in expenditure recognition (FRC Practice note 10)
- Management override of controls (ISA 240)
- Risk of fraud in revenue recognition (ISA 240)

We continue to assess the risk of material misstatement and our response to these risks throughout our audit. Within our Annual Audit Report we will report to you the conclusions from our audit procedures over these risks, including any further risks identified or changes to our planned audit response.



# Significant financial statement risks

## Understanding and its environment

This is the fourth year as external auditors of SSSC as appointed under the Audit Scotland framework. SSSC is funded through grant-in-aid from the Scottish Government. In 2018/19, SSSC had a revenue budget of £15.624 million. In year 2018/19 SSSC incurred operating costs of £ 24.31 million, this excess expenditure is supplemented by the income the entity is able to generate of £4.716 Million. In 2019/20, SSSC have a marginally decreased funding position of £ 14.726 million.

Risk area	Areas of focus	Description of risk
<b>Risk of fraud in expenditure recognition</b>	<b>Other Expenditure</b> (at the year end) (Completeness) <b>Payables</b> (Completeness, Valuation)	Operating expenditure is understated or not treated in the correct period (risk of fraud in expenditure) as set out in Practice Note 10 (revised) which applies to public-sector entities.
Audit Response		

- Walkthrough of the key expenditure controls in place including payroll controls.
- Substantive analytical procedures over expenditure to understand variances and movements
- Test expenditure balances incurred in the year to invoice and bank (and vice-versa)
- Perform cut-off at year end on pre and post year-end transactions and recording.
- Consideration of the regularity of income

# Significant financial statement risks

Risk area	Areas of focus	Description of risk
<b>Risk of fraud in revenue recognition</b>	<b>Income from Contracts</b> (at the year end) (Occurrence, Completeness) <b>Receivables</b> (Existence, Completeness)	<p>As set out in ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to improper recognition of revenue. In 2018/19, SSSC received £15.624 million in revenue funding from the Scottish Government.</p> <p>The SSSC budget is agreed with Scottish Government with very little change occurring to the agreed budget and therefore there is an inherently low risk of fraud. Our presumed risk focusses on fees and charges. SSSC charges fees to employers looking to register and maintain registration with SSSC. Once registered, registrants are required to pay an annual continuation fee to remain registered. Fees charged in 2018/19 were £4.375 million. We consider the risk to be prevalent around the year end and therefore focus our audit work on transactions around the year end.</p>

## Audit Response

- Walkthroughs of the controls and procedures over the recognition of income in the year
- Perform substantive testing (at an elevated risk level) over project funding and other income recognised in the final two months of the year and post year end transactions where there is an increased risk of fraudulent recognition of revenue. We will ensure that these are correctly accounted for in the financial statements.
- Evaluation of the existence of receivables balances held at 31 March 2020 through agreeing balances held to invoices and/or other supporting records.
- Perform income cut-off procedures and substantive testing over pre and post year end balances, over fees charged to service providers and other income streams.
- A focus on recoverability of balances through agreeing a sample of debtor balances (at an elevated risk level) and agreeing to post year end cash receipt.

# Significant financial statement risks

Risk area	Areas of focus	Description of risk
<b>Management override of controls</b>	<b>Journals</b> <b>Accounting Estimates</b>	<p>As set out in ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that management override of controls is present in all entities. This risk area includes the potential for management to use their judgement to influence the financial statements as well as the potential to override SSSC's controls for specific transactions.</p> <p>We consider those key judgements that are most susceptible to significant audit risk of management override are those over expenditure recognition. These are areas where management has the potential to influence the financial statement through estimate and judgement.</p>
<b>Audit Response</b>		

## Accounting estimates:

In assessing the risk of management override, consider those key accounting estimates and judgements that could impact on the organisations financial results and where there is an inherently increased risk of fraudulent misstatement or where management bias could result in a material misstatement. In response to the significant audit risk we will:

- consider the design of controls in place over key accounting estimates and judgements.
- Review accounting estimates for management bias / indication of fraud that could result in material misstatement. This will include review of estimates as at 31 March 2020 and retrospective review of those estimates as at 31 March 2019.

## Journals testing:

We will use our data analytics tool to support our evaluation of journal transactions during the year. In response to the significant risk we will:

- Assess the design of controls in place over journal entries, including how these are prepared, authorised and processed onto the financial ledger;
- Risk assess the journals population to identify large or unusual journal entries, such as those that are not incurred in the normal course of business, or those entries that may be indicative of fraud or error that could result in material misstatement. We will test these journals to ensure they are appropriate and suitably recorded in the financial ledger and correctly recorded in the financial statements;
- We will perform targeted testing of transactions around the financial year end reviewing those journals are large or otherwise appear unusual to understand the rationale for the transaction.

# Other audit areas

## Going concern considerations

As auditors, we are required to “obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the appropriateness of management’s use of the going concern assumption in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and to conclude whether there is a material uncertainty about the entity’s ability to continue as a going concern” (ISA (UK) 570).

We will review management’s assessment of the going concern assumption and evaluate the disclosures in the financial statements, alongside our assessment based on substantive testing and audit procedures.

## Working with internal audit

We will aim to not duplicate the work of your internal auditors. We will consider the internal plan for 2019/20 and identify any particular areas relevant to our audit responsibilities and any area of risk which may impact on our planned testing approach. We will continue to consider internal audit work throughout the year and maintain and ongoing, open, dialogue with internal audit. In accordance with the relevant ISA, it is prohibited to direct the work of internal audit and whilst we review their reports to support our understanding we do not rely on internal audit.

## Internal control environment

Throughout our audit planning and fieldwork we will continue to develop our understanding of the overall control environment (design) as related to the financial statements. In particular we will:

- Consider procedures and controls around related parties, journal entries and other key entity level controls.
- Perform walkthrough procedures on key controls around identified risk areas including income, payroll expenditure, other expenditure, journal entries and material areas of management estimate and judgement.

## Wider scope approach – Smaller body arrangements

For smaller bodies the Audit Scotland Code of Practice permits auditors to not apply the full wider scope audit. In our judgement, taking into account the nature of SSSC operating activity and income and expenditure streams, we feel it is appropriate to continue to treat you as a smaller body under the Code. However, in accordance with Audit Scotland planning guidance, we will update our understanding of your arrangements for ensuring financial sustainability as well as your governance arrangements in place to support disclosures contained within the annual governance statement included within your financial statements.

Specific to SSSC we will continue to consider the progress in implementing the agreed recommendations from the S22 report, related to financial management and governance.

# Audit deliverables

As set out in the Code of Audit Practice, as appointed auditors we have a number of wider reporting responsibilities beyond the audit of the financial statements. Below we summarise the key areas of work during our 2019/20 audit, including expected reporting under Audit Scotland's Code of Audit Practice and audit planning guidance (2018/19 Guidance on Planning the Audit)

Requirement	How we will report our findings
<p><b>Annual accounts</b> Perform an audit of the annual accounts and express specified audit opinion on them. We will audit up to 3 draft versions of the financial statements provided.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External audit plan</li> <li>• External auditor's opinion on the financial statements</li> <li>• Annual external audit report findings from our audit work of the financial statements</li> </ul>
<p><b>Wider scope audit dimensions</b> Conclude and report on our assessment of the wider scope audit dimensions in relation to a small entity.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Annual external audit report (audit findings report) as applicable to smaller bodies (financial sustainability and governance statement).</li> </ul>
<p><b>Emerging issues</b> Communication of emerging issues to Audit Scotland and highlight any issues for potential statutory reports</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Communicating throughout our audit emerging issues throughout the year.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Correspondence queries</b> Carry out preliminary enquiries into any correspondence relevant to the Board that is referred to Audit Scotland.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Providing responses to any correspondence received based on our audit knowledge and understanding and the results of any review as agreed with Audit Scotland.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Money laundering and fraud</b> Provide information on cases of money laundering or fraud</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reporting cases to the National Crime Agency of an instances of money laundering at the Board and identified frauds to Audit Scotland.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Technical guidance</b> Contribute to Technical Guidance Notes</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Providing responses to Audit Scotland consultations on draft Technical Guidance notes for Auditors.</li> </ul>

# Appendices

## Appendices:

1. Fees and independence	15
2. Fraud arrangements	16
3. Communication with those charged with governance	17

# Appendix 1: Fees and independence

## External Audit Fee

Service	Fees £
External Auditor Remuneration	15,390
Pooled Costs	3,580
Contribution to Audit Scotland costs	
Contribution to Performance Audit and Best Value	850
<b>2019/20 Fee</b>	<b>19,820</b>

## Fees for other services

Service	Fees £
At planning stage we confirm there are no non-audit fees	Nil

## Independence and ethics

- We confirm that there are no significant facts or matters that impact on our independence as auditors that we are required or wish to draw to your attention.
- We have complied with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standards and therefore we confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements.
- Full details of all fees charged for audit and non-audit services will be included in our Annual Report to those charged with governance at the conclusion of the audit.
- We confirm that we have implemented policies and procedures to meet the requirements of the Financial Reporting Council's ethical standards
- We are required by auditing and ethical standards to communicate any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of the audit team.
- We can confirm no independence concerns have been identified.

Audit Scotland sets an expected fee for each audit carried out under appointment which assumes that the body has well-functioning controls, an effective internal audit service, and an average risk profile.

Audit Scotland reviews the expected fee each year and adjusts it if necessary based on auditors' experience, new requirements, or significant changes to audited bodies.

The audit fee is calculated in accordance with guidance issued by Audit Scotland. In accordance with the Audit Scotland guidance, for smaller bodies, we can increase the fee by up to 20% from the base fee set by Audit Scotland, depending on risk factors identified by us as your external auditors. We cannot reduce the fee from the baseline set out by Audit Scotland. The fee is based on the following assumptions:

- supporting schedules to all figures in the accounts are supplied by the agreed dates and in accordance with the agreed upon information request list
- the scope of the audit, and SSSC activities will not change significantly from planned
- SSSC will make available management and accounting staff to help us locate information and to provide explanations. We reserve the right to charge an additional fee for any additional work.
- We will only receive (and audit) 3 sets of accounts (1st draft; amended draft and final)
- Specific balances such as valuations of assets are supported by an independent specialist

## Client service

We take our client service seriously and continuously seek your feedback on our external audit service. Should you feel our service falls short of expected standards please contact Joanne Brown, Head of Public Sector Assurance Scotland in the first instance who oversees our portfolio of Audit Scotland work ([joanne.e.brown@uk.gt.com](mailto:joanne.e.brown@uk.gt.com)). Alternatively, should you wish to raise your concerns further please contact Jon Roberts, Partner and Head of Assurance, 30 Finsbury Square, London, EC2A 1AG. If your feedback relates to audit quality and we have not successfully resolved your concerns, your concerns should be reported to Elaine Boyd, Assistant Director, Audit Scotland Quality and Appointments in accordance with the Audit Scotland audit quality complaints process.

# Appendix 2: Fraud arrangements

The term fraud refers to intentional acts of one or more individuals amongst management, those charged with governance, employees or third parties involving the use of deception that result in a material misstatement of the financial statements. In assessing risks, the audit team is alert to the possibility of fraud at SSSC.

As part of our audit work we are responsible for:

- identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud in particular in relations to management override of controls.
- Leading a discussion with those charged of governance (for SSSC this is assumed to be the Audit and Assurance Committee) on their view of fraud. Typically we do this when presenting our audit plan and in the form of management and those charged with governance questionnaires.
- designing and implementing appropriate audit testing to gain assurance over our assessed risks of fraud
- responding appropriately to any fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

As auditors we obtain reasonable but not absolute assurance the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

We will obtain annual representation from management regarding managements assessment of fraud risk, including internal controls, and any known or suspected fraud or misstatement.

## Anti-Money Laundering Arrangements

As required under the Money Laundering, Terrorist Financing and Transfer of Funds Regulations 2017 there is an obligation on the Auditor General (as set out in the planning guidance) to inform the National Crime Agency if she knows or suspects that any person has engaged in money laundering or terrorist financing. Should we be informed of any instances of money laundering at SSSC we will report to the Auditor General as required by Audit Scotland.

The primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with management and those charged with governance including establishing and maintaining internal controls over the reliability of financial reporting effectiveness and efficiency of operations and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

It is SSSC's responsibility to establish arrangements to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularity. This includes:

- developing, promoting and monitoring compliance with standing orders and financial instructions
- developing and implementing strategies to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularity
- receiving and investigating alleged breaches of proper standards of financial conduct or fraud and irregularity.

Throughout the audit we work with SSSC to review specific areas of fraud risk, including the operation of key financial controls. We also examine the policies in place, strategies, standing orders and financial instructions to ensure that they provide a strong framework of internal control.

In addition, as set out in the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice we have a role in reviewing SSSC's arrangements in response to the national fraud initiative exercise.

All suspected frauds and/or irregularities over £5,000 are reported to Audit Scotland by us as your auditors on a quarterly basis.



# Appendix 3: Communication with the Accountable Officer and those charged with governance

International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISA) 260, as well as other ISAs, prescribe matters which we are required to communicate with those charged with governance, and which we set out in the table above.

This document, The Audit Plan, outlines our audit strategy and plan to deliver the audit, while our Annual Report to those Charged with Governance, for SSSC being the Accountable Officer, will be issued prior to approval of the financial statements and will present key issues and other matters arising from the audit, together with an explanation as to how these have been resolved.

We will communicate any adverse or unexpected findings affecting the audit on a timely basis, either informally or via a report to SSSC Management and the Audit and Assurance Committee.

<b>Our communication plan</b>	<b>Audit Plan</b>	<b>Audit Findings</b>
Respective responsibilities of auditor and management/the Accountable Officer	•	
Overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit, including planning assessment of audit risks and wider scope risks	•	
Confirmation of independence and objectivity	•	•
A statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence. Relationships and other matters which might be thought to bear on independence. Details of non-audit work performed by Grant Thornton UK LLP and network firms, together with fees charged. Details of safeguards applied to threats to independence	•	•
Significant matters in relation to going concern	•	•
Views about the qualitative aspects of SSSC's accounting and financial reporting practices, including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures		•
Significant findings from the audit		•
Significant matters and issues arising during the audit and written representations that have been sought		•
Significant difficulties encountered during the audit		•
Significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit		•
Significant matters arising in connection with related parties		•
Identification or suspicion of fraud involving management and/or which results in material misstatement of the financial statements		•
Non-compliance with laws and regulations		•
Unadjusted misstatements and material disclosure omissions		•
Expected modifications to the auditor's report, or emphasis of matter		•



*The contents of this report relate only to the matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our audit planning process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect the entity or all weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit and should not be quoted in whole or in part without our prior written consent. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.*

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