Redress Scotland

Annual Audit Plan





Prepared for Redress Scotland March 2024

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Introduction

Summary of planned audit work

- 1. This document summarises the work plan for the 2023/24 audit of Redress Scotland. The main elements of the audit include:
 - an audit of the financial statements and an opinion on whether they give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement
 - an audit opinion on regularity and other statutory information published with the financial statements in the annual report and accounts, including the Performance Report, Governance Statement, and the Remuneration and Staff Report
 - consideration of arrangements in relation to wider scope areas: concluding on the financial sustainability of Redress Scotland and a review of the Governance Statement.
 - provision of an Independent Auditor's Report expressing my opinions on the different elements of the annual report and accounts and an Annual Audit Report setting out conclusions on the wider scope areas.

Respective responsibilities of the auditor and Redress Scotland

2. The Code of Audit Practice sets out in detail the respective responsibilities of the auditor and Redress Scotland. Key responsibilities are summarised below.

Auditor responsibilities

- 3. My responsibilities as appointed auditor are established by the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 and the Code of Audit Practice (including supplementary guidance) and guided by the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard
- **4.** Auditors in the public sector give an independent opinion on the financial statements and other information within the annual report and accounts. We also review and report on the wider scope arrangements in place at Redress Scotland. In doing this, we aim to support improvement and accountability.

Redress Scotland's responsibilities

- **5.** Redress Scotland is responsible for maintaining adequate accounting records and internal controls and preparing financial statements for audit that give a true and fair view. They are also required to produce other reports in the annual report and accounts in accordance with applicable requirements.
- 6. Redress Scotland has the primary responsibility for ensuring the proper financial stewardship of public funds, compliance with relevant legislation, and

establishing effective arrangements for governance, propriety, and regularity that enable them to deliver their objectives.

Adding Value

7. My team and I aim to add value by: tailoring audit work to the circumstances of Redress Scotland and the audit risks identified; being constructive and forward looking; providing independent conclusions; attending meetings of the Audit Risk and Assurance Committee and by recommending and encouraging good practice. In so doing, we will help Redress Scotland promote improved standards of governance, better management and decision making, and more effective use of resources.

Annual report and accounts

Introduction

- 8. The annual report and accounts are an essential part of demonstrating Redress Scotland's stewardship of resources and its performance in the use of those resources.
- 9. As appointed auditor, I am required to perform an audit of the financial statements, consider other information within the annual report and accounts, and express a number of audit opinions in an Independent Auditor's Report in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) in the UK, Practice Note 10 from the Public Audit Forum which interprets the ISAs for the public sector, and guidance from Audit Scotland.
- 10. My team and I focus our work on the areas of highest risk. As part of our planning process, we perform a risk assessment highlighting the audit risks relating to each of the main financial systems relevant to the production of the financial statements

Materiality

11. The concept of materiality is applied by auditors in planning and performing the audit, and in evaluating the effect of any uncorrected misstatements on the financial statements. We are required to plan the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The assessment of what is material is a matter of professional judgement over both the amount and the nature of the misstatement.

Materiality levels for the 2023/24 audit

12. We assess materiality at different levels as described in Exhibit 1. The materiality values for Redress Scotland are set out in Exhibit 1.

Exhibit 1 2023/24 Materiality levels for Redress Scotland

Materiality	Amount
Planning materiality – This is the figure we calculate to assess the overall impact of audit adjustments on the financial statements. Materiality has been set based on our assessment of the needs of the users of the financial statements and the nature of Redress Scotland's operations. For the year ended 31 March 2024, we have set our materiality at 2% of gross expenditure based on forecasted figures.	£70,000
Performance materiality – This acts as a trigger point. If the aggregate of errors identified during the financial statements audit exceeds performance materiality, this could indicate that further audit procedures are required. Using our	£42,000

professional judgement, we have assessed performance materiality at 60% of planning materiality.

Reporting threshold (i.e. clearly trivial) – We are required to report to those charged with governance on all unadjusted misstatements more than the 'reporting threshold' amount.

£3,500

Source: Audit Scotland

Significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements

- 13. Our risk assessment draws on our knowledge of the Redress Scotland, its major transaction streams, key systems of internal control, and risk management processes. It is informed by our discussions with management, meetings with internal audit, attendance at committees, and a review of supporting information.
- **14.** Audit risk assessment is an iterative and dynamic process. Our assessment of risks set out in this plan may change as more information and evidence becomes available during the progress of the audit. Where such changes occur, we will advise management, and where relevant, report them to those charged with governance.
- **15.** Based on our risk assessment process, we identified the following significant risk of material misstatement to the financial statements. These are risks which have the greatest impact on our planned audit procedures. Exhibit 2 summarises the nature of the risks, management's sources of assurance over these risks, and the further audit procedures we plan to perform to gain assurance over the risks.

Exhibit 2 2023/24 Significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements

Significant risk of material misstatement	Management's sources of assurance	Planned audit response
1. Risk of material misstatement due to fraud caused by management override of controls	Owing to the nature of this risk, assurances from management are not applicable in this	 Assess the design and implementation of controls over journal entry processing. Make inquiries of individuals involved in the financial reporting process about
As stated in ISA (UK) 240, management is in a unique position to	ent is in a to d because t's ability	inappropriate or unusual activity relating to the processing of journal entries and other adjustments.
perpetrate fraud because of management's ability to override controls that		 Test journals at the year-end and post- closing entries with a focus on significant risk areas.

Source: Audit Scotland

- **16.** As set out in ISA (UK) 240: The auditor's responsibilities relating to fraud in an audit of financial statement, there is a presumed risk of fraud over the recognition of revenue. There is a risk that revenue may be misstated resulting in a material misstatement in the financial statements.
- **17.** We have rebutted this risk as the main source of income is funding received from Scottish Government which can be readily agreed to third party confirmations.
- **18.** In line with Practice Note 10: Audit of financial statements and regularity of public sector bodies in the United Kingdom, as most public-sector bodies are net spending bodies, the risk of material misstatement due to fraud related to expenditure recognition may in some cases be greater than the risk relating to revenue recognition.
- **19.** We have rebutted this risk as the main expenditure streams of Redress Scotland relate to staff costs and other running costs, such as training and minor equipment purchases. Staff costs are high volume but low value and noncomplex transactions. There are a low number of employees making the identification of unusual or significant payments easily identifiable. Other running costs can be agreed to third party evidence. We also consider there to be limited incentive and opportunity for the manipulation of expenditure recognition in the financial statements.
- **20.** We have not, therefore, incorporated specific work into our audit plan in these areas over and above our standard audit procedures.

Other areas of audit focus

21. As part of our assessment of audit risks, we have identified other areas where we consider there are also risks of material misstatement to the financial statements. Based on our assessment of the likelihood and magnitude of the risks,

we do not consider these to represent significant risks. We will keep these areas under review as our audit progresses.

 Disclosures within the Performance Report, the Governance Statement and the Remuneration and Staff Report: These disclosures can be complex and subject to management judgement. There is a risk that errors could be made in the accuracy and completeness of information included in these sections of the Annual Report and Accounts. We will review these areas against supporting evidence and to ensure that they comply with the requirements of the FReM and any other relevant guidance.

Regularity

- **22.** Auditors are required by the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 to report on whether expenditure and income were incurred or applied, in all material respects, in accordance with applicable enactments and guidance issued by the Scottish Ministers (generally referred to as the regularity opinion).
- 23. We will adopt an integrated audit approach to meeting this responsibility and use work on the audit of the financial statements supplemented by additional testing for any irregular transactions, where necessary.

Wider Scope and Best Value

Introduction

- **24.** Reflecting the fact that public money is involved, public audit is planned and undertaken from a wider perspective than in the private sector. The Code of Audit Practice sets out the four areas that frame the wider scope of public sector audit, and requires auditors to consider and conclude on the effectiveness and appropriateness of the arrangements in place for each wider scope area in audited bodies.
- 25. The Code of Audit Practice (2021) and supplementary guidance includes provisions relating to the audit of less complex bodies. The Code provides for an alternative audit approach where an audited body might be considered to be less complex due to its size and its limited financial activity. Where the application of the full wider audit scope is judged by auditors not to be appropriate to an audited body, the audit work can focus on the appropriateness of the disclosures in the governance statement and the financial sustainability of the body and its services.
- 26. Redress Scotland's financial transactions are considered low volume and non-complex. We therefore plan to apply the 'less complex' provisions of the Code in our audit of Redress Scotland. Our audit of the wider scope will include:
 - **Financial sustainability** We consider the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting as part of the annual audit. We will also comment on financial sustainability in the medium and longer
 - **Governance** –We consider the effectiveness of the governance arrangements to support delivery. We review the Annual Governance Statement and consider whether disclosures appropriately reflect the arrangements in place and the activities which took place in 2023/24.

Duty of Best Value

27. Ministerial Guidance to Accountable Officers for public bodies and the Scottish Public Finance Manual (SPFM) explain that Accountable Officers have a specific responsibility to ensure that arrangements have been made to secure Best Value. We will be carrying out a high-level review to confirm that such arrangements are in place within Redress Scotland.

Reporting arrangements, timetable, and audit fee

Reporting arrangements

28. Matters arising from our audit will be reported on a timely basis and will include agreed action plans. Draft reports will be shared with the relevant officers to confirm factual accuracy.

29. We will provide:

- an Independent Auditor's Report to Redress Scotland, the Scottish Parliament, and the Auditor General for Scotland setting out our opinions on the annual report and accounts
- Redress Scotland and the Auditor General for Scotland with an Annual Audit Report containing observations and recommendations on significant matters which have arisen during the audit and conclusions on wider scope areas.
- **30.** Exhibit 4 outlines the target dates for our audit outputs set by the Auditor General for Scotland. In determining the target reporting date of 31 October, due regard is paid to meeting the statutory deadline for laying the accounts of 31 December 2024.
- **31.** We will be unable to achieve the target date outlined above. This is due to Redress Scotland's internal timetable for approving their annual report and accounts. We are working towards completion of the audit by the later date of 7 November 2024 to achieve the statutory requirement of laying the annual report and accounts before Parliament by the end of the calendar year.

Exhibit 4 2023/24 Audit outputs

Audit Output	Target date	Audit and Risk Committee Date
Annual Audit Plan	31/03/2024	10/04/2024
Independent Auditor's Report	31/10/2024	TBC
Annual Audit Report	31/10/2024	TBC

Source: Audit Scotland

32. All Annual Audit Plans and the outputs detailed in Exhibit 4, and any other outputs on matters of public interest, will be published on our website: www.auditscotland.gov.uk.

Timetable

- **33.** To support an efficient audit, it is critical that the timetable for producing the annual report and accounts for audit is achieved. We have included a proposed timetable for the audit at Exhibit 5 that has been discussed with management.
- 34. We will continue to work closely with management to identify the most efficient approach as appropriate and will keep timeframes and logistics for the completion of the audit under review. Progress will be discussed with management and finance officers over the course of the audit.

Exhibit 5 Proposed annual report and accounts timetable

⊘ Key stage	Provisional Date
Latest submission date for the receipt of the unaudited annual report and accounts with complete working papers package.	30/08/2024
Latest date for final clearance meeting with the Head of Finance and Resources	25/09/2024
Issue of draft Letter of Representation and proposed Independent Auditor's Report	TBC
Agreement of audited and unsigned annual report and accounts	TBC
Signed Independent Auditor's Report	27/11/2024

Source: Audit Scotland

Audit fee

- 35. In determining the audit fee, we have taken account of the risk exposure of Redress Scotland and the planned management assurances in place. Fee levels are also impacted by inflation which increases the cost of audit delivery. The audit fee for 2023/24 is £29,690 (2022/23: £28,000)
- **36.** In setting the fee for 2023/24, we have assumed that Redress Scotland has effective governance arrangements and will prepare a comprehensive and accurate set of annual report and accounts for audit in line with the agreed timetable for the audit. The audit fee assumes there will be no major change in respect of the scope of the audit during the year and where our audit cannot proceed as planned, a supplementary fee may be levied.

Other matters

Internal audit

37. It is the responsibility of Redress Scotland to establish adequate internal audit arrangements. While we are not planning to place formal reliance on the work of internal audit in 2023/24, we will review internal audit reports and assess the impact of the findings on our financial statements and wider scope audit responsibilities.

Independence and objectivity

- **38.** I am independent of Redress Scotland in accordance with relevant ethical requirements, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard. This standard imposes stringent rules to ensure the independence and objectivity of auditors
- **39.** Audit Scotland has robust arrangements in place to ensure compliance with Ethical Standard including an annual 'fit and proper' declaration for all members of staff. The arrangements are overseen by the Executive Director of Innovation and Quality, who serves as Audit Scotland's Ethics Partner.
- **40.** The Ethical Standard requires auditors to communicate any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of the audit team. I am not aware of any such relationships pertaining to the audit of Redress Scotland.

Audit Quality

- **41.** Audit Scotland is committed to the consistent delivery of high-quality public audit. Audit quality requires ongoing attention and improvement to keep pace with external and internal changes. A document explaining the arrangements for providing assurance on the delivery of high-quality audits is available from the Audit Scotland website.
- **42.** The International Standards on Quality Management (ISQM) applicable to Audit Scotland for 2023/24 audits are:
 - ISQM (UK) 1 which deals with an audit organisation's responsibilities to design, implement and operate a system of quality management (SoQM) for audits. Our SoQM consists of a variety of components, such as: our governance arrangements and culture to support audit quality, compliance with ethical requirements, ensuring we are dedicated to high-quality audit through our engagement performance and resourcing arrangements, and ensuring we have robust quality monitoring arrangements in place. Audit Scotland carries out an annual evaluation of our SoQM and has concluded that we comply with this standard.

- ISQM (UK) 2 which sets out arrangements for conducting engagement quality reviews, which are performed by senior management not involved in the audit to review significant judgements and conclusions reached by the audit team, and the appropriateness of proposed audit opinions of high-risk audit engagements.
- **43.** To monitor quality at an individual audit level, Audit Scotland also carries out internal quality reviews of a sample of audits. Additionally, the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales (ICAEW) carries out independent quality reviews.
- **44.** Actions to address deficiencies identified by internal and external quality reviews are included in a rolling Quality Improvement Action Plan which is used to support continuous improvement. Progress with implementing planned actions is regularly monitored by Audit Scotland's Quality and Ethics Committee.
- **45.** Audit Scotland may periodically seek your views on the quality of our service provision. The team would also welcome feedback more informally at any time.

Redress Scotland

Annual Audit Plan 2023/24

Audit Scotland's published material is available for download on the website in a number of formats. For information on our accessibility principles, please visit:

www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/accessibility

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